

**ANNUAL NOTIFICATION
OF PARENT OR GUARDIAN
2016-2017**

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KEY TO CODE AND REGULATION SECTION ABBREVIATIONS

<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Complete Title</i>
EC	California Education Code
CE	<i>Código de Educación de California</i>
CC	Civil Code
CC	<i>Código Civil</i>
5 CCR	Title 5, California Code of Regulations
5 CRC	<i>Título 5, Código de Reglamentos de California</i>
HSC	California Health and Safety Code
CSS	<i>Código de Salud y Seguridad de California</i>
PC	California Penal Code
CP	<i>Código Penal de California</i>
VC	California Vehicle Code
CV	<i>Código de Vehículos de California</i>
WIC	California Welfare and Institutions Code
CBI	<i>Código de Bienestar e Instituciones de California</i>
34 CFR	Title 34, Code of Federal Regulations
34 CRF	<i>Título 34, Código de Reglamentos Federales</i>
40 CFR	Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations
40 CRF	<i>Título 40, Código de Reglamentos Federales</i>
USC	United States Code
CEEUU	<i>Código de los Estados Unidos</i>

NOTIFICATION CHANGES FOR 2016-2017

Below is a list of all the notification changes for the upcoming school year. Please refer to the page numbers indicated for the new or amended model language provided in both English and Spanish.

Pupil Attendance: Residency Requirements..... **Page 18**

SB 200 (Lara) provides residency for students who live with parent at place of employment for more than three days during the school week and parent is employed for a minimum of 10 hours during the school week, as well. Even if parent or legal guardian resides outside of the boundaries of the school district, an interdistrict permit is not required; residency henceforth is established.

EC 48204

Pupils: Educational Liaison for Foster Children..... **Page 23**

AB 224 (Jones-Sawyer) requires State Department of Education in consultation with the California Foster Youth Education Task Force, to develop a standardized notice of the educational rights of foster children, as specified, and to make the notice available to educational liaisons for foster children for dissemination by posting the notice on the Internet Web site.

EC 48204, 48645.5, 48853, and 48853.5, WIC 317 and 16010

Pupil Services: Lactation Accommodations..... **Pages 51-52**

AB 302 (Garcia) requires that if there is at least one lactating pupil on school campus, then reasonable accommodations be made to express breast milk, breast feed an infant, or address other needs related to breast-feeding.

EC 222

**Foster youth: homeless children or youth: complaint of noncompliance:
exemption from local graduation requirements.....** **Page 48**

AB 379 (Gordon) allows enforcement of education rights through the Uniform Complaint Procedure (UCP) for foster and homeless youth: immediate enrollment, remain in school of origin, enrollment in local comprehensive school, partial credits, graduation with state minimum requirements with possible fifth year/exemption from local graduation requirements, and access to academic resources, services and extracurricular activities.

EC 48853, 49069, and 51225

Pupil Instruction: Sexual Health Education..... **Page 37**

AB 329 (Weber) integrates the instruction of comprehensive sexual health education and HIV prevention education. Renames the California Comprehensive Sexual Health and HIV/AIDS Prevention Education Act the California Healthy Youth Act. Ensures that all pupils in grades 7 to 12, inclusive, receive comprehensive sexual health education and HIV prevention education, as specified. Revises the types of textbooks, instructions, and materials.

EC 51930, 51931, 51932, 51933, 51934, 51935, 51936, 51937, 51938, and 51939

Pupils: Suspension/Expulsion: Cyber Bullying..... **Page 71**

AB 881 (Garcia) requires that electronic acts may be means for suspension or recommendation for expulsion from a school with specific definitions of “electronic act” as either the creation or transmission of that communication, as specified.

EC 48900 (2) (A)

Note: See adjustment to Ed Code on pages 71-73 – changing “and” to “or”.

Juveniles: Court Order Required to Release Juvenile Information **Pages 63**
AB 899 (Levine) requires court order to disseminate juvenile information to, or by, federal officials. The attachment of juvenile information, including all juvenile case file and information related to the juvenile, along with any other documents may not be given to, or provided by, federal officials absent prior approval of the presiding judge of the juvenile court. **WIC 831**

Pupil School Enrollment: Residency Investigations **Page 53**
AB 1101 (Bonilla) requires governing board of school districts to adopt a policy to identify circumstances in which district may initiate an investigation and describe the investigatory methods that may be used, including whether the school district will employ an outside investigator. Photography and video-recording of pupils who are being investigated is prohibited. District must also provide an appeal process, as specified, and adopt the policy at a public meeting of the school board. **EC 48204.2**

Note: See sample checklist on page 112

Pupil Testing: California High School Exit Exam CAHSEE **Page 47**
SB 172 (Liu) suspends the requirement of the CAHSEE as a condition for receiving a diploma in completion of grade 12 for the school years, 2015-16, 2016-17, and 2017-18. This is retro-active to 2003-04 school year, and also requires school districts to grant a diploma to any pupil who completed grade 12 and has met all applicable graduation requirements other than passing the CAHSEE. **EC 60840**

Public Health: Immunizations **Page 27**
SB 277 (Huff) eliminates personal beliefs exemptions and requires existing specified immunizations to be completed prior to enrollment in school settings. A personal beliefs exemption on file at school prior to January 1, 2016 will continue to be valid until the student enters the next grade span at TK/K or 7th grade. This does not prohibit a student with an individualized education program from accessing special education and related services required in the student's IEP. This does not apply to students enrolled in a home-based private school or an independent study program with no classroom based instruction.

HSC 120325, 120335, 120 338, 120365, 120370, and 120375

Firearms: Gun-Free School Zone **Page 51**
SB 707 (Wolk) authorizes persons with a valid license to carry a concealed firearm to be allowed in an area within 1,000 feet of school, but not on school grounds. Reassignment of certain appointed peace officers who may carry on campus is described. Ammunition or reloaded ammunition is allowed on campus but only if in locked container in a locked trunk of vehicle. Peace keepers, military, and armored vehicle guards engaged in job duties are also defined and exempt. **PC 626.9 and 30310**

Morgan Hill Concerned Parents Association v. California Department of Education **Page 62**
United State District Court Decision: Notice of disclosure of student record. The FERPA and IDEA federal laws protect privacy of student records, but permit disclosure to comply with court order. On May 5, 2014, the Court issued a Protective Order that prevents any party from disclosing confidential information acquired in the course of the lawsuit, including student records, to anyone other than the parties, their attorneys and consultants, and the Court. If a parent or guardian, or student over age 18 should **object** to school records disclosure for this lawsuit, there is an opportunity to object. The objection is to be completed in writing no later than April 1, 2016, by

the person with educational rights over any student with disabilities who requested an assessment or who were assessed for special education eligibility, and children who are attending, or who have attended, a California school at any time since January 1, 2008.

Note: See Objection to Disclosure forms on pages 113-114

NOTIFICATION OF PARENT OR GUARDIAN

Note: This section is for information only. The notifications required by EC 48980 are individually listed and described in the Summary of Notifications.

EC 48980. Notice at beginning of term of rights and responsibilities; required content

- (a) At the beginning of the first semester or quarter of the regular school term, the governing board of each school district shall notify the parent or guardian of a minor pupil regarding the right or responsibility of the parent or guardian under Sections 35291, 46014, 48205, 48207, 48208, 49403, 49423, 49451, 49472, and 51938 and Chapter 2.3 (commencing with Section 32255) of Part 19 of Division 1 of Title 1.
- (b) The notification also shall advise the parent or guardian of the availability of individualized instruction as prescribed by Section 48206.3, and of the program prescribed by Article 9 (commencing with Section 49510) of Chapter 9.
- (c) The notification also shall advise the parents and guardians of all pupils attending a school within the school district of the schedule of minimum days and pupil-free staff development days, and if minimum or pupil-free staff development days are scheduled thereafter, the governing board of the district shall notify parents and guardians of the affected pupils as early as possible, but not later than one month before the scheduled minimum or pupil-free day.
- (d) The notification also may advise the parent or guardian of the importance of investing for future college or university education for their children and of considering appropriate investment options including, but not limited to, United States savings bonds.
- (e) The notification shall advise the parent or guardian of the pupil that each pupil completing grade 12 is required to successfully pass the high school exit examination administered pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 60850) of Part 33. The notification shall include, at a minimum, the date of the examination, the requirements for passing the examination, and shall inform the parents and guardians regarding the consequences of not passing the examination and shall inform parents and guardians that passing the examination is a condition of graduation.
- (f) Each school district that elects to provide a fingerprinting program pursuant to Article 10 (commencing with Section 32390) of Chapter 3 of Part 19 of Division 1 of Title 1 shall inform parents or guardians of the program as specified in Section 32390.
- (g) The notification also shall include a copy of the written policy of the school district on sexual harassment established pursuant to Section 231.5, as it relates to pupils.
- (h) The notification shall advise the parent or guardian of all existing statutory attendance options and local attendance options available in the school district. This notification component shall include all options for meeting residency requirements for school attendance, programmatic options offered within the local attendance areas, and any special programmatic options available on both an interdistrict and intradistrict basis. This notification component also shall include a description of all options, a description of the procedure for application for alternative attendance areas or programs, an application form from the district for requesting a change of attendance, and a description of the appeals process available, if any, for a parent or guardian denied a change of attendance. The notification component also shall include an explanation of the existing statutory attendance options including, but not limited to, those available under Section 35160.5, Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 46600) of Part 26, and subdivision (b) of Section 48204. The department shall produce this portion of the notification and shall distribute it to all school districts.

- (i) It is the intent of the Legislature that the governing board of each school district annually review the enrollment options available to the pupils within its district and that the districts strive to make available enrollment options that meet the diverse needs, potential, and interests of the pupils of California.
- (j) The notification shall advise the parent or guardian that a pupil shall not have his or her grade reduced or lose academic credit for any absence or absences excused pursuant to Section 48205 if missed assignments and tests that can reasonably be provided are satisfactorily completed within a reasonable period of time, and shall include the full text of Section 48205.
- (k) The notification shall advise the parent or guardian of the availability of state funds to cover the costs of advanced placement examination fees pursuant to Section 52244.
- (l) The notification to the parent or guardian of a minor pupil enrolled in any of grades 9 to 12, inclusive, also shall include the information required pursuant to Section 51229.
- (m) If a school district elects to allow a career technical education course to satisfy the requirement imposed by subparagraph (E) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 51225.3, the school district shall include, in the notification required pursuant to this section, both of the following:
 - (1) Information about the high school graduation requirements of the school district and how each requirement satisfies or does not satisfy the subject matter requirements for admission to the California State University and the University of California.
 - (2) A complete list of career technical education courses offered by the school district that satisfy the subject matter requirements for admission to the California State University and the University of California, and which of the specific college admission requirements these courses satisfy.

EC 48980.3. Notification of pesticides

The notification required pursuant to Section 48980 shall include information regarding pesticide products as specified in subdivision (a) of Section 17612.

EC 48981. Time and means of notification

The notice shall be provided at the time of registration for the first semester or quarter of the regular school term. The notice may be provided using any of the following methods:

- (a) By regular mail.
- (b) If a parent or guardian requests to receive the notice in electronic format, by providing access to the notice electronically. Notice provided in electronic format shall conform to the requirements of Section 48985.
- (c) By any other method normally used to communicate with the parents or guardians in writing.

EC 48982. Signature; return to school; effect of signature

- (a) The notice shall be signed by the parent or guardian and returned to the school. Signature of the notice is an acknowledgment by the parent or guardian that he or she has been informed of his or her rights but does not indicate that consent to participate in any particular program has either been given or withheld.
- (b) If the notice is provided in electronic format pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 48981, the parent or guardian shall submit to the school a signed acknowledgment of receipt of the notice.

EC 48983. Contents of notice

If any activity covered by the sections set forth in Section 48980 will be undertaken by the school during the forthcoming school term, the notice shall state that fact and shall also state the approximate date upon which any of such activities will occur.

EC 48984. Activities prohibited unless notice given

No school district shall undertake any activity covered by the sections set forth in Section 48980 with respect to any particular pupil unless the parent or guardian has been informed of such action pursuant to this article or has received separate special notification.

EC 48985. Notices to parents in language other than English; monitoring; notice to school districts

- (a) If 15 percent or more of the pupils enrolled in a public school that provides instruction in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, speak a single primary language other than English, as determined from the census data submitted to the department pursuant to Section 52164 in the preceding year, all notices, reports, statements, or records sent to the parent or guardian of any such pupil by the school or school district shall, in addition to being written in English, be written in the primary language, and may be responded to either in English or the primary language.
- (b) Pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 64001, the department shall monitor adherence to the requirements of subdivision (a) as part of its regular monitoring and review of public schools and school districts, commonly known as the Categorical Program Monitoring process, and shall determine the types of documents and languages a school district translates to a primary language other than English, the availability of these documents to parents or guardians who speak a primary language other than English, and the gaps in translations of these documents.
- (c) Based on census data submitted to the department pursuant to Section 52164 in the preceding fiscal year, the department shall notify a school district, by August 1 of each year, of the schools within the school district, and the primary language other than English, for which the translation of documents is required pursuant to subdivision (a). The department shall make that notification using electronic methods.
- (d) The department shall use existing resources to comply with subdivisions (b) and (c).

Note: The California Department of Education has established a Clearinghouse for Multilingual Documents to help schools meet state and federal requirements for document translation and parental notification, including other legislation. The Clearinghouse may be accessed at the following web address: <http://www.cde.ca.gov/Ls/pf/cm/>.

SUMMARY OF NOTIFICATIONS

2016-2017

Special thanks to:

Dina Wilson, Director II, LACOE Charter School Office for her assistance in providing the recommendations for charter schools.

Vicente Bravo, Project Director III, Ana Cerón, Secretary-Bilingual Spanish and Maria Escobar, Secretary-Bilingual Spanish from LACOE Child Welfare and Attendance Unit for all the Spanish translations.

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ALL SCHOOLS AND DISTRICTS

Asbestos Management Plan – 40 CFR 763.93

Plan de Manejo de Asbestos – 40 CRF 763.93

Requires the school district, at least once each school year, to notify in writing parent, teacher, and employee organizations of the availability of a complete, updated management plan for asbestos-containing material in school buildings and shall include in the management plan a description of the steps taken to notify such organizations, and a dated copy of the notification.

The _____ School District maintains and annually updates its management plan for asbestos-containing material in school buildings. For a copy of the asbestos management plan, please contact _____.

El Distrito Escolar de _____ mantiene información que anualmente pone al día sobre el plan de mantenimiento de los edificios escolares que contienen asbestos. Para una copia del plan de manejo de asbestos, por favor comuníquese con _____.

Attendance Options/Permits – EC 48980(h)

Opciones de Asistencia/Permisos – CE 48980(h)

EC 48980(h): Requires the annual notification to advise parents or guardians of all existing statutory attendance options and local attendance options available in the school district, including all options for meeting residency requirements for school attendance, programmatic options offered within the local attendance areas, and any special programmatic options available on both an interdistrict and intradistrict basis.

Notification to include a description of all options, a description of the procedure for application to alternative attendance areas or programs, an application form from the district for requesting a change of attendance, and a description of the appeals process available, if any, for a parent or guardian denied a change of attendance.

Notification to also include an explanation of the existing statutory attendance options including, but not limited to, those available under EC 35160.5, 46600 *et seq.*, 48204(b), 48300 *et seq.*, and 48350 *et seq.*

Residency Requirements – EC 48204

Provides that a pupil complies with a school district's residency requirements in instances where the pupil's parent or legal guardian resides outside of the boundaries of that school district but is employed and lives with the pupil at the place of his or her employment within the boundaries of the school district for a minimum of 3 days during the school week. By requiring a school district to allow those pupils to attend a public school within the school district, thereby increasing the duties of a school district, imposes a state-mandated local program.

Note: The following is a summary of the existing statutory attendance options only.

Residency – EC 48200 and 48204

A minor between the ages of 6 and 18 years is subject to compulsory education and, unless exempted, must enroll in school in the school district in which the residence of either the parent or legal guardian is located.

A pupil may alternatively comply with the residency requirements for school attendance in a school district, if he or she is any of the following: placed in a foster home or licensed children's institution within the boundaries of the school district pursuant to a commitment of placement under the Welfare and Institutions Code; a pupil who is a foster child who remains in his or her school of origin; an emancipated pupil who resides within the boundaries of the school district; a pupil who lives in the

home of a caregiving adult that is located within the boundaries of the school district; or a pupil residing in a state hospital located within the boundaries of the school district.

A school district may also deem a pupil as having complied with the residency requirements for school attendance in the school district if one or both the parents or legal guardians of the pupil are physically employed within the boundaries of the school district for a minimum of 10 hours during the school week.

Residency is established when a pupil's parent or legal guardian resides outside of the boundaries of that school district but is employed and lives with the pupil at the place of his or her employment within the boundaries of the school district for a minimum of 3 days during the school week.

Residencia – CE 48200 y 48204

Un menor entre las edades de 6 y 18 está sujeto a recibir educación obligatoria y, a menos que sea exento, se debe inscribir en la escuela en el distrito escolar en el cual se localice la residencia de cualquiera de los dos padres o tutor legal.

Un alumno puede cumplir alternativamente con los requisitos de residencia para asistencia escolar en un distrito escolar, si él o ella es cualquiera de los siguientes: ubicado en un hogar adoptivo o institución licenciada de niños dentro de los límites del distrito escolar de acuerdo con un compromiso de ubicación bajo el Código de Bienestar e Instituciones; un alumno que es un hijo de crianza que permanece en su escuela de origen; un alumno emancipado que reside dentro de los límites del distrito escolar; un alumno que vive en el domicilio de un adulto que proporcione el cuidado que esté localizado dentro de los límites del distrito escolar; o un alumno que reside en un hospital estatal localizado dentro de los límites del distrito.

Un distrito escolar también puede considerar que un alumno ha cumplido con los requisitos de residencia en el distrito escolar si uno o ambos padres o tutores legales del alumno trabaja(n) físicamente dentro de los límites del distrito escolar por un mínimo de 10 horas durante la semana escolar.

La residencia se establece cuando el padre de un alumno o tutor legal reside fuera de los límites de ese distrito escolar, pero trabaja y vive con el alumno en el lugar de su empleo dentro de los límites del distrito escolar durante un mínimo de 3 días durante la semana escolar.

Interdistrict Attendance – EC 46600 et seq.

The parent or legal guardian of a pupil may seek release from the home district to attend a school in any other school district. School districts may enter into agreements for the interdistrict transfer of one or more pupils for a period of up to five years. The agreement must specify the terms and conditions for granting or denying transfers, and may contain standards of reapplication and specify the terms and conditions under which a permit may be revoked. Unless otherwise specified in the agreement, a pupil will not have to reapply for an interdistrict transfer, and the school board of the district of enrollment must allow the pupil to continue to attend the school in which he/she is enrolled.

A pupil who has been determined by personnel of either the home or receiving district to have been the victim of an act of bullying, as defined in EC 48900(r), shall, at the request of the parent or legal guardian, be given priority for interdistrict attendance under any existing agreement or, in the absence of an agreement, be given additional consideration for the creation of an interdistrict attendance agreement.

Asistencia Interdistrital – CE 46600 et seq.

El padre o tutor legal de un alumno puede solicitar un permiso de salida de su distrito de residencia para asistir a una escuela en cualquier otro distrito escolar. Los distritos escolares pueden firmar un contrato para el traslado interdistrital de uno o más alumnos por un período de hasta cinco años. El contrato debe especificar los términos y las condiciones para aprobar o denegar traslados, y puede contener normas para volver a solicitar y especificar los términos y las condiciones bajo las cuales puede revocarse un permiso. A menos que se especifique lo contrario en el contrato, un

alumno no tendrá que volver a solicitar un traslado interdistrital y la mesa directiva del distrito escolar de inscripción debe permitir al alumno a seguir asistiendo a la escuela en la que está inscrita.

Un alumno que ha sido determinado por el personal del distrito de residencia o de inscripción preferida haber sido víctima de un acto de acoso, como se define en CE 48900(r), deberá, a petición del padre o el tutor legal, darse prioridad para asistencia interdistrital bajo cualquier acuerdo que existe o, en ausencia de un acuerdo, consideración adicional para la creación de un acuerdo de asistencia interdistrital.

District of Choice – EC 48300 et seq.

Some school districts may choose to become a district of choice, that is, a district that accepts transfer students from outside the district under the terms of a resolution. A school board that decides to become a district of choice must determine the number of transfers it is willing to accept and make sure that students are selected through a “random and unbiased” process, which generally means a lottery process. Students must request transfer into a district of choice by January 1 of the prior school year. A modified application process is available for relocated military personnel.

Distrito de Elección – CE 48300 et seq.

Algunos distritos escolares pueden optar convertirse en un distrito de elección, es decir, un distrito que acepta estudiantes traspasados fuera del distrito bajo los términos de un acuerdo. Una mesa directiva escolar que decide convertirse en un distrito de elección debe determinar el número de traslados que está dispuesta a aceptar y asegurar que los estudiantes sean seleccionados a través de un proceso “aleatorio e imparcial,” lo cual generalmente significa un proceso de lotería. Los estudiantes deben solicitar el traslado a un distrito de elección para el 1º de enero del año escolar anterior. Un proceso modificado de aplicación está disponible para personal militar traspasado.

Availability of Prospectus – EC 49063 and 49091.14

Disponibilidad de Prospecto – CE 49063 y 49091.14

Requires each school to compile annually a prospectus of the curriculum including titles, descriptions and instructional aims of every course offered by the school. Prospectus to be reproduced and made available, upon request by parent or guardian, for inspection.

Each school must annually compile a prospectus of the curriculum to include titles, descriptions and instructional goals for every course offered by the school. Please contact _____ for a copy of the prospectus.

Cada escuela debe compilar anualmente un prospecto del plan de estudios incluyendo títulos, descripciones y propósitos de enseñanza para cada curso ofrecido por la escuela. Por favor comuníquese con _____ para una copia del prospecto.

Career Counseling & Course Selection – EC 221.5(d)

Consejo de Profesión y Selección de Curso – CE 221.5(d)

Requires the parents or legal guardian of a pupil to be notified in a general manner at least once in the annual notification, in advance of career counseling and course selection commencing with course selection for grade 7, so that the parent or guardian may participate in the counseling sessions and decisions.

Note: Does not apply to K-6 school districts.

Commencing grade 7, school personnel shall assist pupils with course selection or career counseling, exploring the possibility of careers, or courses leading to careers based on the interest and ability of the pupil and not on the pupil’s gender. Parents or legal guardians are notified so that they may participate in such counseling sessions and decisions.

Empezando desde el grado 7, personal de la escuela asistirá a los alumnos con la selección de curso o el consejo de profesión, investigando la posibilidad de carreras, o cursos que llevan a carreras basados en el interés y la habilidad del alumno y no en el sexo del alumno. Los padres y tutores legales serán notificados para que puedan participar en tales sesiones de consejo y decisiones.

Child Find System – EC 56301; 20USC1401(3); 1412(a)(3); 34CFR300.111(c)(d)***Sistema de Buscar y Servir – CE 56301; 20USC1401(3); 1412(a)(3); 34CFR300.111(c)(d)***

Requires the special education local plan area (SELPA) to establish written policy and procedures for continuous child find system including children with disabilities who are migrant or homeless or wards of the state and children with disabilities attending private schools. Policy and procedures to include written notification to all parents of their rights regarding identification, referral, assessment, instructional planning, implementation, review, and procedures for initiating referral for assessment.

Note: The district's local SELPA can provide appropriate and specific language to meet this notification requirement.

Concussion and Head Injuries – EC 49475***Conmoción Cerebral y Heridas a la Cabeza – CE 49475***

Requires, on a yearly basis, a concussion and head injury information sheet to be signed and returned by the athlete and the athlete's parent or guardian before the athlete initiates practice or competition. These provisions would not apply to an athlete engaged in an athletic activity during the regular schoolday or as part of a physical education course. A revised sample information sheet is provided on pages 100-103.

A concussion is a brain injury that can be caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head, or by a blow to another part of the body with the force transmitted to the head. Even though most concussions are mild, all concussions are potentially serious and may result in complications including prolonged brain damage and death if not recognized and managed properly. A school district, charter school, or private school that elects to offer an athletic program must immediately remove from a school-sponsored athletic activity for the remainder of the day an athlete who is suspected of sustaining a concussion or head injury during that activity. The athlete may not return to that activity until he or she is evaluated by, and receives written clearance from, a licensed health care provider. If the licensed health care provider determines the athlete has a concussion or head injury, the athlete shall also complete a graduated return-to-play protocol of no less than 7 days in duration under the supervision of a licensed health care provider. On a yearly basis, a concussion and head injury information sheet must be signed and returned by the athlete and the athlete's parent or guardian before the athlete initiates practice or competition. This requirement does not apply to an athlete engaging in an athletic activity during the regular schoolday or as part of a physical education course.

Una conmoción cerebral es una lesión cerebral que puede ser causada por un golpe ligero, un golpe fuerte o un movimiento repentino de la cabeza, o por un golpe a otra parte del cuerpo con fuerza que se transmite a la cabeza. Aunque la mayoría de las conmociones cerebrales son de poca seriedad, todas las conmociones cerebrales son potencialmente graves y pueden provocar complicaciones incluyendo daño cerebral prolongado y la muerte si no son reconocidos y administrados correctamente. Un distrito escolar, una escuela charter, o una escuela privada que elige ofrecer un programa atlético debe sacar inmediatamente de una actividad atlética patrocinada por la escuela para el resto del día un deportista que se sospecha de haber sufrido una conmoción cerebral o herida a la cabeza durante esa actividad. El atleta no podrá volver a esa actividad hasta que él o ella sea evaluada por y reciba autorización escrita de un proveedor autorizado de cuidado de la salud. Si un proveedor de cuidado de la salud determina que el deportista ha sufrido una conmoción cerebral o una herida a la cabeza, el deportista deberá completar un protocolo gradual de regreso al juego de no menos de 7 días de duración bajo la supervisión de un proveedor autorizado de cuidado de la salud. Cada año, una hoja de información sobre conmoción cerebral y heridas a la cabeza debe ser firmada y devuelta por el atleta y el parent o tutor del atleta antes de que el atleta inicie una práctica o competencia. Este requisito no se aplica a un atleta que participa en una actividad atlética durante el día escolar o como parte de un curso de educación física.

Confidential Medical Services – EC 46010.1

Servicios Médicos Confidenciales – CE 46010.1

A school district each academic year must notify pupils in grades 7 to 12, and the parents or guardians of all pupils enrolled in the district, that school authorities may excuse any pupil from the school for the purpose of obtaining confidential medical services without the consent of the pupil's parent or guardian. Notice may be included with any other notice given pursuant to Education Code.

The California Attorney General in November 2004, opined that a school district may not adopt a policy under which the district will notify a parent when a pupil leaves school to obtain confidential medical services, nor may a district require a pupil obtain written parental consent prior to releasing pupil from school to receive confidential medical services.

Note: Does not apply to K-6 school districts.

School authorities may excuse any pupil in grades 7-12 from the school for the purpose of obtaining confidential medical services without the consent of the pupil's parent or guardian.

Las autoridades escolares pueden excusar cualquier alumno en grados 7-12 de la escuela para recibir servicios médicos confidenciales sin el consentimiento del padre o tutor del alumno.

Directory Information – EC 49073

Directorio de Información – CE 49073

Requires notice to parents or guardians, on an annual basis, of the categories of directory information that the school plans to release and of the persons or agencies who may receive such information. Authorizes parents to preclude release by notifying the school district. A revised sample form of the release of directory information is provided on pages 90-91.

“Directory Information” includes one or more of the following items: student’s name, address, telephone number, e-mail address, date of birth, major field of study, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, weight and height of members of athletic teams, dates of attendance, degrees and awards received, and the most recent public or private school attended by the student. The District has determined that the following individuals, officials, or organizations may receive directory information: XXX

No information may be released to private profit making entity other than employers, prospective employers and representatives of the news media, including, but not limited to, newspapers, magazines, and radio and television stations. Directory information may be disclosed without prior consent from the parent or legal guardian unless the parent or legal guardian submits a written notice to the school to deny access to his/her pupil’s directory information. Directory information regarding a pupil identified as a homeless child or youth shall not be released unless a parent, or eligible pupil ***, has provided written consent that directory information may be released.

“Directorio de Información” incluye uno o más de los siguientes: nombre del estudiante, domicilio, número de teléfono, dirección de correo electrónico, fecha de nacimiento, campo principal de estudio, participación en actividades y deportes oficialmente reconocidos, peso y estatura de los miembros de equipos atléticos, fechas de asistencia, títulos y reconocimientos recibidos, y la escuela pública o privada a la que más recientemente asistió el estudiante. El Distrito ha determinado que los siguientes individuos, oficiales, u organizaciones pueden recibir el directorio de información: XXX Ninguna información podrá ser divulgada a entidad privada lucrativa aparte de empleadores, posibles empleadores y representantes de los medios de comunicación, incluyendo, pero no limitado a, periódicos, revistas, y emisoras de radio y televisión. El directorio de información puede ser divulgado sin previo consentimiento del padre o tutor legal a menos que el padre o tutor legal presente un aviso escrito a la escuela para denegar acceso al directorio de información de su estudiante. El directorio de información con relación a un estudiante identificado como un niño o un joven sin un hogar no podrá ser divulgado a menos que el parent, o un estudiante elegible, haya proporcionado un consentimiento por escrito para que el directorio de información pueda ser divulgado.

Educational Liaison for Foster Children – EC 48204, 48645.5, 48853, and 48853.5, WIC 317 and 16010

Requires the State Department of Education, in consultation with the California Foster Youth Education Task Force, to develop a standardized notice of the educational rights of foster children, as specified, and to make the notice available to educational liaisons for foster children for dissemination by posting the notice on its Internet Web site.

Note: Post CDE information on district web site when notice is received.

Emergency Treatment for Anaphylaxis – EC 49414

Tratamiento de Emergencia para Anafilaxia – CE 49414

Requires school districts, county offices of education, and charter schools to provide emergency epinephrine auto-injectors to school nurses and trained personnel and authorizes them to use epinephrine auto-injectors to provide emergency medical aid to persons suffering or reasonably believed to be suffering from a life-threatening severe allergic reaction (anaphylaxis).

Anaphylaxis is a severe and potentially life-threatening allergic reaction that can occur after encountering an allergic trigger, such as food, medicine, an insect bite, latex or exercise. Symptoms include narrowing of the airways, rashes or hives, nausea or vomiting, a weak pulse and dizziness. It is estimated that approximately 25% of the anaphylactic reactions occur during school hours to students who had not previously been diagnosed with a food or other allergy. Without immediate administration of epinephrine followed by calling emergency medical services, death can occur. Being able to recognize and treat it quickly can save lives. Recent changes to EC 49414 now require school districts to provide epinephrine auto-injectors to school nurses and trained personnel and authorizes them to use epinephrine auto-injectors for any student who may be experiencing anaphylaxis, regardless of known history.

Anafilaxia es una severa y potencialmente mortal reacción alérgica que puede ocurrir después de haber sido expuesto a un elemento que provoca alergias tal como la comida, medicina, picadura de insecto, látex o el ejercicio. Síntomas incluyen el estrechamiento de las vías respiratorias, salpullido o urticaria, náusea o vómito, pulso débil y mareo. Se estima que aproximadamente 25% de las reacciones anafilácticas ocurren durante las horas escolares a estudiantes que previamente no han sido diagnosticados con alergias de comida u otras cosas. Sin la suministración inmediata de epinefrina seguida por una llamada a los servicios médicos de emergencia, puede resultar en la muerte del estudiante. El poder reconocer y tratar de inmediato puede salvar vidas. Cambios recientes al EC 49414 ahora requiere que distritos escolares provean epinefrina auto-inyectable a las enfermeras de las escuelas y personal capacitado y los autoriza a usar epinefrina auto-inyectable con cualquier estudiante que puede estar sufriendo de anafilaxia, sin tener que tomar cuenta el historial médico conocido.

Excused Absences – EC 46014 and 48205

Ausencias Justificadas – CE 46014 y 48205

EC 48980(a): At the beginning of the first semester or quarter of the regular school term, the governing board of each school district shall notify the parent or guardian of a minor pupil regarding the right or responsibility of the parent or guardian under Sections 46014 and 48205.

EC 48980(j): Requires the annual notification to advise the parent or guardian that no pupil may have his or her grade reduced or lose academic credit for any absence or absences excused under EC 48205, if missed assignments and tests that can reasonably be provided are satisfactorily completed within a reasonable period of time. Requires the full text of EC 48205 be included in the annual notification.

Pupils, with the written consent of their parents or guardians, may be excused from school in order to participate in religious exercises or to receive moral or religious instruction.

No pupil shall have his or her grade reduced or lose academic credit for any excused absence or absences, if missed assignments and tests that can reasonably be provided are satisfactorily completed within a reasonable period of time.

- (a) Notwithstanding Section 48200, a pupil shall be excused from school when the absence is:
 - (1) Due to his or her illness.
 - (2) Due to quarantine under the direction of a county or city health officer.
 - (3) For the purpose of having medical, dental, optometrical, or chiropractic services rendered.
 - (4) For the purpose of attending the funeral services of a member of his or her immediate family, so long as the absence is not more than one day if the service is conducted in California and not more than three days if the service is conducted outside California.
 - (5) For the purpose of jury duty in the manner provided for by law.
 - (6) Due to the illness or medical appointment during school hours of a child of whom the pupil is the custodial parent.
 - (7) For justifiable personal reasons, including, but not limited to, an appearance in court, attendance at a funeral service, observance of a holiday or ceremony of his or her religion, attendance at religious retreats, attendance at an employment conference, or attendance at an educational conference on the legislative or judicial process offered by a nonprofit organization when the pupil's absence is requested in writing by the parent or guardian and approved by the principal or a designated representative pursuant to uniform standards established by the governing board.
 - (8) For the purpose of serving as a member of a precinct board for an election pursuant to Section 12302 of the Elections Code.
 - (9) For the purpose of spending time with a member of the pupil's immediate family, who is an active duty member of the uniformed services, as defined in EC § 49701, and has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or has immediately returned from, deployment to a combat zone or combat support position. Absences granted pursuant to this paragraph shall be granted for a period of time to be determined at the discretion of the superintendent of the school district.
- (b) A pupil absent from school under this section shall be allowed to complete all assignments and tests missed during the absence that can be reasonably provided and, upon satisfactory completion within a reasonable period of time, shall be given full credit therefore. The teacher of the class from which a pupil is absent shall determine which tests and assignments shall be reasonably equivalent to, but not necessarily identical to, the tests and assignments that the pupil missed during the absence.
- (c) For purposes of this section, attendance at religious retreats shall not exceed four hours per semester.
- (d) Absences pursuant to this section are deemed to be absences in computing average daily attendance and shall not generate state apportionment payments.
- (e) "Immediate family," as used in this section, has the same meaning as that set forth in Section 45194, except that references therein to "employee" shall be deemed to be references to "pupil."

Alumnos, con consentimiento por escrito de sus padres o tutores legales, podrán ser dispensados de la escuela para participar en ejercicios de la religión o para recibir enseñanza moral o religiosa.

A ningún alumno se le podrá bajar de calificación o quitar crédito académico por ausencia(s) justificada(s), si las tareas y exámenes faltantes que se puedan proveer razonablemente son completadas satisfactoriamente dentro de un periodo de tiempo razonable.

- (a) *No obstante a la Sección 48200, un alumno deberá ser dispensado de la escuela cuando la ausencia sea:*
 - (1) *Debida a una enfermedad de él o ella.*
 - (2) *Debida a cuarentena bajo la supervisión de un oficial de la salud del condado o de la ciudad.*
 - (3) *Para el propósito de recibir servicios médicos, dentales, de los optometristas o quiroprácticos.*
 - (4) *Para el propósito de asistir a los servicios funerarios de un miembro de su familia inmediata, siempre y cuando la ausencia no sea por más de un día si los servicios funerarios son en California o no más de tres días si los servicios funerarios son fuera de California.*
 - (5) *Para el propósito de actuar como jurado en la manera que provee la ley.*

- (6) Debida a enfermedad o cita médica durante horas escolares de un niño del cual el estudiante es el padre custodio.
 - (7) Por razones personales justificables, incluyendo, pero no limitada a, una comparecencia ante el tribunal, asistencia a los servicios funerarios, prácticas de un día festivo o ceremonia de su religión, asistencia a retiros religiosos, asistencia a conferencias de empleo, o asistencia a una conferencia educativa sobre el proceso legislativo o judicial ofrecido por una organización no lucrativa cuando el padre o tutor legal ha hecho una petición por escrito para la ausencia del alumno y ha sido autorizada por el director o representante asignado de acuerdo a las normas uniformes establecidas por la mesa directiva.
 - (8) Con el propósito de servir como un miembro de un distrito electoral para una elección de acuerdo a la Sección 12302 del Código Electoral.
 - (9) Con el propósito de pasar el tiempo con un miembro de la familia inmediata del alumno, que es un miembro activo de los servicios uniformados, según lo definido en el CE § 49701, y, ha sido llamado al servicio, está de licencia, o ha regresado de forma inmediata, del despliegue a una zona de combate o de una posición de apoyo táctico. Las ausencias concedidas conforme a este párrafo serán concedidas por un período de tiempo que se determinará a la discreción del superintendente del distrito escolar.
- (b) A un alumno ausente de la escuela bajo esta sección se le debe permitir completar todas las tareas y exámenes perdidos durante la ausencia que puedan ser proveídos razonablemente y, al completarlas satisfactoriamente dentro de un período de tiempo razonable, le deberán dar crédito completo. El maestro de la clase de la que el alumno estuvo ausente determinará cuales exámenes y tareas serán razonablemente equivalentes, pero no necesariamente idénticas a, los exámenes y tareas que el estudiante perdió durante la ausencia.
- (c) Para el propósito de esta sección, la asistencia a retiros religiosos no debe exceder de cuatro horas por semestre.
- (d) Las ausencias de acuerdo a esta sección se consideran ausencias al computarizar el promedio de asistencia diaria y no generará pagos distribuidos por el estado.
- (e) "Familia Inmediata," como se usa en esta sección, tiene el mismo significado que en la Sección 45194, salvo que las referencias allí a "empleado" se deben considerar referencias a "alumno."

Free and Reduced-price Meals – EC 49510 et seq.

Comidas Gratuitas y Precios Reducidos – CE 49510 et seq.

EC 48980(b): Requires the annual notification to advise the parent or guardian of the program of free and reduced-price meals prescribed by EC 49510 et seq.

EC 49520: Requires the school district to provide annual notification of the availability of the program to provide nutritious meals at school for pupils in receipt of public assistance.

Free or reduced-price lunches are available at school for pupils whose parents or legal guardians qualify, based on annual household income, and complete the required application form. Application forms may be obtained through _____.

Comidas gratuitas y precios reducidos están disponibles en la escuela para los alumnos cuyos padres o tutores legales califiquen, basado en los ingresos anuales de la casa, y completen la aplicación requerida. Los formularios se pueden obtener a través de _____.

Note: Alternatively, to meet this requirement, the district may consider including a meal benefits application and informational letter about the program requirements with the annual notification.

Harm or Destruction of Animals – EC 32255 et seq.

Uso Dañino o Destructivo de los Animales – CE 32255 et. Seq.

EC 48980(a): At the beginning of the first semester or quarter of the regular school term, the school district shall notify the parent or guardian of a minor pupil regarding the right or responsibility of the parent or guardian under Chapter 2.3 (commencing with Section 32255) of Part 19. A sample opt-out form is provided on pages 94-97.

Any pupil with a moral objection to dissecting or otherwise harming or destroying an animal, or any part thereof, must inform his or her teacher of the objection. Objections must be substantiated by a note from the pupil's parent or guardian.

A pupil who chooses to refrain from participation in an education project involving the harmful or destructive use of an animal may receive an alternative education project, if the teacher believes that an adequate alternative education project is possible. The teacher may work with the pupil to develop and agree upon an alternative education project so that the pupil may obtain the knowledge, information, or experience required by the course of study in question.

Cualquier alumno con objeción moral para desmembrar o de otra manera dañar o destruir un animal, o cualquier parte del mismo, deberá notificar a su maestro de la objeción. Las objeciones deben ser confirmadas por una nota escrita por el parent o tutor del estudiante.

Un alumno que decide no participar en un proyecto educacional que consiste en el uso dañino o destructivo de un animal puede recibir un proyecto educacional alternativo, si el maestro cree que hay un proyecto alternativo que es aceptable. El maestro trabajará con el alumno para desarrollar y llegar a un acuerdo sobre un proyecto alternativo educacional para que el alumno pueda recibir el conocimiento, información o experiencia requerida por los estudios en cuestión.

Homeless Youth Education – 42 US 11432, EC 48853, 49069, 51225.1 and 51225.2

Requires every local education agency to appoint a homeless liaison to ensure parents of homeless pupils are informed of educational and related opportunities available to their children and are provided with meaningful opportunities to participate in education of their children. Unaccompanied youth, such as teen parents not living with their parent/guardian or students that have run away or have been pushed out of their homes, have access to these same rights. Notification may address:

1. Liaison contact information.
2. Circumstances for eligibility (*e.g.*, living in a shelter, a motel, hotel, a house or apartment with more than one family because of economic hardship or loss, in an abandoned building, in a car, at a campground, or on the street, in temporary foster care or with an adult who is not your parent or guardian, in substandard housing, or with friends or family because you are a runaway, unaccompanied, or migrant youth).
3. Right to immediate enrollment in school of origin or school where currently residing without proof of residency, immunization records or tuberculosis skin-test results, school records, or legal guardianship papers.
4. Right to education and other services (*e.g.*, to participate fully in all school activities and programs for which child is eligible, to qualify automatically for nutrition programs, to receive transportation services, and to contact liaison to resolve disputes that arise during enrollment).
5. Right to be notified of possibility of graduating within four years with reduced state requirements, if the homeless student transferred after the second year of high school, is credit deficient, and will not be able to graduate on time with local district requirements.
6. Right for district to accept partial credits for courses that have been satisfactorily completed by the homeless student.

Notice of educational rights of homeless children must be disseminated at places where children receive services, such as schools, shelters, and soup kitchens. A revised sample notice is provided on pages 104-105.

Immunizations – HSC 120325, 120335, 120338, 120365, 120370, and 120375

Eliminates the exemption from existing specified immunization requirements based upon personal beliefs, but would allow exemption from future immunization requirements deemed appropriate by the State Department of Public Health for either medical reasons or personal beliefs. Exempts pupils in a home-based private school and students enrolled in an independent study program and who do not receive classroom-based instruction, pursuant to specified law from the prohibition described above. Allows pupils who, prior to January 1, 2016, have a letter or affidavit on file at a private or public elementary or secondary school, child day care center, day nursery, nursery school, family day care home, or development center stating beliefs opposed to immunization, to be enrolled in any private or public elementary or secondary school, child day care center, day nursery, nursery school, family day care home, or development center within the state until the pupil enrolls in the next grade span, as defined. Except as under the circumstances described above, on and after July 1, 2016, prohibits a governing authority from unconditionally admitting to any of those institutions for the first time or admitting or advancing any pupil to the 7th grade level, unless the pupil has been immunized as required by the bill. Specifies that its provisions do not prohibit a pupil who qualifies for an individualized education program, pursuant to specified laws, from accessing any special education and related services required by his or her individualized education program. Narrows the authorization for temporary exclusion from a school or other institution to make it applicable only to a child who has been exposed to a specified disease and whose documentary proof of immunization status does not show proof of immunization against one of the diseases described above. Makes conforming changes to related provisions.

Students must be immunized against certain communicable diseases. Students are prohibited from attending school unless immunization requirements are met for age and grade. The school district shall cooperate with local health officials in measures necessary for the prevention and control of communicable diseases in school age children. The district may use any funds, property, or personnel and may permit any person licensed as a physician or registered nurse to administer an immunizing agent to any student whose parents have consented in writing.

Beginning January 1, 2016, parents of students in any school, will no longer be allowed to submit a personal beliefs exemption to a currently required vaccine. A personal beliefs exemption on file at school prior to January 1, 2016 will continue to be valid until the student enters the next grade span at kindergarten (including transitional kindergarten) or 7th grade.

Students are not required to have immunizations if they attend a home-based private school or an independent study program and do not receive classroom-based instruction. However, parents must continue to provide immunizations records for these students to their schools.

The immunization requirements do not prohibit students from accessing special education and related services required by their individualized education programs.

A student not fully immunized may be temporarily excluded from a school or other institution when that child has been exposed to a specified disease and whose documentary proof of immunization status does not show proof of immunization against one of the communicable diseases described above.

Los estudiantes deben ser inmunizados contra ciertas enfermedades transmisibles. Se les prohíbe a los estudiantes asistir a la escuela a menos que se cumplan los requisitos de vacunación para la edad y el grado. El distrito escolar deberá cooperar con las autoridades de salud locales en las medidas necesarias para la prevención y control de enfermedades transmisibles en los niños de edad escolar. El distrito puede usar cualquier fondo, propiedad o personal y puede permitir a cualquier persona con licencia de un médico o una enfermera registrada para administrar un agente de inmunización a cualquier estudiante cuyos padres hayan dado su consentimiento por escrito. A partir del 1 de enero de 2016, a los padres de los estudiantes de cualquier escuela, ya no se les permitirá presentar una exención por creencias personales a una vacuna que actualmente se exige. Una exención por creencias personales en los archivos de la escuela antes del 1 de enero

de 2016 seguirá siendo válida hasta que el estudiante entre al siguiente grado en kindergarten (incluyendo el kindergarten de transición) o 7º grado.

Los estudiantes no están obligados a tener las vacunas si asisten a una escuela privada en el hogar o un programa de estudios independientes y no reciben instrucción en el aula. Sin embargo, los padres deben seguir proporcionando registros de inmunizaciones para estos estudiantes a sus escuelas. Los requisitos de inmunización no prohíben a los estudiantes el acceso a la educación especial y servicios relacionados requeridos por sus programas educativos individualizados.

Un estudiante que no tenga todas las vacunas puede ser excluido temporalmente de una escuela u otra institución cuando el niño/a haya sido expuesto a una enfermedad específica y cuyos documentos no prueben muestra de vacunación contra una de las enfermedades transmisibles descritas anteriormente.

[The following text is optional.]

State law requires the following immunizations before a child may attend school:

- (a) All new students, in transitional kindergarten through grade 12, to the _____ School District must provide proof of polio, diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, measles, mumps, rubella, and varicella immunizations.
- (b) All transitional kindergarten and kindergarten students must also provide proof of vaccination against hepatitis B.
- (c) All seventh grade students must also provide proof of a second *** **measles-containing vaccine, and a pertussis booster vaccine.**

Free- or low-cost immunizations for children are available at _____. Please call _____ for information.

Information about a medical exemption or personal beliefs exemption from immunizations for your student is available at _____.

La ley estatal requiere las siguientes inmunizaciones antes de que un niño pueda asistir a la escuela:

- (a) *Todos los nuevos estudiantes, de kínder transicional al grado 12, en el Distrito Escolar de _____ deben proveer prueba de las inmunizaciones contra la poliomielitis, difteria, tos ferina, tétanos, sarampión, paperas, rubéola y varicela.*
- (b) *Todos los estudiantes en el kínder transicional o kínder también deben proveer prueba de las vacunas contra la hepatitis B.*
- (c) *Todos los estudiantes en el séptimo grado también deben proveer prueba de la segunda vacuna que contiene sarampión y una vacuna de refuerzo de tosferina.*

Se pueden conseguir inmunizaciones gratuitas o económicas para los niños _____. Por favor llame a _____ para más información.

Información sobre exención de la inmunización por motivos médicos o religiosos para su estudiante está disponible _____.

Instruction for Pupils with Temporary Disabilities – EC 48206.3, 48207 and 48208

Instrucción para los Estudiantes con Discapacidades Temporales – CE 48206.3, 48207 y 48208

EC 48980(b): Requires the annual notification to advise the parent or guardian of the availability of individualized instruction as prescribed by EC 48206.3, 48207 and 48208.

A pupil with a temporary disability which makes attendance in the regular day classes or the alternative educational program in which the pupil is enrolled impossible or inadvisable may receive individualized instruction provided in the pupil's home for one hour a day. Please contact _____ for further information.

Un alumno con una discapacidad temporal que hace que su asistencia a las clases regulares del día o al programa de educación alternativa en el cual el alumno está inscrito sea imposible o poco aconsejable deberá recibir enseñanza individualizada proporcionada en la casa del alumno por una hora al día. Por favor comuníquese con _____ para más información.

A pupil with a temporary disability, who is in a hospital or other residential health facility, excluding a state hospital, may be deemed to have complied with the residency requirements for school attendance in the school district in which the hospital is located.

It is the responsibility of the parent or guardian to notify the school district in which the hospital or other residential health facility is located of the presence of a pupil with a temporary disability. Upon receipt of the notification, the district will within five working days determine whether the pupil will be able to receive individualized instruction pursuant to EC 48206.3 and, if so, provide the instruction within five working days or less.

Un alumno con discapacidades temporales, el cual está en un hospital u otro internado de salud, excluyendo un hospital estatal, se considerará haber cumplido con los requisitos de residencia para asistencia escolar en el distrito escolar en que está localizado el hospital.

Es la responsabilidad del padre o tutor notificar al distrito escolar en cual hospital u otro internado de salud esté localizado de la presencia del alumno con una discapacidad temporal. Al recibir la notificación, el distrito determinará dentro de cinco días hábiles si el alumno podrá recibir enseñanza individualizada de conformidad con el CE 48206.3 y, si la decisión es positiva, proveer la enseñanza dentro de cinco días hábiles.

Medical or Hospital Service – EC 49472

Servicios Médicos y de Hospital – CE 49472

School districts may provide, or make available, medical or hospital service, or both, for injuries to pupils of the district arising out of accidents related to school activity or attendance. Pupils are not required to accept such service without the consent of his or her parent or guardian.

EC 49471: Requires school districts maintaining middle or high school to notify, in writing, the parent or guardian of each pupil participating in an athletic activity, when the district does not provide medical and hospital services for pupils of the district injured while participating in athletic activities.

Services Not Provided (Option 1)

The School District does not provide or make available medical and hospital services for pupils who are injured in accidents related to school activity or attendance.

El Distrito Escolar no provee o pone a disposición los servicios médicos o de hospital para estudiantes que se lastiman en accidentes relacionados con actividad o asistencia escolar.

Services Provided (Option 2)

The School District may provide or make available medical or hospital service through nonprofit membership corporations, defraying the cost of medical or hospital service, or through group, blanket or individual policies of accident insurance or through policies of liability insurance for injuries to pupils arising out of accidents related to school activity or attendance. No pupil is required to accept such service without the consent of his/her parent or legal guardian.

El Distrito Escolar proveerá o pondrá a disposición los servicios médicos o de hospital por medio de miembros de corporaciones no lucrativos, sufragando el costo de servicios médicos o de hospital, o por pólizas de grupo, exhaustivos o individuos de seguro contra accidentes o por pólizas de seguro de responsabilidad civil para lesiones a estudiantes sugiriendo de accidentes relacionados con actividad o asistencia escolar. Ningún alumno es requerido aceptar tal servicio sin el consentimiento de su padre o tutor legal.

Medication Regimen – EC 49480

Régimen de Medicamento – CE 49480

Requires the school district to inform the parents or legal guardians of all pupils in the district of the following.

The parent or legal guardian of any pupil taking medication on a regular basis must inform the school nurse or [other contact person] of the medication being taken, the current dosage, and the name of the supervising physician. With the consent of the parent or legal guardian, the school nurse may communicate with the physician and may counsel with the school personnel regarding the possible effects of the medication on the pupil.

El padre o tutor legal de cualquier alumno tomando medicamentos en forma regular debe informar a la enfermera escolar o [other contact person] del medicamento tomado, la dosis corriente, y el nombre del médico que lo está supervisando. Con el consentimiento del padre o tutor legal, la enfermera escolar puede comunicarse con el médico y puede aconsejar al personal escolar de los posibles efectos que la medicina puede causar al alumno.

Note: The following notifications are related to EC 49480. It is recommended that such information be grouped together.

Administration of Prescribed Medication for Pupils – EC 49423 and 49423.1

Any pupil who is required to take, during the regular schoolday, medication prescribed by a physician or surgeon, may be assisted by the school nurse or other designated school personnel or may carry and self-administer auto-injectible epinephrine or inhaled asthma medication if the school district receives *** both a written statement of instructions from the physician detailing the method, amount and time schedules by which such mediation is to be taken and a written statement from the parent or guardian requesting the school district assist the pupil with prescribed medication as set forth in the physician statement.

Administración de Medicamentos Recetados para los Estudiantes – CE 49423 y 49423.1

Cualquier alumno que está requerido tomar, durante el día escolar regular, medicamento recetado por un médico o cirujano, puede recibir ayuda de la enfermera o personal designado de la escuela o puede cargar e inyectarse con epinefrina auto-inyectable o medicamento inhalado para el asma si el distrito escolar recibe ambas la declaración por escrita del médico con instrucciones detalladas del método, cantidad y la hora en la cual tal medicamento se toma y la declaración por escrita del padre o tutor legal solicitando que el distrito escolar ayude al estudiante con el medicamento recetado tal y como lo indica la declaración del médico.

Administration of Epilepsy Medication – EC 49414.7

If a pupil with epilepsy has been prescribed an emergency antiseizure medication by his or her health care provider, the pupil's parent or guardian may request the pupil's school to have one or more of its employees receive training in the administration of an emergency antiseizure medication in the event that the pupil suffers a seizure when a nurse is not available.

Administración de Medicamentos de Epilepsia – CE 49414.7

Si un alumno con epilepsia ha sido prescrito un medicamento anticonvulsivo de emergencia por su proveedor de salud, el padre o tutor del alumno podrá solicitar a la escuela del alumno que uno o más de sus empleados reciban entrenamiento en la administración de un medicamento anticonvulsivo de emergencia en caso de que el alumno sufra un ataque cuando una enfermera no esté disponible.

Note: Guidance from the California Department of Education provides a sample checklist that may be given to parents and guardians when children need medication at school. Districts may consider including it in the annual notification.

1. Talk to your child's doctor about making a medicine schedule so that your child does not have to take medicine while at school.
2. If your child is regularly taking medicine for an ongoing health problem, even if he or she only takes the medicine at home, give a written note to the school nurse or other designated school employee at the beginning of each school year. You must list the medicine being taken, the current amount taken, and the name of the doctor who prescribed it (EC 49480).
3. If your child must take medicine while at school, give the school a written note from you and a written note from your child's doctor or other health care provider, who is licensed to practice in California. Provide new, updated notes at the beginning of each school year and whenever there is any change in the medicine, instructions, or doctor (EC 49423).

4. As parent or guardian, you must supply the school with all medicine your child must take during the school day. You or another adult must deliver the medicine to school, except medicine your child is authorized to carry and take by him or herself.
 5. All controlled medicine, like Ritalin, must be counted and recorded on a medicine log when delivered to the school. You or another adult who delivered the medicine should verify the count by signing the log.
 6. Each medicine your child must be given at school must be in a separate container labeled by a pharmacist licensed in the United States. The container must list your child's name, doctor's name, name of the medicine, and instructions for when to take the medicine and how much to take.
 7. Pick up all discontinued, outdated, and/or unused medicine before the end of the school year.
 8. Know and follow the medicine policy of your child's school.
1. *Hable con el médico de su niño para establecer un horario para que su niño no tenga que tomar la medicina mientras que esté en la escuela.*
 2. *Si su niño está tomando medicina regularmente por un problema de salud continuo, aunque él o ella solamente toma la medicina en el hogar, provee un aviso escrito a la enfermera o personal designado de la escuela al principio de cada año escolar. Debe poner en una lista la medicina tomada, la cantidad corriente, y el nombre del médico que la recetó (CE 49480).*
 3. *Si su niño tiene que tomar la medicina mientras que esté en la escuela, provee a la escuela un aviso escrito de parte de usted y un aviso escrito de parte del médico u otro proveedor de asistencia sanitaria de su niño quien tiene licencia para practicar en California. Provee avisos nuevos y actualizados al principio de cada año escolar y cuando hay cualquier cambio en medicamento, instrucciones, o médico (CE 49423).*
 4. *Como padre o tutor, debe proporcionar a la escuela todos los medicamentos que su niño debe tomar durante el día escolar. Usted u otro adulto debe llevar a la escuela la medicina a la escuela, salvo la medicina que su niño está autorizado llevar y tomar por sí mismo.*
 5. *Todos los medicamentos controlados, como Ritalin, debe estar contados y documentados en un diario médico cuando lo lleve a la escuela. Usted u otro adulto que llevó la medicina verificará la cuenta por su firma en el diario.*
 6. *Cada medicina que debe tomar su niño en la escuela estará puesto en un recipiente separado llevando una etiqueta por un farmacéutico licenciado en los Estados Unidos. El recipiente debe poner en lista el nombre de su niño, el nombre del médico, nombre de la medicina, y las instrucciones de cuándo y tanto se toma.*
 7. *Recoja todos los medicamentos suspendidos, anticuados, y/o no usados antes del fin del año escolar.*
 8. *Conozca y siga la norma de medicamento de la escuela de su niño.*

Minimum & Pupil-free Staff Development Days – EC 48980(c)

Días Mínimos y de las Capacitaciones del Personal Libres para el Alumno – CE 48980(c)

Requires the annual notification to advise parents and guardians of all pupils attending a school of the schedule of minimum days and pupil-free staff development days. If minimum or pupil-free staff development days are scheduled after the start of the school year, the school should notify parents and guardians of affected pupils as early as possible, but not later than one month prior to the scheduled day.

Note: To meet this notification requirement schools may include the school calendar with the annual notification.

Nondiscrimination Statement

Declaración No Discriminatoria

Discrimination in education programs and activities is prohibited by state and federal law. Education Code 200 *et seq.* requires school districts to afford all pupils regardless of gender, gender identity, gender expression, sex, race, color, religion, national origin, ethnic group identification, mental or physical disability, sexual orientation, or the perception of one or more of such characteristics, equal rights and opportunities in education. State law, as provided in EC 221.5, specifically prohibits discrimination on the basis of gender in enrollment, counseling, and the

availability of physical education, athletic activities, and sports. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color and national origin. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and Title IV of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, also prohibits discrimination on the basis of gender. The Americans with Disabilities Act and Section 504 of the Vocational Rehabilitation Act of 1973 prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability. The Office for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education has authority to enforce federal laws in all programs and activities that receive federal funds.

The _____ School District is committed to providing a safe school environment where all individuals in education are afforded equal access and opportunities. The District's academic and other educational support programs, services and activities shall be free from discrimination, harassment, intimidation, and bullying of any individual based on the person's actual race, color, ancestry, national origin, ethnic group identification, age, religion, marital or parental status, physical or mental disability, sex, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, or gender expression; the perception of one or more of such characteristics; or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics. Specifically, state law prohibits discrimination on the basis of gender in enrollment, counseling, and the availability of physical education, athletic activities, and sports. Transgender students shall be permitted to participate in gender-segregated school programs and activities (e.g., athletic teams, sports competitions, and field trips) and to use facilities consistent with their gender identity. The District assures that lack of English language skills will not be a barrier to admission or participation in District programs. Complaints of unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying are investigated through the Uniform Complaint Process. Such complaints must be filed no later than six months after knowledge of the alleged discrimination was first obtained. For a complaint form or additional information, contact: _____.

El Distrito Escolar _____ se compromete a proporcionar un ambiente seguro y de igualdad de acceso y oportunidad para todos los individuos en la educación. Los programas de apoyo educacional y académicos, los servicios y actividades del Distrito, serán libres de discriminación, hostigamiento, intimidación y acoso hacia cualquier individuo por motivos de su raza, color, ascendencia, nacionalidad, identificación de un grupo étnico, edad, religión, estado civil o de paternidad, discapacidad física o mental, sexo, orientación sexual, género, identidad de género, o expresión de género actual; la percepción de una o más de una de estas características; o la asociación con una persona o grupo con una o más de estas características actuales o percibidas. Específicamente, la ley del estado prohíbe la discriminación por motivo de género en la inscripción, consejería, y la disponibilidad de educación física, actividades atléticas, y deportivas. A los estudiantes transgénero se les debe permitir participar en programas y actividades escolares segregadas por género (por ejemplo, equipos atléticos, competencias deportivas, y excursiones escolares) y a usar las instalaciones que sean consistentes con su identidad de género. El Distrito asegura que por falta de habilidades en inglés no habrá barrera de admisión o participación en programas del Distrito. Quejas de discriminación ilegal serán investigadas a través del Proceso Uniforme para presentar Quejas. Tales quejas se deben presentar no más tarde de seis meses después de que el conocimiento de la supuesta discriminación fue obtenida por primera vez. Para obtener una forma de quejas o más información, por favor comuníquese con _____.

Notice of Alternative Schools – EC 58501

Aviso de Escuelas Alternativas – CE 58501

The following notice shall be sent along with the notification of parents and guardians required by EC 48980. In addition, a copy shall be posted in at least two places, normally visible to pupils, teachers, and visiting parents in each attendance unit, for the entire month of March in each year.

“Notice of Alternative Schools”

California state law authorizes all school districts to provide for alternative schools. Education Code 58500 defines alternative school as a school or separate class group within a school which is operated in a manner designed to:

- (a) Maximize the opportunity for students to develop the positive values of self-reliance, initiative, kindness, spontaneity, resourcefulness, courage, creativity, responsibility, and joy.
- (b) Recognize that the best learning takes place when the student learns because of his/her desire to learn.
- (c) Maintain a learning situation maximizing student self-motivation and encouraging the student in his/her own time to follow his/her own interests. These interests may be conceived by him/her totally and independently or may result in whole or in part from a presentation by his/her teachers of choices of learning projects.
- (d) Maximize the opportunity for teachers, parents, and students to cooperatively develop the learning process and its subject matter. This opportunity shall be a continuous, permanent process.
- (e) Maximize the opportunity for the students, teachers, and parents to continuously react to the changing world, including, but not limited to, the community in which the school is located.

In the event any parent, pupil, or teacher is interested in further information concerning alternative schools, the county superintendent of schools, the administrative office of this district, and the principal's office in each attendance unit have copies of the law available for your information. This law particularly authorizes interested persons to request the governing board of the district to establish alternative school programs in each district.

“Aviso de Escuelas Alternativas”

La ley estatal de California autoriza a todos los distritos escolares proveer escuelas alternativas. El Código de Educación 58500 define una escuela alternativa como una escuela o grupo de clases separadas dentro de una escuela la cual opera de manera designada para:

- (a) *Maximizar la oportunidad de que los estudiantes desarrollen sus valores positivos independientes, iniciativa, amabilidad, espontaneidad, ingenio, valor, creatividad, responsabilidad, y alegría.*
- (b) *Reconocer que el mejor aprendizaje ocurre cuando el alumno aprende por su deseo de aprender.*
- (c) *Mantener una situación al máximo de aprendizaje de automotivación y apoyando al estudiante a que siga sus intereses y a su tiempo. Estos intereses tal vez sean concebidos por él/ella totalmente e independientemente o puede resultar en todo o en parte de una presentación de proyectos de aprendizajes seleccionados por sus maestros.*
- (d) *Maximizar la oportunidad para que los maestros, padres, y estudiantes desarrollen cooperativamente el proceso de aprendizaje y la materia de la que se trata. Esta oportunidad será un proceso continuo y permanente.*
- (e) *Maximizar la oportunidad para que los estudiantes, maestros, y padres reaccionen continuamente al mundo cambiante, incluyendo, pero no limitado a, la comunidad en la cual está localizada la escuela.*

En caso de que algún parent, alumno o maestro esté interesado en más información sobre las escuelas alternativas, el superintendente de las escuelas, la oficina administrativa de este distrito, y la oficina del director de su área de asistencia, tienen copias de la ley disponible para su información. Esta ley particularmente autoriza a las personas interesadas en solicitar a la junta gobernante del distrito establecer programas de escuelas alternativas en cada distrito.

Pesticide Products – EC 17612 and 48980.3

Productos Pesticidas – CE 17612 y 48980.3

EC 48980.3: Requires the annual notification to include information on pesticide products as specified in EC 17612(a).

Requires a school to annually provide to all staff and to parents or guardians of pupils enrolled at the school written notification of the name of all pesticide products expected to be applied at the schoolsite during the upcoming year.

Notification to identify the active ingredient(s) in each pesticide product, an Internet address on pesticide use and reduction developed under Food and Agricultural Code 13184, the Internet

address where the schoolsite integrated pest management plan may be found if the schoolsite has posted the plan, and any other information deemed necessary by the school designee. The notice shall provide staff and parents or guardians the opportunity to register with the school if they wish to receive notification of individual pesticide applications at the school. A revised sample Pesticide Notification Request letter is provided on pages 98-99.

To obtain a copy of all pesticide products and expected use at the school facility during the year, and to receive notification of individual pesticide applications at the school at least 72 hours before the application, please contact _____. The notice will identify the active ingredient(s) in each pesticide product, the intended date of application *** an Internet address on pesticide use and reduction, and the Internet address where the schoolsite integrated pest management plan may be found if the schoolsite has posted the plan.

Para obtener una copia de todos los productos de pesticidas y el uso esperado en el plantel escolar durante el año, y para recibir una notificación de cada uno de los pesticidas aplicados en la escuela por lo menos 72 horas antes de la aplicación, por favor comuníquese con _____. La notificación identificará los ingredientes activos en cada uno de los productos, la fecha en que se espera que se apliquen y la dirección del Internet sobre el uso y reducción de pesticida, y la dirección de Internet donde el plan escolar del manejo integrado de pesticidas se puede encontrar si la escuela lo ha anunciado.

Physical Examination – EC 49451

Examen Físico – CE 49451

EC 48980(a): At the beginning of the first semester or quarter of the regular school term, the school district shall notify the parent or guardian of a minor pupil regarding the right or responsibility of the parent or guardian under EC 49451.

20 USC 1232h: Requires notification to parents of pupils, at least annually at the beginning of the school year, of the specific or approximate dates during the school year when any non-emergency, invasive physical examination or screening is scheduled or is expected to be scheduled that is required as a condition of attendance, administered by the school and scheduled by the school in advance, and is not necessary to protect the immediate health and safety of the pupil or other pupils. Notification to offer parents an opportunity to opt pupils out of participation in the activity. Requires school district to develop policy, in consultation with parents, regarding the administration of physical examinations or screenings that the school may administer to a pupil. Requires notification to parents of pupils enrolled in schools served by the district of the adoption or continued use of such policies. Notification to be provided annually, at the beginning of the school year, or within a reasonable period of time after any substantive changes in the policy.

A parent or guardian may file annually with the school principal a written statement, signed by the parent or legal guardian, withholding consent to a physical examination of the pupil. However, whenever there is good reason to believe that the pupil is suffering from a recognized contagious or infectious disease, the pupil shall be sent home and shall not be permitted to return until school authorities are satisfied that the contagious or infectious disease no longer exists.

Un parent o tutor puede presentar una declaración anualmente por escrito al director de la escuela, firmado por el parent o tutor legal, que no consentirá a exámenes físicos del alumno. Sin embargo, cuando exista una buena razón para creer que el alumno sufre de una enfermedad reconocida como contagiosa o infecciosa, se le deberá mandar a casa y no se le permitirá regresar hasta que las autoridades de la escuela estén convencidas de que no existe ninguna enfermedad contagiosa o infecciosa.

Note: Physical examinations that schools are required to conduct include sight and hearing testing under EC 49452 and scoliosis screening under EC 49452.5. Schools may screen for type 2 diabetes mellitus under EC 49452.6. As indicated in EC 49451 and 20 USC 1232h a parent or guardian may

file a waiver of the examination requirement based on personal beliefs. A sample opt-out form is provided on pages 94-95.

Pupil Records – EC 49063 and 49069, 34 CFR 99.7, 20 USC 1232g

Registros de los Estudiantes – CE 49063 y 49069, 34 CRF 99.7, 20 CEEUU 1232g

Requires the school district to notify parents in writing upon initial enrollment and annually at the beginning of the school year of their rights concerning pupil records. Notice to take a form which reasonably notifies parents of the availability of the following specific information:

1. The types of records and information contained therein which are directly related to students and maintained by the institution.
2. The position of the official responsible for the maintenance of each type of record.
3. The location of all official pupil records if not centrally located and the availability of qualified certificated personnel to interpret records, if requested.
4. The location of the log or record required to be maintained pursuant to Section 49064.
5. The criteria to be used by the district in defining "school officials and employees" and in determining "legitimate educational interest" as used in Section 49064 and paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 49076.
6. The policies of the institution for reviewing and expunging those records.
7. The right of the parent to access pupil records.
8. The procedures for challenging the content of pupil records.
9. The cost if any which will be charged to the parent for reproducing copies of records.
10. The categories of information which the institution has designated as directory information pursuant to Section 49073.
11. The right of the parent to file a complaint with the United States Department of Education, Family Policy Compliance Office, concerning an alleged failure by the district to comply with the provisions of FERPA.
12. The availability of the prospectus prepared pursuant to Section 49091.14.

The notice to be, insofar as is practicable, in the home language of the pupil.

A cumulative record, whether recorded by handwriting, print, tapes, film, microfilm or other means, must be maintained on the history of a pupil's development and educational progress. The District will protect the privacy of such records. Parents/guardians have the right to 1) inspect and review the student's educational record maintained by the school, 2) request that a school correct records which they believe to be inaccurate or misleading, and 3) have some control over the disclosure of information from educational records. School officials with legitimate educational interests may access student records without parental consent as long as the official needs to review the records in order to fulfill his/her professional responsibility. Upon request from officials of another school district in which a student seeks or intends to enroll, the District shall disclose educational records without parental consent.

Parents' request to access their student's educational records must be submitted in a written form to _____ and the school will have five (5) business days from the day of receipt of the request to provide access to the records. Copies of student records are available to parents for a fee of _____ per page.

Any challenge to school records must be submitted in writing to _____. A parent challenging school records must show that the records are 1) inaccurate, 2) an unsubstantiated personal conclusion or inference, 3) a conclusion or inference outside the observer's area of competence, 4) not based on the personal observation of a named person with the time and place of the observation noted, 5) misleading, or 6) in violation of the privacy or other rights of the student. Parents have the right to file a complaint with the United States Department of Education concerning an alleged failure by the District to comply with the provisions of the United States Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) by writing to: Family Policy Compliance Office, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Ave., SW, Washington, D.C. 20202-4605.

Un registro cumulativo, sea documentado por escritura, texto impreso, cinta, film, microfilm u otras maneras, debe mantenerse con la historia del desarrollo del alumno y el progreso educacional. El Distrito protegerá la privacidad de tales registros. Los padres/tutores legales tienen el derecho de 1) examinar y revisar el registro educacional del estudiante mantenido por la escuela, 2) solicitar que la escuela corrija los registros que creen que son inexactos o engañosos, y 3) tener algo de control sobre la revelación de información de los registros educacionales. Los oficiales escolares con interés legítimo educativo podrán conseguir acceso a los registros del estudiante sin el consentimiento del padre siempre que el oficial necesite revisar los registros para desempeñar su responsabilidad profesional. A la solicitud de oficiales de otro distrito escolar, en cual un estudiante busca o intenta matricularse, el Distrito divulgará los registros educacionales sin el consentimiento del padre.

La solicitud del padre para conseguir acceso a los registros educacionales de su estudiante debe ser presentado en una forma escrita a _____ y la escuela tendrá cinco días hábiles del día al recibo de la solicitud para proporcionar acceso a los registros. Copias de los registros escolares están disponibles para los padres a un costo de ___ por página.

Cualquier recusación a los registros escolares debe ser presentado por escrito a _____. Un padre recusando los registros escolares debe mostrar que los registros son 1) inexactos, 2) una conclusión o inferencia personal no comprobada, 3) una conclusión o inferencia fuera de la competencia del observador, 4) no basados en la observación de una persona nombrada con la hora y lugar de la observación notada, 5) engañosos, o 6) en violación de la privacidad u otros derechos del estudiante. Los padres tienen el derecho de presentar una queja con el Departamento de Educación de los Estados Unidos con respecto a una falta supuesta por el Distrito por no cumplir con las estipulaciones de la Ley de Derechos Educativos de la Familia y la Confidencialidad (conocida en inglés como FERPA), escribiendo a: Family Policy Compliance Office, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Ave., SW, Washington, D.C. 20202-4605.

Safe Place to Learn Act – EC 234 and 234.1

Ley de Lugar Seguro Aprender – CE 234 y 234.1

It is the policy of the State of California to ensure that all local education agencies continue to work to reduce discrimination, harassment, violence, intimidation, and bullying. It is further the policy of the state to improve pupil safety at schools and the connections between pupils and supportive adults, schools, and communities. As such, school districts must adopt policies and procedures that address the following:

1. Policy that prohibits discrimination, harassment, intimidation, and bullying based on actual or perceived characteristics set forth in PC 422.55 and EC 220, and disability, gender, gender identity, gender expression, nationality, race or ethnicity, religion, sexual orientation, or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics.
2. Policy that applies to all acts related to school activity or school attendance occurring within a school under the jurisdiction of the superintendent of the school district.
3. Process for receiving and investigating complaints of discrimination, harassment, intimidation, and bullying that shall include, but not be limited to all of the following:
 - (a) A requirement that, if school personnel witness an act of discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying, he or she shall take immediate steps to intervene when safe to do so.
 - (b) A timeline to investigate and resolve complaints that shall be followed by all schools under the jurisdiction of the school district.
 - (c) An appeal process afforded to the complainant should he or she disagree with the resolution of a complaint filed.
 - (d) Maintenance of complaints and their resolution for a minimum of one review cycle.
 - (e) Manner to ensure that complainants are protected from retaliation and that their identities remain confidential, as appropriate.
4. Identification of a responsible local educational agency officer for ensuring compliance.

In addition, a copy of the policy and information about the manner in which to file a complaint, to pupils, parents, employees, agents of the governing board, and the general public shall be posted in all schools and offices, including staff lounges and pupil government meeting rooms. Notice to be in English, and when applicable under EC 48985, the primary language or mode of communication of the recipient.

The _____ School District is committed to maintaining a learning environment that is free from discrimination, harassment, violence, intimidation, and bullying based on actual or perceived characteristics set forth in Section 422.55 of the Penal Code and EC 220, and disability, gender, gender identity, gender expression, nationality, race or ethnicity, religion, sexual orientation, or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics. All school personnel who witness an act of discrimination, harassment, intimidation, or bullying must take immediate steps to intervene when safe to do so. Any student who engages in acts of discrimination, harassment, violence, intimidation, or bullying related to school activity or school attendance occurring within a school of the school district may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion. To report an incidence and/or to receive a copy of the district's antidiscrimination, antiharassment, anti-intimidation, and antibullying policies, please contact _____.

El Distrito Escolar de _____ está dedicado a mantener un ambiente de aprendizaje libre de discriminación, hostigamiento, violencia, intimidación, y acoso basado en características actuales o percibidas enunciadas en la Sección 455.55 del Código Penal y CE 220, y discapacidad, género, identidad de género, expresión de género, nacionalidad, raza o etnicidad, religión, orientación sexual, o asociación con una persona o un grupo con una o más de estas características actuales o percibidas. Cualquier personal escolar que sea testigo de un acto de discriminación, hostigamiento, intimidación o acoso debe tomar medidas inmediatas para intervenir cuando sea seguro hacerlo. Cualquier estudiante que participe en actos de discriminación, hostigamiento, intimidación o acoso relacionados con la actividad escolar o asistencia escolar ocurriendo dentro de una escuela del distrito escolar estará sujeto a acción disciplinaria hasta e incluyendo expulsión. Para informar sobre un incidente y/o recibir una copia de las normas del distrito sobre antidiscriminación, antihostigamiento, anti-intimidación o antiacoso, por favor comuníquese con _____.

School Rules – EC 35291

Reglamentos Escolares – CE 35291

EC 48980(a): At the beginning of the first semester or quarter of the regular school term, the school district shall notify the parent or guardian of a minor pupil regarding the right or responsibility of the parent or guardian under Section 35291.

EC 35291: The school district may notify the parent or guardian of all pupils registered in schools of the district of the availability of rules of the district pertaining to student discipline.

Note: A summary of the current laws on suspension and expulsion are provided on pages 71-75.

Sex and HIV/AIDS Education – EC 51938

Educación de Sexo y del VIH/SIDA – CE 51938

EC 48980(a): At the beginning of the first semester or quarter of the regular school term, the school district shall notify the parent or guardian of a minor pupil regarding the right or responsibility of the parent or guardian under EC 51938.

Requires the school district at the beginning of each school year, or at the time of the student's enrollment, if different, to notify the parent or guardian of each pupil about instruction in comprehensive sexual health education and HIV/AIDS prevention education and assessments on pupil health behaviors and risks planned for the school year. Provides that a parent or guardian has the right to excuse their child from all or part of the instruction.

Note: If arrangements for this instruction are made after the beginning of the school year, notice shall be made by mail or another commonly used method of notification, no fewer than 14 days

before instruction is delivered. The complete text of EC 51930 *et seq.* is provided on pages 82-86. A sample opt-out form is provided on pages 94-97.

The purpose of the California Comprehensive Sexual Health and HIV/AIDS Prevention Education Act (Education Codes 51930 through 51939) is to provide every student with the knowledge and skills necessary to protect their sexual and reproductive health from unintended pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases.

The _____ School District will provide instruction in comprehensive sexual health education, HIV/AIDS prevention education, and/or will conduct assessments on pupil health behaviors and risks in the coming school year.

Parents or guardians may:

1. Inspect the written and audiovisual educational materials used in the comprehensive sexual health and HIV/AIDS prevention education
2. Request in writing that their child not receive comprehensive sexual health or HIV/AIDS prevention education
3. Request a copy of Education Codes 51930 through 51939
4. Be informed whether the comprehensive sexual health or HIV/AIDS prevention education will be taught by district personnel or outside consultants
5. When the district chooses to use outside consultants or to hold an assembly with guest speakers to teach comprehensive sexual health or HIV/AIDS prevention education, to be informed of:
 - a. The date of the instruction
 - b. The name of the organization or affiliation of each guest speaker

El propósito de la Salud Sexual Integral de California y la Ley de la Instrucción de Prevención de VIH/SIDA (Códigos de Educación 51930 hasta 51939) es para proporcionar a cada estudiante con el conocimiento y habilidades necesarias para proteger su salud sexual y reproductora contra el embarazo sin querer y las enfermedades de transmisión sexual.

El Distrito Escolar de _____ proporcionará instrucción en la educación de la salud sexual integral, instrucción de prevención de VIH/SIDA, y/o realizarán una encuesta sobre los hábitos y riesgos de salud de los estudiantes en el año escolar que viene.

Los padres o tutores podrán:

1. Examinar los materiales educacionales escritos y audiovisuales usados en la educación de salud sexual integral y prevención de VIH/SIDA
2. Solicitar por escrito que su hijo no reciba la educación de salud sexual integral y prevención de VIH/SIDA
3. Pedir una copia de los Códigos de Educación 51930 hasta 51939
4. Ponerse al corriente si la educación de salud sexual integral y prevención de VIH/SIDA serán enseñados por personal del distrito o consultores independientes
5. Cuando el distrito elige usar consultores independientes o realizar una reunión general con oradores invitados para enseñar la educación de salud sexual integral y prevención de VIH/SIDA, ponerse al corriente de:
 - a. La fecha de la enseñanza
 - b. El nombre de la organización o afiliación de cada orador invitado

[Include the following if the district plans on administering a survey].

The District may administer to students in grades 7 through 12 anonymous, voluntary, and confidential research and evaluation instruments, including tests and surveys, containing age-appropriate questions about their attitudes or practices relating to sex. Prior to administering such a research and evaluation instrument, parents/guardians shall be provided written notice of the administration. Parents/guardians shall be given an opportunity to review the research instrument and to request in writing that their child not participate.

El Distrito puede administrar a los estudiantes en grados 7 a 12 estudios e instrumentos de evaluación anónimos, voluntarios, y confidenciales, incluyendo pruebas y encuestas, con preguntas apropiadas de acuerdo a la edad sobre sus actitudes o prácticas relacionadas al sexo. Antes de administrar tal instrumento de investigación y evaluación, los padres/tutores serán proporcionados

con notificación escrita de la administración. Les darán a los padres/tutores una oportunidad para revisar el instrumento de investigación y para solicitar por escrito que su hijo no participe.

Note: Compare EC 51513, below, which requires schools to obtain active consent when conducting surveys of student beliefs or practices. EC 51938(b) allows for passive consent when measuring students' health behaviors and risks, including attitudes and practices relating to sex, for students in grades 7 to 12.

Sexual Harassment – EC 231.5 and 48980(g)

Acoso Sexual – CE 231.5 y 48980(g)

Requires the annual notification to include a copy of the school district's written policy on sexual harassment as it relates to pupils.

The _____ School District is committed to maintaining a learning and working environment that is free from sexual harassment. Any student who engages in sexual harassment of anyone in or from the district may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including expulsion. Any employee who permits, engages in, or fails to report sexual harassment shall be subject to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal. For a copy of the district's sexual harassment policy or to report incidences of sexual harassment, please contact _____.

El Distrito Escolar de _____ está dedicado a mantener un ambiente de aprendizaje y de trabajo libre de acoso sexual. Cualquier estudiante que participe en hostigamiento sexual contra alguien en o del distrito estará sujeto a una acción disciplinaria hasta e incluyendo expulsión. Cualquier empleado que permita, participe en, o deje de informar incidentes de hostigamiento sexual estará sujeto a una acción disciplinaria hasta e incluyendo el despido. Para una copia de la norma del distrito sobre acoso sexual o para informar sobre incidentes de hostigamiento sexual, por favor comuníquese con _____.

Surveys – EC 51513

Encuestas – CE 51513

Prohibits the use of tests, questionnaires, surveys or examinations containing any questions about the pupil's personal beliefs or practices in sex, family life, morality, and religion, unless the parent or guardian is notified in writing that the test, questionnaire, survey, or examination is to be administered and the parent or guardian consents in writing.

20 USC 1232h: Provides that no pupil may be required to submit to a survey, analysis, or evaluation that reveals sensitive, personal information (*i.e.*, political affiliations or beliefs, mental or psychological problems, sex behavior or attitudes, illegal, anti-social, self-incriminating, or demeaning behavior, critical appraisals of other individuals with whom respondents have close family relationships, legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, religious practices, affiliations or beliefs, or income) without the prior written consent of the parent.

Requires notification to parents of pupils, at least annually at the beginning of the school year, of the specific or approximate dates when the administration of any survey that reveals sensitive, personal information is scheduled or is expected to be scheduled. Notification to offer parents an opportunity to opt pupils out of participation in the activity.

Requires the school district to develop policy, in consultation with parents, regarding the right of a parent to inspect, upon request, surveys created by a third party or any instrument used in the collection of personal information, the applicable procedures for granting a request for inspection, and arrangements to protect pupil privacy provided by the district in the event of the administration or distribution of a survey that reveals sensitive, personal information. Requires notification to parents of pupils enrolled in schools served by the district of the adoption or continued use of such

policies. Notification to be provided annually, at the beginning of the school year, or within a reasonable period of time after any substantive changes in the policy.

Anonymous, voluntary and confidential research and evaluation tools to measure student's health behaviors and risks, including tests, questionnaires, and surveys containing age-appropriate questions about the student's attitudes and practices relating to sex, family life, morality, and religion may be administered to students if the parent is notified in writing that 1) this test, questionnaire, or survey is to be administered, 2) the student's parent is given the opportunity to review the test, questionnaire, or survey, and 3) the parent consents in writing.

Los estudios e instrumentos de evaluación anónimos, voluntarios y confidenciales para medir los hábitos y riesgos de salud del estudiante, incluyendo pruebas, cuestionarios, y encuestas con preguntas apropiadas de acuerdo a la edad sobre las actitudes y prácticas del estudiante relacionadas a sexo, vida doméstica, moralidad, y religión se pueden administrar a los estudiantes si el padre está notificado por escrito que 1) esta prueba, cuestionario, o encuesta será administrada, 2) el padre del estudiante tiene la oportunidad de revisar la prueba, cuestionario, o encuesta, y 3) el padre consiente por escrito.

Note: EC 51938(b) allows for passive consent when measuring students' health behaviors and risks, including attitudes and practices relating to sex, for students in grades 7 to 12.

Uniform Complaint Policy and Procedure – 5 CCR 4622, EC 234.1, 32289, and 49013
Norma y Procedimiento Uniforme para Presentar Quejas – 5 CRC 4622, CE 234.1, 32289 y 49013

Requires annual written notification to pupils, employees, parents, district advisory committee, school advisory committees, and other interested parties of the school district's uniform complaint process. Notice to include the identity of the person(s) responsible for processing the complaints, the civil law remedies that may be available, and the appeal or review procedures contained in the following sections: 5 CCR 4650, Basis of Direct State Interventions, 5 CCR 4652, Appealing Local Agency Decisions, and 5 CCR 4671, Federal Review Rights. Notice to be in English, and when applicable under EC 48985, the primary language or mode of communication of the recipient.

In compliance with the Safe Place to Learn Act (AB 9, Chapter 723, Statutes of 2011) which became effective on July, 1, 2012, school districts may authorize the filing of a uniform complaint to resolve complaints of discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying.

EC 49013 authorizes the filing of a uniform complaint for noncompliance regarding pupil fees. The California State Board of Education will begin the process of amending and adding to the California Code of Regulations to ensure consistency and clarity in relation to EC 49010-49013 (AB 1575, Chapter 776), which became effective on January 1, 2013.

EC 52075 authorizes the filing of a uniform complaint alleging a school district, county office of education, or charter school failed to comply with LCFF requirements related to the LCAP (EC 52060-52076) or EC 47606.5 and 47607.3.

The Uniform Complaint Procedures apply to the filing, investigation and resolution of complaints regarding alleged: 1) failure to comply with federal or state law or regulations governing adult education, consolidated categorical aid programs, migrant education, vocational education, child care and developmental programs, child nutrition programs and special education programs; 2) unlawful discrimination against any protected group as identified under Education Code (**EC**) sections 200 and 220 and Government Code section 11135, including actual or perceived sex, sexual orientation, gender, ethnic group identification, race, ancestry, national origin, religion, color, or mental or physical disability, or age, or on the basis of a person's association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics, in any program or activity conducted by a local agency, which is funded directly by, or that receives or benefits from any state financial assistance; 3) failure to comply with school safety planning requirements as specified in Section

7114 of Title 20 of the United States Code; 4) unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation, and bullying based on actual or perceived characteristics set forth in Section 422.55 of the Penal Code and EC 220, and disability, gender, gender identity, gender expression, nationality, race or ethnicity, religion, sexual orientation, or association with a person or group with one or more of these actual or perceived characteristics; *** 5) unlawful imposition of pupil fees for participation in educational activities in public schools; and 6) failure to comply with the requirements established through the Local Control Funding Formula related to the Local Control and Accountability Plan as described in EC sections 52060 through 52076 or sections 47606.5 and 47607.3.

A complaint must be filed no later than six months from the date the complainant first obtains knowledge of the concern. These uniform procedures require the complainant to submit a written complaint to _____ who will coordinate an investigation and response within 60 days of receipt of the written complaint, unless the complainant agrees in writing to extend the time line. If the District finds merit in a complaint, the District shall provide a remedy to all affected pupils, parents/guardians.

A complainant may appeal the District's decision to the California Department of Education (CDE) by filing a written appeal within 15 days after receiving the District's decision. The CDE may directly intervene in the complaint without waiting for action by the district when one of the conditions listed in Section 4650 of Title 5 of the California Code of Regulations exists, including cases in which the district has not taken action within 60 days of the date the complaint was filed with the district. If a district is found to have violated a state or federal law and/or regulation, and the District does not take corrective action to comply, then various civil remedies may be available. Contact _____ for additional information or assistance.

Los Procedimientos Uniformes para Presentar Quejas aplican a la iniciación, investigación y resolución de quejas sobre la supuesta: 1) falta de cumplimiento con leyes federales o estatales o regulaciones que gobiernan la educación de adultos, programas de ayuda categórica consolidada, educación para estudiantes migrantes, educación vocacional, cuidado de niños y programas de desarrollo, programas de nutrición infantil y programas de educación especial; 2) discriminación ilegal contra cualquier grupo protegido identificado en las secciones del Código de Educación (CE) 200 y 220 y en la sección del Código de Gobierno 11135, incluyendo sexo actual o percibido, orientación sexual, género, identificación de grupo étnico, raza, ascendencia, origen nacional, religión, color o discapacidad mental o física, o edad, o basado sobre la asociación de la persona con una persona o grupo con una o más de estas características actuales o percibidas, en cualquier programa o actividad llevada a cabo por una agencia local, cual es financiada directamente de, o que recibe o se beneficia de cualquier asistencia financiera estatal; 3) falta de cumplimiento con los requisitos de planificación de seguridad escolar como especificado en la Sección 7114 del Título 20 del Código de los Estados Unidos; 4) discriminación ilegal, hostigamiento, intimidación y acoso basados en características actuales o percibidas enunciadas en la Sección 455.55 del Código Penal y CE 220 y discapacidad, género, identidad de género, expresión de género, nacionalidad, raza o etnicidad, religión, orientación sexual, o asociación con una persona o grupo con una o más de estas características actuales o percibidas; 5) imposición ilegal de cuotas estudiantiles para la participación en actividades educativas en las escuelas públicas; y 6) el incumplimiento con los requisitos establecidos a través de la Fórmula para Fondos y Control Local de Gastos relacionado con el Plan de Control Local y Rendimiento de Cuentas descrito en las secciones del CE 52060 al 52076 o secciones 47606.5 y 47607.3.

Se debe presentar una queja no más que seis meses del día que el querellante obtiene por primera vez el conocimiento de la preocupación. Estos procedimientos uniformes requieren que el querellante presente una queja escrita a _____ quien coordinará una investigación y respuesta dentro de 60 días al recibo de la queja escrita, a menos que el querellante está de acuerdo por escrito con prolongar la fecha tope. Si el Distrito encuentra mérito en una queja, el Distrito deberá proporcionar un remedio a todos los estudiantes, padres/tutores legales afectados.

Un querellante puede apelar la decisión del Distrito al Departamento de Educación de California (conocido en inglés como CDE) presentando una apelación escrita dentro de 15 días después de haber recibido la decisión del Distrito. El CDE puede intervenir directamente en la queja sin esperar para la acción tomada por el distrito cuando existe una de las condiciones descritas en Sección 4650 del Título 5 del Código de Reglamentos de California, incluyendo casos donde el distrito no ha tomado acción dentro de los 60 días del día que la queja fue presentada al distrito. Si encuentra que un distrito ha violado una ley y/o reglamento estatal o federal, y el distrito no toma la acción

necesaria para corregirse, hay varios remedios civiles a los que puede recurrir. Comuníquese con _____ para más información o asistencia.

Victim of a Violent Crime – 20 USC 7912

Víctima de un Crimen Violento – 20 CEEUU 7912

Requires the school district to have a written policy stating that students who are victims of a violent criminal offense, while in or on the grounds of a public school, must be allowed to attend a safe public school. The written policy must be communicated to all parties, and reiterated to victims of violent criminal offenses and their parents.

Note: Guidance from the California Department of Education, dated September 9, 2005, recommends that school districts communicate to parents the Unsafe School Choice Option policy in writing to all parents at the beginning of the school year and/or in enrollment materials and at the time of the incident or at the time the school became aware of the incident. The district must maintain verification of compliance with the transfer option. Records demonstrating that victims' parents were notified of the transfer option must also be maintained.

A student who becomes a victim of a violent criminal offense while in or on the grounds of a school that the student attends, has the right to transfer to another school within the district. The District has 14 calendar days to offer students the option to transfer. For more information, please contact _____.

Un estudiante que llega a ser víctima de una ofensa criminal violenta mientras está en el plantel de la escuela a que el estudiante asiste, tiene el derecho de trasladarse a otra escuela dentro del distrito. El Distrito tiene catorce días para ofrecer al estudiante la opción para trasladarse. Para más información, por favor comuníquese con _____.

Williams Complaint Policy & Procedure – EC 35186

Norma y Procedimiento de Williams para Presentar Quejas – CE 35186

Requires school districts to use a modified uniform complaint process to help identify and resolve deficiencies related to instructional materials, emergency or urgent facilities conditions that pose a threat to the health and safety of students or staff, and teacher vacancy or misassignment. Allows for the filing of anonymous complaints. A complainant who identifies himself or herself is entitled to a response upon request.

Requires notice to be posted in classrooms notifying parents, guardians, pupils and teachers of the following:

1. There should be sufficient textbooks and instructional materials. For there to be sufficient textbooks and instructional materials each pupil, including English learners, must have a textbook or instructional materials, or both, to use in class and to take home.
2. School facilities must be clean, safe, and maintained in good repair.
3. There should be no teacher vacancies or misassignments as defined in paragraphs (2) and (3) of subdivision (h).
4. The location at which to obtain a form to file a complaint in case of a shortage. Posting a notice downloadable from the internet website of the department shall satisfy this requirement.

Every school must provide sufficient textbooks and instructional materials. Every student, including English learners, must have textbooks or instructional materials, or both, to use at home or after school. School facilities must be clean, safe, and maintained in good repair. There should be no teacher vacancies or misassignments. If a school is found to have deficiencies in these areas, and the school does not take corrective action, then a complaint form may be obtained at _____. Parents, students, teachers or any member of the public may submit a complaint regarding these issues. However, it is highly encouraged that individuals express their concerns to the school principal before completing the complaint forms to allow the school to respond to these concerns.

Cada escuela debe proporcionar suficientes textos y materiales educativos. Cada estudiante, incluyendo los aprendices de inglés, deberá tener textos o materiales educativos, o los dos, para usarlos en la casa o para usarlos después de la escuela. Las instalaciones de la escuela deberán estar limpias, seguras y mantenidas en buenas condiciones. No deben de haber posiciones vacantes o maestros enseñando fuera de sus áreas autorizadas. Si una escuela es encontrada con deficiencias en cualquiera de estas áreas, y la escuela no toma acción correctiva, entonces un formulario de queja deberá ser obtenida en _____. Padres, estudiantes, maestros o cualquier miembro del público pueden entregar una queja sobre cualquiera de estos asuntos. Sin embargo, está muy recomendado que los individuos expresen sus preocupaciones al director de la escuela antes de completar los formularios de queja para que la escuela pueda tomar acción a estas preocupaciones.

ELEMENTARY & MIDDLE SCHOOLS ONLY

Entrance Health Screening – HSC 124085, 124100, and 124105

Evaluación de Salud de Ingreso – HSC 124085, 124100 y 124105

Requires the school district to notify the parents or guardians of pupils in kindergarten and first grade that a physical examination is required for all children entering first grade. Notification to also inform parents or guardians of the availability of free health screenings through the local health department.

State law requires that the parent or legal guardian of each pupil provide the school within 90 days after entrance to first grade documentary proof that the pupil has received a health screening examination by a doctor within the prior 18 months. Pupils may be excluded up to 5 days from school for failing to comply or not providing a waiver. Free health screening is available for eligible students through the Child Health Disabilities Prevention Program.

La ley estatal requiere que el padre o tutor legal de cada alumno provea a la escuela dentro de los primeros 90 días, después de entrar al primer grado, prueba de que el alumno ha recibido una evaluación de la salud por un médico en los últimos 18 meses. Los alumnos pueden ser excluidos hasta por 5 días de la escuela por no cumplir o no proporcionar una renuncia. Evaluaciones de salud gratis estarán disponibles para los estudiantes elegibles a través del Programa de Prevención de Discapacidades de Salud Infantil.

Fingerprinting – EC 32390 and 48980(f)

Huellas Digitales – CE 32390 y 48980(f)

Requires each school district that elects to provide a fingerprinting program under EC 32390 to inform parents or guardians of the program as specified in Section 32390.

Note: Only include this notification if your school district has elected to offer fingerprinting.

The _____ School District offers a fingerprint program for children enrolled in kindergarten or newly enrolled. Parents or guardians must declare, in writing, whether or not they want their child(ren) to be fingerprinted. Parents or guardians consenting to the fingerprinting must pay the applicable fee. Parents or guardians may reverse in writing the declaration on fingerprinting at any time. No child may be fingerprinted without the consent of the parent or guardian.

El Distrito Escolar de _____ ofrece un programa de huella digital para los niños en el kindergarten o recién matriculados. Los padres o tutores deben declarar, por escrito, si quieren que su(s) niño(s) tome(n) las huellas digitales. Los padres o tutores consintiendo al tomar las huellas digitales deben pagar el costo aplicable. Los padres o tutores pueden revocar por escrito a cualquier tiempo la declaración sobre las huellas digitales. Ningún niño puede tomar las huellas digitales sin el consentimiento del parent o tutor.

Oral Health Assessment – EC 49452.8

Evaluación de la Salud Oral – CE 49452.8

Requires a pupil, while enrolled in kindergarten in a public school, or while enrolled in first grade in a public school if the pupil was not previously enrolled in kindergarten in a public school, to no later than May 31st of the school year present proof of having received an oral health assessment that was performed no earlier than 12 months prior to the date of the initial enrollment of the pupil.

Note: The California Department of Education has developed a standardized notification form to be used by each school district. Forms in English and Spanish are available at: <http://www.cde.ca.gov/ls/he/hn/oralhealth.asp>.

Record of a dental assessment done by a dental professional is required for all kindergarteners and first graders attending public school for the first time. Dental assessments must be completed in the 12 months prior to entry or by May 31st of the pupil's first school year.

Documento de una evaluación dental realizada por parte de una dentista profesional se requiere de todos en el kindergarten y el primer grado asistiendo a la escuela pública por la primera vez. Las evaluaciones dentales deben ser realizadas dentro de los 12 meses antes del ingreso o antes del 31 de mayo del primer año escolar del alumno.

Schoolbus Safety – EC 39831.5

Seguridad en el Autobús Escolar – CE 39831.5

Requires school districts to provide written information on schoolbus safety (*i.e.*, a list of schoolbus stops near each pupil's home, general rules of conduct at schoolbus loading zones, red light crossing instructions, schoolbus danger zone, and walking to and from schoolbus stops) upon registration to parents or guardians of all pupils not previously transported in a schoolbus and who are in pre-kindergarten, kindergarten and grades 1 to 6.

All pupils in pre-kindergarten, kindergarten and grades 1 to 6, shall receive written information on school bus safety (*i.e.*, a list of schoolbus stops near each pupil's home, general rules of conduct at schoolbus loading zones, red light crossing instructions, schoolbus danger zone, and walking to and from schoolbus stops). Prior to departure on a school activity trip, all pupils riding on a school bus or school activity bus shall receive safety instruction that includes, but is not limited to, location of emergency exits, and location and use of emergency equipment. Instruction also may include responsibilities of passengers seated next to an emergency exit.

Todos los estudiantes de preescolar, kindergarten y de los grados 1 a 6, recibirán información escrita referente a la seguridad en el autobús escolar (esto es una lista de paradas del autobús escolar cerca de la casa de cada alumno, reglas generales de conducta en las zonas en las cuales se aborda el autobús escolar, instrucciones para cruzar con semáforo en rojo, zona de peligro para el autobús escolar, y el caminar hacia y desde las paradas del autobús escolar). Antes de salir en una excursión escolar, todos los estudiantes viajando en un autobús escolar o un autobús para la actividad escolar recibirán instrucciones de seguridad que incluye, pero no se limita a, la localización de las salidas de emergencia, y la localización y uso de las herramientas de emergencia. La instrucción también podrá incluir las responsabilidades de los pasajeros que estén sentados al lado de una salida de emergencia.

HIGH SCHOOLS ONLY

Advanced Placement & International Baccalaureate Exam Fees – EC 52244

El Costo para el Examen de Cursos Avanzados y del Bachillerato Internacional – CE 52244

EC 48980(k): Requires the annual notification to advise the parent or guardian if the school district has obtained state funds to cover the costs of advanced placement examination fees under EC 52244.

Eligible high school students may receive financial assistance to cover the costs of the advanced placement examination fees or the International Baccalaureate examination fees, or both. Please contact _____ for information.

Los estudiantes elegibles de la preparatoria podrán recibir ayuda económica para cubrir el costo de los exámenes de cursos avanzados o del Bachillerato Internacional, o ambos. Por favor comuníquese con _____ para más información.

Cal Grant Program – EC 69432.9

Programa de Cal Grant – CE 69432.9

By October 15th of a pupil's grade 12 academic year, a school district or charter school must provide written notice to each grade 12 pupil and, for a pupil under 18 years of age, his/her parent/guardian that the pupil will be automatically deemed a Cal Grant applicant unless the pupil opts out. The deadline to opt out must not be less than 30 days from the date of the notice. Until a pupil turns 18 years of age, only a parent/guardian may opt the pupil out. Once a pupil turns 18 years of age, only the pupil may opt himself/ herself out and, if prior to the conclusion of the notice period, the pupil may opt in over the prior decision of a parent/guardian to opt out. The notice must indicate when the school will first send grade point averages to the Student Aid Commission. A sample opt out form is provided on pages 92-93.

A Cal Grant is money for college that does not have to be paid back. To qualify, a student must meet the eligibility and financial requirements as well as any minimum grade point average (GPA) requirements. Cal Grants can be used at any University of California, California State University or California Community College. Some independent and career colleges or technical schools in California also take Cal Grants.

In order to assist students apply for financial aid, all students in grade 12 are automatically considered a Cal Grant applicant and each grade 12 student's GPA will be submitted to the California Student Aid Commission (CASC) electronically by a school or school district official. A student, or the parent/guardian of a student under 18 years of age, may complete a form to indicate that he/she does not wish for the school to electronically send CASC the student's GPA. Until a student turns 18 years of age, only the parent/guardian may opt out the student. Once a student turns 18 years of age, only the student may opt himself/herself out, and can opt in if the parent/guardian had previously decided to opt out the student. All grade 12 students' GPA will be sent to CASC on (date).

Las becas Cal Grant es dinero para la Universidad que no tiene que ser devuelto. Para calificar, el estudiante tiene que cumplir con los requisitos financieros y de elegibilidad como también con el requisito de promedio mínimo (GPA). Las becas Cal Grant pueden ser utilizadas en cualquier Universidad de California, la Universidad Estatal de California o Colegio Comunitario de California. Algunas universidades independientes o escuelas técnicas en California también aceptan las becas Cal Grant.

Con el fin de ayudar a los estudiantes a aplicar para ayuda financiera, todos los estudiantes en el grado 12 automáticamente se consideran como un solicitante Cal Grant y el GPA de cada estudiante en el grado 12 será sometido a la Comisión de Ayuda Estudiantil de California (CASC) electrónicamente por un funcionario del distrito escolar o la escuela. Un estudiante o el parent/tutor legal de un estudiante menor de 18 años de edad, pueden completar un formulario para indicar que él/ella no desea que su GPA sea enviado al CASC. Una vez que el estudiante cumpla los 18 años de

edad, solo el estudiante puede optar a sí mismo/a, y puede optar si el padre/tutor legal había decidido previamente de optar por el estudiante. Todos los GPAs de los estudiantes del grado 12 serán enviados a CASC el día (date).

California High School Exit Exam – EC 60840

Examen de Egreso de la Preparatoria de California – CE 60840

Suspends the administration of the high school exit examination and would remove the high school exit examination as a condition of receiving a diploma of graduation or a condition of graduation from high school for each pupil completing grade 12, for the 2015–16, 2016–17, and 2017–18 school years. Until July 31, 2018, requires the governing board or body of a local educational agency, as defined, and the State Department of Education on behalf of state special schools, to grant a diploma of graduation from high school to any pupil who completed grade 12 in the 2003–04 school year or a subsequent school year and has met all applicable graduation requirements other than the passage of the high school exit examination. Adds a new requirement, that the Superintendent convene an advisory panel consisting of specified individuals to provide recommendations to the Superintendent on the continuation of the high school exit examination and on alternative pathways to satisfy specified high school graduation requirements, to those recommendations to be submitted by the Superintendent.

The California High School Exit Exam (CAHSEE) has been suspended for any pupils completing grade 12 through the 2017-18 school years. All schools, including state special schools, are to grant a diploma of graduation from high school to any pupil who completed grade 12 in the 2003–04 school year or a subsequent school year and has met all applicable graduation requirements other than the passage of the high school exit examination.

El Examen de Egreso de la Preparatoria de California (CAHSEE) ha sido suspendido para alumnos que completaron el grado 12 hasta los años escolares del 2017-18. Todas las escuelas, incluyendo las escuelas especiales del estado, deben conceder un diploma de graduación de la secundaria a cualquier alumno que completó el grado 12 en el año escolar 2003-04 o subsiguiente a este año escolar y que haya cumplido con todos los requisitos de graduación aplicables excepto la aprobación del examen de egreso de la escuela.

California High School Proficiency Exam – 5 CCR 11523

Examen de Suficiencia de la Escuela Preparatoria de California – 5 CRC 11523

Requires the principal of a school maintaining grades 11 and 12 to distribute an announcement explaining the California High School Proficiency Examination provided under EC 48412. Notification to be made in time sufficient to enable interested pupils to meet examination registration requirements for Fall test.

The California High School Proficiency Exam (CHSPE) is a voluntary test that assesses proficiency in basic reading, writing, and mathematics skills taught in public schools. Eligible pupils who pass the CHSPE are awarded a Certificate of Proficiency by the State Board of Education. A pupil who receives a Certificate of Proficiency may, with verified approval from the parent or legal guardian, leave high school early. The Certificate of Proficiency, however, is not equivalent to completing all course work required for regular graduation from high school. For more information, including administration dates and registration deadlines, visit the following website: <http://www.chspe.net/>.

El Examen de Suficiencia de la Escuela Preparatoria de California (conocida en inglés como CHSPE) es un examen voluntario que evalúa la competencia en las habilidades básicas en lectura, escritura, y matemáticas enseñadas en las escuelas públicas. A los estudiantes elegibles quienes aprueben el CHSPE se les otorgará un Certificado de Suficiencia expedido por la Mesa Directiva Estatal de la Educación. Un alumno quien reciba un Certificado de Suficiencia puede, con aprobación verificada del parent o tutor legal, dejar de asistir la preparatoria tempranamente. El Certificado de Suficiencia, sin embargo, no es equivalente a completar todos los cursos requeridos para graduación regular de la preparatoria. Para más información, incluyendo las fechas de administración e inscripción, visite al sitio Web: <http://www.chspe.net/espanol/>.

College & Career Technical Education – EC 51229***La Universidad y Educación para Carrera Vocacional – CE 51229***

Requires annual notification to include a one-page written notice to parents or guardians of students in grades 9 through 12 that includes all of the following:

1. A brief explanation of the college admission requirements.
2. A list of the current UC and CSU web sites that help students and their families learn about college admission requirements and that list high school courses that have been certified by UC as satisfying the requirements for admission to UC and CSU.
3. A brief description of what career technical education is, as defined by the CDE.
4. The internet address for the portion of the web site of the CDE where students can learn more about career technical education.
5. Information about how students may meet with school counselors to help them choose courses that will meet college admission requirements and/or enroll in career technical education courses.

Note: A sample notification is provided on pages 110-111. Also note the notification requirements specified under EC 48980(m) regarding Career Technical Education Course, as described on page 50.

Driver's Training – EC 35211***Instrucción de Manejar – CE 35211***

Requires school districts maintaining courses in driver's training to advise parents and guardians of the potential civil liability and of the mandated insurance coverage.

Parent and guardians of students who take the district offered driver's training course behind the wheel, must obtain mandated liability insurance coverage due to potential civil liability.

Los padres y tutores de los estudiantes que toman el curso de formación del conductor al volante por parte del distrito, debe obtener la cobertura de seguro de responsabilidad obligatoria debido a la potencial responsabilidad civil.

**Foster youth exemption from local graduation requirements - EC 48853, 49069, and 51225.2
Exención de los jóvenes de crianza de los requisitos locales de graduación – CE 48853, 49069, y 51225.2**

Foster and homeless youth are allowed educational rights, such as: immediate enrollment, remain in school of origin, enrollment in local comprehensive school, partial credits, graduation with state minimum requirements with possible fifth year/exemption from local graduation requirements, and access to academic resources, services and extracurricular activities. A local educational agency must provide a remedy to the affected pupil following the Uniform Complaint Procedures, including information regarding exemption from local graduation requirements, if educational rights are not allowed at the public high school.

A los jóvenes de crianza y a los jóvenes sin un hogar se les permite tener derechos educativos, tales como: inscripción inmediata, permanecer en la escuela de origen, la inscripción en la escuela local integral, créditos parciales, graduación con los requisitos mínimos del estado con un posible quinto año/exención de los requisitos de graduación locales y el acceso a recursos académicos, servicios y actividades extracurriculares. Una agencia local de educación debe proporcionar un remedio al estudiante afectado, de acuerdo al Proceso Uniforme para presentar Quejas, incluyendo información relativa a la exención de los requisitos de graduación locales, si no es permitido a los derechos educativos en la escuela preparatoria pública.

Health Insurance Coverage for Athletes – EC 32221.5

Cobertura de Seguro Médico para Atletas – CE 32221.5

Requires school districts that operate interscholastic athletic teams to include a statement regarding no- or low-cost health insurance programs in offers of insurance coverage that are sent to athletic team members. The statement should be printed in boldface type of prominent size and shall read:

Under state law, school districts are required to ensure that all members of school athletic teams have accidental injury insurance that covers medical and hospital expenses. This insurance requirement can be met by the school district offering insurance or other health benefits that cover medical and hospital expenses.

Some pupils may qualify to enroll in no-cost or low-cost local, state, or federally sponsored health insurance programs. Information about these programs may be obtained by calling [Insert the toll free telephone number of the Healthy Families Program, Medi-Cal, or any other comparable toll-free telephone number for a no- or low-cost local, state, or federally sponsored health insurance program].

Debajo la ley estatal, los distritos escolares están requeridos asegurar que todos los miembros de los equipos deportivos escolares tengan seguro contra lesiones casuales que cubra gastos médicos y de hospital. Este requisito de seguro puede ser realizado si el distrito escolar ofrece seguro u otros subsidios de enfermedad que cubra los gastos médicos o del hospital.

Algunos estudiantes pueden calificar para inscribirse en programas de seguro médico de no-costo o bajo-costo patrocinado por agencia local, estatal o federal. Para obtener más información sobre estos programas, llame a [Insert the toll free telephone number of the Healthy Families Program, Medi-Cal, or any other comparable toll-free telephone number for a no- or low-cost local, state, or federally sponsored health insurance program].

Off-campus Lunch – EC 44808.5

Almuerzo Fuera del Campus – CE 44808.5

School districts may permit students enrolled at any high school to leave the school grounds during the lunch period. The school district and its officers or employees are not liable for the conduct or safety of any student who leaves school grounds during lunch period.

In the event that a school district provides for an open campus lunch, it shall send the following notice along with the notification of parents and guardians required by Section 48980:

The governing board of the _____ School District, pursuant to Education Code 44808.5, has decided to permit the students enrolled at _____ High School to leave the school grounds during the lunch period.

Neither the school district nor any officer or employee thereof shall be liable for the conduct or safety of any pupil during such time as the pupil has left the school grounds pursuant to this section.

La mesa directiva del Distrito Escolar de _____, de acuerdo con el Código de Educación 44808.5, ha decidido permitir a los estudiantes inscritos en la Preparatoria _____ salir del plantel de la escuela durante la hora del almuerzo.

Ni el distrito escolar ni ningún oficial o empleado de ese será responsable del comportamiento o seguridad de cualquier alumno durante tal tiempo que el alumno ha salido del plantel de la escuela de acuerdo con esta sección.

SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

Bilingual Education – EC 52173, 5 CCR 11303

Requires the school district to provide parents an opportunity for consultation prior to placement of child in a program of bilingual education. Requires notification, by mail or in person, to inform parents: 1) in a simple, nontechnical description of purposes, method, and content of the program; 2) that they have the right and are encouraged to visit classes and to come to the school for a conference to explain the nature and objectives of bilingual education; 3) of their right not to have their child enrolled in such a program; and 4) the opportunity to participate in the school or school district advisory committee, or both. Written notice shall be provided in English and the primary language of the pupil.

Career Technical Education Course – EC 48980(m)

Requires a school district that elects to allow a career technical course to satisfy the graduation requirement imposed by EC 51225.3(a)(1)(E) to provide the following notifications:

1. Information about the high school graduation requirements of the school district and how each requirement satisfies or does not satisfy the subject matter requirements for admission to the California State University and the University of California.
2. A complete list of career technical education courses offered by the school district that satisfy the subject matter requirements for admission to the California State University and the University of California, and which of the specific college admission requirements these courses satisfy.

Competitive Athletics – EC 221.9

Commencing with the 2015-2016 school year and every year thereafter, each public elementary and secondary school, including each charter school, that offers competitive athletics, shall publicly make available at the end of the school year all of the following information:

1. The total enrollment of the school, classified by gender.
2. The number of pupils enrolled at the school who participate in competitive athletics, classified by gender.
3. The number of boys' and girls' teams, classified by sport and by competition level.

Schools shall make the information identified above publicly available by posting it on the school's website. If the school does not maintain its own website, the school can submit the information to its school district or charter operator to have the information posted on the district's or operator's website; the information shall be disaggregated by schoolsite.

"Competitive athletics" means sports where the activity has coaches, a governing organization, and practices, and competes during a defined season, and has competition as its primary goal.

Disclosure of Student Information for Marketing Purposes – 20 USC 1232h

Requires notification to parents of pupils, at least annually at the beginning of the school year, of the specific or approximate dates during the school year when an activity involving the collection, disclosure, or use of personal information collected from pupils for the purpose of marketing or selling that information is scheduled or expected to be scheduled. Notification to offer parents an opportunity to opt pupils out of participation in the activity.

Requires the school district to develop policy, in consultation with parents, regarding the collection, disclosure, or use of personal information collected from pupils for the purpose of marketing or selling that information. Requires notification to parents of pupils enrolled in schools served by the district of the adoption or continued use of such policies. Notification to be provided

annually, at the beginning of the school year, or within a reasonable period of time after any substantive changes in the policy.

English Immersion Program – EC 310, 5 CCR 11309

In order to facilitate parental choice of program, all parents and guardians must be informed of the placement of their children in a structured English immersion program and must be notified of an opportunity to apply for a parental exception waiver. Notice to include a description of the locally-adopted procedures for requesting a parental exception waiver, and any locally-adopted guidelines for evaluating a parental waiver request.

GATE Program – 5 CCR 3831

Requires the school district to develop a written plan for the GATE program which shall be available for public inspection. Plan to include: 1) the rationale for the purposes of the program, including the general goals and specific objectives which pupils are expected to achieve; 2) rationale for the district's method of identification of gifted and talented pupils; 3) where appropriate, procedure for the consideration of the identification and placement of a pupil who was identified as gifted or talented in the district from which the pupil transferred; 4) the services to be rendered and the activities to be included for pupils participating in special day classes, receiving special services, or participating in special activities for an amount of time as specified in Education Code Section 52206; 5) plan for evaluating the various components of the program; 6) procedures for modifying the district gifted and talented program on the basis of the annual review; 7) staff development plan based upon a needs assessment which includes specification of requisite competencies of teachers and supervisory personnel; 8) procedures for ensuring continuous parent participation in recommending policy for planning, evaluating, and implementing the district program; 9) procedure to inform parents of a pupil's participation or nonparticipation in the gifted and talented program; and 10) an objective related budget.

Gun-Free School Zone – PC 626.9 and 30310

Recasts the provisions relating to a person holding a valid license to carry a concealed firearm to allow that person to carry a firearm in an area that is within 1,000 feet of, but not on the grounds of, a public or private school providing instruction in kindergarten or grades 1 to 12, inclusive. Deletes the exemption that allows a person holding a valid license to carry a concealed firearm to bring or possess a firearm on the campus of a university or college. Creates an additional exemption from those prohibitions for certain appointed peace officers who are authorized to carry a firearm by their appointing agency, and an exemption for certain retired reserve peace officers who are authorized to carry a concealed or loaded firearm.

Reorganizes those exceptions: deletes the exemption that allows a person to carry ammunition or reloaded ammunition onto school grounds if the person is licensed to carry a concealed firearm. Creates an additional exception to that prohibition by authorizing a person to carry ammunition or reloaded ammunition onto school grounds if it is in a motor vehicle at all times and is within a locked container or within the locked trunk of the vehicle.

Lactating Pupils – EC 222

Requires a school operated by a school district or a county office of education, the California School for the Deaf, the California School for the Blind, and a charter school to provide, only if there is at least one lactating pupil on the school campus, reasonable accommodations to a lactating pupil on a school campus to express breast milk, breast-feed an infant child, or address other needs

related to breast-feeding. These reasonable accommodations include, but are not limited to, access to a private and secure room, other than a restroom, to express breast milk or breast-feed an infant child, permission to bring onto a school campus any equipment used to express breast milk, access to a power source for that equipment, and access to a place to safely store expressed breast milk.

Also requires that a lactating pupil on a school campus be given a reasonable amount of time to accommodate the need to express breast milk or breast-feed an infant child. Prohibits a pupil from incurring an academic penalty as a result of her use, during the school day, of these reasonable accommodations. Authorizes a complaint of noncompliance with the requirements of the bill to be filed with the local educational agency, and would require the local educational agency to respond to such a complaint, in accordance with specified procedures. Authorizes a complainant to appeal a decision of the local educational agency to the State Department of Education and would require the department to issue a written decision within 60 days of its receipt of the appeal. Requires a local educational agency to provide a remedy to the affected pupil if the local educational agency finds merit in a complaint or if the Superintendent of Public Instruction finds merit in an appeal. Includes a statement of legislative findings and declarations.

Migrant Education – EC 54444.2

Requires a school district receiving migrant education funds or services to actively solicit parental involvement in the planning, operation, and evaluation of its programs through the establishment of, and consultation with, a parent advisory council. Requires notice to parents, in language they understand, that parents have sole authority to decide composition of council.

Persistently Dangerous Schools – 20 USC 7912

Requires that school district have a written policy stating that students who attend a persistently dangerous school must be allowed to attend a safe public school. The written policy must be communicated to all parties.

Pupil Records Obtained from Social Media – EC 49073.6

Requires a school district, county office of education, or charter school that considers a program to gather or maintain in its records any information obtained from social media, as defined, of any enrolled pupil to first notify pupils and their parents/guardians about the proposed program, and to provide an opportunity for public comment at a regularly scheduled public meeting of the governing board before the adoption of the program.

Once a program is adopted, the following information must be provided to parents/guardians as part of the annual notification:

1. Definition of “social media.”
2. Assurance that the information gathered or maintained pertains directly to school or pupil safety.
3. An explanation of the process by which a pupil or a pupil’s parent/guardian may access the pupil’s records for examination of the information gathered or maintained.
4. An explanation of the process by which a pupil or a pupil’s parent/guardian may request the removal of information or make corrections to information gathered or maintained.
5. Notice that the information gathered and maintained shall be destroyed within one year after a pupil turns 18 years of age or within one year after the pupil is no longer enrolled, whichever occurs first.

Residency Investigations – EC 48204.2

If a school district elects to undertake an investigation, as specified, require the governing board of the school district to adopt a policy regarding the investigation of a pupil to determine whether the pupil meets the residency requirements for school attendance in the school district before investigating any pupils. Requires the policy to, among other things, identify the circumstances upon which the school district may initiate an investigation, describe the investigatory methods that may be used, including whether the school district will be employing the services of a private investigator, prohibit the surreptitious photographing or video-recording of pupils who are being investigated, as provided, and provide for an appeal process, as specified. Requires the policy to be adopted at a public meeting of the governing board of the school district.

Note: See Checklist on page 112

Sexual Abuse and Sex Trafficking Prevention – EC 51900.6

Authorizes school districts, county offices of education and charter schools to provide age-appropriate instruction for students in kindergarten through grade 12, in sexual abuse and sexual assault awareness and prevention. Parents or guardians may submit a written request to excuse their child from participation in any class involving sexual abuse and sexual assault awareness and prevention. A sample opt-out form is provided on pages 94-95.

Sexual Abuse and Sexual Assault Awareness and Prevention – EC 51950

Authorizes school districts to provide sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education which includes instruction on the frequency and nature of sexual abuse and sex trafficking, strategies to reduce their risk, techniques to set healthy boundaries, and how to safely report an incident. Parents or guardians may submit a written request to excuse their child from participation in any class involving sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education, and assessments related to that education. A sample opt-out form is provided on pages 94-95.

Title I – 20 USC 6311, 34 CFR 200.61

Requires the school district, at the beginning of each school year, to notify the parents of each student attending any school receiving Title I funds that they may request, and the district will provide on request (and in a timely manner), information regarding the professional qualifications of the student's classroom teachers, including, at a minimum, the following:

1. Whether the teacher has met State qualification and licensing criteria for the grade levels and subject areas in which the teacher provides instruction.
2. Whether the teacher is teaching under emergency or other provisional status through which State qualification or licensing criteria have been waived.
3. The baccalaureate degree major of the teacher and any other graduate certification or degree held by the teacher, and the field of discipline of the certification or degree.
4. Whether the child is provided services by paraprofessionals and, if so, their qualifications.

In addition to the information that parents may request, a school that receives Title I funds shall provide to each individual parent information on the level of achievement of the parent's child in each of the State academic assessments as required under this part; and timely notice that the parent's child has been assigned, or has been taught for four or more consecutive weeks by, a teacher who is not highly qualified.

The notice and information provided to parents under this paragraph shall be in an understandable and uniform format and, to the extent practicable, provided in a language that the parents can understand.

Tobacco-free Campus – HSC 104420 and 104495

Requires all school districts and county offices of education that receive Tobacco Use Prevention (TUPE) funding to adopt and enforce a tobacco-free campus policy no later than July of each fiscal year. The policy shall prohibit the use of tobacco products, any time, in district-owned or leased buildings, on district property and in district vehicles. Information about the policy and enforcement procedures must be communicated clearly to school personnel, parents, pupils and the larger community. Signs stating “Tobacco use is prohibited” must be prominently displayed at all entrances to school property. Information about smoking cessation support programs must be made available and encouraged for pupils and staff.

HSC 104495 prohibits smoking a cigarette, cigar, or other tobacco-related product and disposal of cigarette butts, cigar butts, or any other tobacco-related waste within 25 feet of any playground or tot lot sandbox area. Any person who violates this section is guilty of an infraction and shall be punished by a fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for each violation of this section. The prohibitions do not apply to private property or a public sidewalk located within 25 feet of a playground or a tot lot sandbox area.

SUGGESTED NOTIFICATIONS

Acceptable Use of Technology

Uso Aceptable de Tecnología

Although EC 48980 was amended in 2005, to remove the requirement that school districts annually notify parents or guardians of district policy regarding access by pupils to Internet and on-line sites, it is recommended that such notification still occur.

One of the adopted goals of the _____ School District is to assist in advancing the use of technology to enhance student learning. Access to _____ School District technology is a privilege, not a right, and students enrolled in District programs or activities must follow District guidelines and procedures regarding acceptable use of technology. All _____ School District students and their parents/guardians shall sign the Acceptable Use of Technology Agreement prior to using District technological resources. The _____ School District shall make a diligent effort to filter the inappropriate or harmful matter accessible through the Internet, and students shall also take responsibility not to initiate access to inappropriate or harmful matter while using District technology. Violation of this policy may result in disciplinary action and the loss of the privilege to use the technology and/or civil or criminal liability.

Una de las metas aprobadas del Distrito Escolar de _____ es asistir en el fomento del uso de tecnología para aumentar la enseñanza estudiantil. Acceso a la tecnología del Distrito Escolar de _____ es un privilegio, no es un derecho, y los estudiantes inscritos en los programas y actividades del Distrito deben obedecer los reglamentos y procedimientos del Distrito referente al uso aceptable de tecnología. Todos los estudiantes y sus padres/tutores del Distrito Escolar de _____ firmarán un Contrato de Uso Aceptable de Tecnología antes del uso de los recursos tecnológicos del Distrito. El Distrito Escolar de _____ hará un esfuerzo diligente por trascender contenido inoportuno o pernicioso que está accesible a través del Internet, y los estudiantes también tomarán responsabilidad en no iniciar acceso a contenido inoportuno o pernicioso mientras que usen tecnología del Distrito. Violación de esta norma resultará en acción disciplinaria y la pérdida del privilegio de usar la tecnología y/o obligación civil o criminal.

Avoiding Absences, Written Excuses

Evitando Ausencias, Excusas Escritas

School districts may consider informing parents of the importance of regular attendance as follows.

_____ School District urges parents to make sure their children attend school regularly and to schedule medical and other appointments after school or during school holidays. The district also asks that travel or other absences be avoided during the time school is in session. The higher the district's daily attendance rate, the more a student will learn and the greater the amount of funding that the district will receive from the state for classroom instruction and academic programs. The school calendar is designed to minimize problems for families which plan vacations around traditional holiday periods, and thereby minimize student absences.

Following an absence, a student is required to bring a written excuse from home when returning to school. Illnesses, and doctor and dental appointments are considered excused absences. Absences without a written excuse are recorded as unexcused.

El Distrito Escolar de _____ anima a los padres que se aseguren que sus hijos asisten a la escuela regularmente y que programen las citas médicas u otras citas para después de clases o durante las vacaciones escolares. El distrito también pide que el viaje u otras ausencias sean evitadas durante el tiempo que la escuela está en sesión. La más alta el porcentaje de la asistencia diaria del distrito, lo más aprenderá un estudiante y el distrito escolar recibirá más fondos del estado para la enseñanza en el salón y programas académicos. El calendario escolar está concebido para reducir problemas para familias que planean viajes alrededor de vacaciones tradicionales, y de ese modo reducir las ausencias de los estudiantes.

Siguiendo una ausencia, un estudiante está requerido traer una excusa escrita de la casa cuando regrese a la escuela. Enfermedades, y citas médicas y con el dentista se consideran ausencias

justificadas. Las ausencias sin una excusa escrita serán documentadas como ausencias sin justificación.

Tardiness

Children should be encouraged to be prompt as part of *** developing good habits. They are expected to be at school on time. If a child is late, the child should bring an excuse from home to the school office. *** Repeated tardies in excess of 30 minutes lead to the student being designated as truant.

La Tardanza

Los niños/as deben ser alentados a ser puntuales como parte del desarrollo de buenos hábitos. Se espera que lleguen a la escuela a tiempo. Si un niño/a llega tarde, el niño/a debe traer una excusa de la casa a la oficina escolar. Las tardanzas frecuentes en exceso de 30 minutos pueden ocasionar que el/la alumno/a sea designado/a como ausente.

Truancy Definitions – EC 48260, 48262 and 48263.6

A student is considered truant after three absences or three tardies of more than 30 minutes each time or any combination thereof and the absences or tardies are unexcused. After a student has been reported as a truant three or more times in a school year and the district has made a conscientious effort to meet with the family, the student is considered an habitual truant. A student who is absent from school without a valid excuse for 10% or more of the schooldays in one school year, from the date of enrollment to the current date, is considered a chronic truant. Unexcused absences are all absences that do not fall within EC 48205. The text of EC 48205 is provided on page _____.

Definición de un Estudiante que Falta a la Escuela sin Justificación – CE 48260, 48262 y 48363.6
Se considera que un estudiante ha faltado a la escuela sin justificación (conocido en inglés como “truant”) después de tres ausencias o tres tardanzas por más de 30 minutos cada vez o cualquier combinación de los mismos y las ausencias o tardanzas no son justificadas. Después de que un estudiante ha sido reportado como “truant” tres o más veces en un año escolar y el distrito ha hecho un esfuerzo consciente para reunirse con la familia, el estudiante se considera un “truant” habitual. Un estudiante que está ausente de la escuela sin justificación válida por 10% o más de los días de un año escolar, desde la fecha de inscripción a la fecha actual, se considera un “truant” crónico. Ausencias sin justificación son ausencias que no caen dentro del CE 48205. Se encuentra el texto del CE 48205 en la página _____.

Arrest of Truants/School Attendance Review Boards – EC 48263 and 48264

The school attendance supervisor, administrator or designee, a peace officer, or probation officer may arrest or assume temporary custody during school hours, of any minor who is found away from his/her home and who is absent from school without valid excuse within the county, city or school district. A student who is an habitual truant may be referred to a School Attendance and Review Board (SARB).

Detención de “Truants”/Consejo de Revisión de Asistencia Escolar – CE 48263 y 48264

El supervisor de asistencia escolar, administrador o designado escolar, un oficial de paz o un oficial de libertad condicional puede detener o asumir la custodia temporal durante el horario escolar de cualquier menor de edad que se encuentra fuera de su casa y que está ausente de la escuela sin justificación válida dentro del condado, ciudad o distrito escolar. Un estudiante que es un “truant” habitual podrá ser referido al Consejo de Revisión de Asistencia Escolar (conocido en inglés como “Student Attendance Review Board - SARB”).

Chronic Absenteeism – EC 60901

A student is considered a chronic absentee when he/she is absent on 10% or more of the school days in one school year, from the date of enrollment to the current date. Chronic absenteeism includes all absences – excused and unexcused – and is an important measure because excessive absences negatively impact academic achievement and student engagement.

Ausentismo Crónico – CE 60901

A un estudiante se le considera como un ausente crónico cuando él/ella está ausente el 10% o más de los días escolares en un año escolar, desde la fecha de matrículación a la fecha actual. El ausentismo crónico incluye todas las ausencias – con excusa o sin excusa – y es una medida importante porque las ausencias excesivas afectan negativamente el rendimiento y compromiso académico del estudiante.

Child Abuse and Neglect Reporting – PC 11164 et seq.

El Denunciar del Abuso y Descuido de Menores – CP 11164 et seq.

The school may consider informing parents of staff's role as mandated reporters as well as providing information to assist parents in determining whether or not child abuse has occurred and, if so, how to file a complaint of child abuse to the appropriate agency. For additional resources, visit California Department of Education webpage: <http://www.cde.ca.gov/ls/ss/ap/>

The _____ School District is committed to protecting all students in its care. All employees of the District are considered mandated reporters, required by law to report cases of child abuse and neglect whenever there is reasonable suspicion abuse or neglect has occurred. District employees may not investigate to confirm a suspicion.

All complaints must be filed through a formal report, over the telephone, in person, or in writing, with an appropriate local law enforcement agency (i.e. Police or Sheriff's Department, County Probation Department, or County Welfare Department/County Child Protective Services). Both the name of the person filing the complaint and the report itself are confidential and cannot be disclosed except to authorized agencies.

Parents and guardians of students also have a right to file a complaint against a school employee or other person that they suspect has engaged in abuse of a child at a school site. Complaints may be filed with the local law enforcement agency; you may also notify the District of an incident by contacting _____.

Child abuse does not include an injury caused by any force that is reasonable and necessary for a person employed by or engaged in a school:

1. To stop a disturbance threatening physical injury to people or damage to property;
2. For purposes of self-defense;
3. To obtain possession of weapons or other dangerous objects within control of a student;
4. To exercise the degree of control reasonably necessary to maintain order, protect property, protect the health and safety of pupils, and maintain proper and appropriate conditions conducive to learning.

El Distrito Escolar _____ se compromete a proteger a todos los estudiantes que estén a su cuidado. Todos los empleados del distrito son considerados informantes obligatorios, requeridos por ley a reportar casos de abuso y descuido de menores cuando hay una sospecha razonable de abuso o negligencia. Los empleados del distrito no pueden investigar para confirmar su sospecha.

Todas las quejas deben ser presentadas a través de un informe oficial, por teléfono, en persona, o por escrito, con una agencia del orden público local correspondiente (por ejemplo, la policía, el departamento del Sheriff, el departamento de libertad condicional del condado, el departamento de bienestar público/servicios de protección de menores del condado). Tanto el nombre del informante como el mismo informe serán confidenciales y no podrán ser divulgados salvo a las agencias autorizadas.

Los padres y tutores legales de los estudiantes también tienen el derecho de presentar una queja en contra de un empleado de la escuela u otra persona cuando se sospecha de abuso hacia un niño/a en la escuela. Las quejas se pueden presentar ante una agencia del orden público local; también se puede notificar al Distrito de algún incidente contactando a _____.

El abuso infantil no incluye una lesión ocasionada por una fuerza que sea razonable y necesaria que provenga de una persona empleada o que este participando en una escuela:

1. *Para detener un disturbio que pueda causar daño físico a personas o daños a la propiedad;*
2. *Para propósitos de defensa propia;*
3. *Para obtener la posesión de armas u otros objetos peligrosos que están bajo el control de un estudiante;*
4. *Para ejercer el nivel de control razonablemente necesario para mantener el orden, proteger la propiedad, proteger la salud y la seguridad de los estudiantes, y mantener las condiciones adecuadas y apropiadas que conduzcan a un aprendizaje.*

Civility on School Grounds – CC 1708.9, EC 32210

Comportamiento Apropriado en el Plantel Escolar – CC 1708.9, CE 32210

Any person who willfully disturbs any public school or any public school meeting is guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500).

It is unlawful for any person, except a parent/guardian acting toward his/her minor child, to intentionally or to attempt to injure, intimidate, interfere by force, threat of force, physical obstruction, or nonviolent physical obstruction with any person attempting to enter or exit any public or private school grounds.

Cualquier persona que interrumpa intencionalmente una escuela pública o una junta escolar pública es culpable de un delito menor, y puede ser castigada con una multa no más de quinientos dólares (\$500).

Es ilegal para cualquier persona, excepto para un parent/tutor legal que actúe hacia su hijo/a menor de edad, a que intencionalmente o que intente lesionar, intimidar, interferir a la fuerza, amenazar a la fuerza, obstrucción física, u obstrucción física no violenta con cualquier persona que intente entrar o salir de cualquier plantel escolar público o privado.

Custody Issues

Asuntos de Custodia

Parents may try to use the school as a forum for disputing custody matters. If needed, the school district may consider including the following notification developed by the Culver City Unified School District:

Custody disputes must be handled by the courts. The school has no legal jurisdiction to refuse a biological parent access to his/her child and/or school records. The only exception is when signed restraining orders or proper divorce papers, specifically stating visitation limitations, are on file in the school office. Any student release situation which leaves the student's welfare in question will be handled at the discretion of the site administrator or designee. Should any such situation become a disruption to the school, law enforcement will be contacted and an officer requested to intervene. Parents are asked to make every attempt not to involve school sites in custody matters. The school will make every attempt to reach the custodial parent when a parent or any other person not listed on the emergency card attempts to pick up a child.

Disputas de custodia tendrán que ser atendidas por medio de las cortes. La escuela no tiene ninguna jurisdicción legal de negar a un parent biológico acceso a su niño y/o registros escolares. La única excepción es cuando existen órdenes de restricción o documentos de divorcio, específicamente indicando limitaciones de visitas, que estén archivadas en la oficina escolar. Cualquier situación de cesión que ponga en peligro el bienestar del estudiante será atendida al criterio del administrador o su designado. Si cualquier cuya situación altera la escuela, se solicitará la intervención de la policía. Les piden a los padres que hagan todo lo posible a no involucrar la escuela en asuntos de custodia. La escuela hará todo lo posible para comunicarse con el parent que tiene custodia cuando un parent o cualquier otra persona que no está listada en la carta de emergencia trate de recoger un niño.

Dangerous Objects

Objetos Peligrosos

If the school district has concerns about students bringing legal but dangerous objects on campus, such as laser pointers or pellet guns, it may consider notifying parents or guardians of the following provisions.

Laser Pointer – PC 417.27

It is a crime for any student to possess a laser pointer on any elementary or secondary school premise, unless the possession is for a valid instructional or other school-related purpose.

Apuntador Láser – CP 417.27

Es un crimen que cualquier estudiante posee un apuntador láser en cualquier establecimiento de la escuela primaria o secundaria, a menos que la posesión es para un propósito educacional u otra razón relacionada a la escuela.

Imitation Firearm – PC 12550, 12556

A BB device can be considered an imitation firearm. The Penal Code makes it a criminal offense to openly display or expose any imitation firearm in a public place, including a public school.

Arma de Fuego de Imitación – CP 12550, 12556

Se considera un aparato de BB como un arma de fuego de imitación. El Código Penal lo hace una ofensa criminal cuando expone cualquier arma de fuego de imitación en un lugar público, incluyendo una escuela pública.

Disaster Preparedness Educational Materials – EC 32282.5

Requires the California Department of Education to electronically distribute disaster preparedness educational materials to school districts and county offices of education in, at least, the three most dominant primary languages spoken by English learners in California.

Note: Documents are posted on the CDE website at: <http://www.cde.ca.gov/ls/ss/cp/>

Dress Code/Uniforms – EC 35183

Authorizes a school to adopt a dress code policy that requires pupils to wear a school-wide uniform or prohibits pupils from wearing gang-related apparel.

Requires a school to provide six months' prior notice to parents or guardians before implementing a policy that requires pupils to wear a school-wide uniform. Policy to address the availability of resources to assist economically disadvantaged pupils and to provide that no pupil will be penalized academically or otherwise discriminated against nor denied attendance to school if the pupil's parents chose not to have the pupil comply with the uniform policy.

Electronic Listening or Recording Device – EC 51512

Aparato Electrónico de Escuchar o Grabación – CE 51512

The use by any person, including a pupil, of any electronic listening or recording device in any classroom without the prior consent of the teacher and the principal is prohibited as it disrupts and impairs the teaching process and discipline in the schools. Any person, other than the pupil, willfully in violation shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Any pupil in violation shall be subject to appropriate disciplinary action.

El uso por cualquier persona, incluyendo un estudiante, de cualquier aparato electrónico para escuchar o grabar en cualquier salón de clase sin el previo consentimiento del maestro y el director es prohibido ya que interrumpe y afecta el proceso de enseñanza y disciplina en las escuelas. Cualquier persona, que no sea el estudiante, intencionalmente en violación será culpable de un delito menor. Cualquier estudiante en violación estará sujeto a una acción disciplinaria apropiada.

Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems (e-cigarettes)

Sistemas de Suministro de Nicotina Electrónicos (cigarrillos electrónicos)

With the rise in the use of electronic nicotine delivery systems (ENDS) among minors, schools are encouraged to adopt a policy to prohibit its use. Schools may also want to provide information to parents as a preventative measure.

The _____ School District prohibits the use of electronic nicotine delivery systems (ENDS) such as e-cigarettes, hookah pens, cigarillos, and other vapor-emitting devices, with or without nicotine content, that mimic the use of tobacco products on all district property and in district vehicles at all times. ENDS are often made to look like cigarettes, cigars and pipes, but can also be made to

look like everyday items such as pens, asthma inhalers and beverage containers. These devices are not limited to vaporizing nicotine; they can be used to vaporize other drugs such as marijuana, cocaine, and heroin.

Section 119405 of the Health and Safety Code prohibits the sales of e-cigarettes to minors which means that students should not be in possession of any such devices. Students using, in possession of, or offering, arranging or negotiating to sell ENDS can be subject to disciplinary action, particularly because ENDS are considered drug paraphernalia, as defined by 11014.5 of the Health and Safety Code.

El distrito escolar de _____ prohíbe en todas las propiedades del distrito y dentro de los vehículos del distrito en todo momento el uso de sistemas electrónicos de inhalación de nicotina (conocido en inglés como ENDS) los cigarrillos electrónicos, las pipas para fumar conocidas como "hooka", puros, y otros dispositivos que emiten vapor, con o sin contenido de nicotina, que imitan el uso de productos de tabaco. Por lo general ENDS se asemeja a los cigarrillos, puros y pipas, pero también se hacen de forma que simulen artículos de uso diario como las plumas, inhaladores para el asma y recipientes para bebidas. Estos dispositivos no están limitados a la vaporización de la nicotina; también se pueden usar para vaporizar otras drogas como marihuana, cocaína, y heroína.

La sección 119405 del Código de Salud y Seguridad prohíbe la venta de los cigarrillos electrónicos a menores, esto significa que los estudiantes no deben tener posesión de cualquier de estos dispositivos. Los estudiantes que usen, tengan posesión, ofrezcan, organicen o negocien la venta de ENDS estará sujeto a una acción disciplinaria, particularmente porque ENDS es considerada una droga parafernalia, como está definido por el Código de Salud y Seguridad 11014.5.

Electronic Signaling Devices – EC 48901.5

By policy or practice the school district, or its individual schools, may regulate the right of pupils to possess or use electronic signaling devices, including cell phones and pagers, during the school day or at school functions.

Note: No student may be prohibited from possessing or using an electronic signaling device that is determined by a licensed physician to be essential for the health of the pupil and the use of which is limited to the pupil's health.

Foster Youth Educational Placement – EC 48850 *et seq.*

Requires school district educational liaisons to ensure pupils in foster care receive stable school placements which are in the best interests of the child, placement in least restrictive educational programs, access to academic resources, services, and extracurricular and enrichment activities available to all pupils, full and partial credits for coursework taken, and meaningful opportunity to meet state pupil academic achievement standards.

Health Care Coverage – EC 49452.9

Cobertura de Cuidado de Salud – CE 49452.9

Requires a public school, for the 2015-16, 2016-17, and 2017-18 school years, to add an informational item to its enrollment forms, or amend an existing enrollment form in order to provide parents/guardians information about health care coverage options and enrollment assistance. Schools may also include a factsheet with its enrollment forms explaining basic information about affordable health care coverage options for children and families.

Note: On or before August 1, 2015, the State Department of Education will post on its website a standardized template for the factsheet.

Your child and family may be eligible for free or low-cost health coverage. For information about health care coverage options and enrollment assistance, contact _____ or go to www.CoveredCA.com.

Su hijo(a) y familia pueden ser elegibles para cobertura de salud gratuita o de bajo costo. Para más información sobre las opciones de cobertura de salud y asistencia con la inscripción, por favor comuníquese con _____ o ingrese a www.CoveredCA.com.

Internet Safety

School districts may consider informing parents or guardians about the danger use of the internet may pose to minors. In particular, websites being used by child predators and cyber bullies. A sample internet safety letter developed by the California Department of Education and recently updated, is provided on pages 106-109.

Medical Records Sharing – HSC 120440

Requires a school district planning to provide information from pupils' medical records to an immunization system to inform students or parents or guardians of the following.

1. Medical information may be shared with local health departments and the State Department of Health Services
2. The name and address of the State Department of Health Services or of the immunization registry with which the school will share the information
3. Information shared with local health departments and the State Department of Health Services will be treated as confidential and will only be used to share with each other, and, upon request, with health care providers, schools, child care facilities, family child care homes, WIC service providers, county welfare departments, foster care agencies, and health care plans
4. The providers, agencies, and institutions will, in turn, treat the shared information as confidential, and shall use it only as specified
5. The student or parent or guardian has the right to examine any immunization-related information shared in this manner and to correct any errors in it
6. The student or the parent or guardian may refuse to allow this information to be shared in the manner described, or to receive immunization reminder notifications at any time, or both.
7. After refusal, a physician may maintain access to this information for the purposes of patient care or protecting the public health. After refusal, the local health department and the State Department of Health Services may maintain access to this information for the purpose of protecting the public health

Note: Students or parents or guardians may refuse to permit record sharing. Notification may be provided by ordinary mail and must include reasonable means for refusal, such as return form or contact telephone number.

Megan's Law – PC 290 *et seq.*

Ley de Megan – CP 290 *et seq.*

Assembly Concurrent Resolution 72 (Resolution Ch. 122, 1998) strongly encourages school districts to inform parents or guardians about the availability of Megan's Law information in the annual notification.

Information about registered sex offenders in California can be found on the California Department of Justice's website, <http://meganslaw.ca.gov/>. The website also provides information on how to protect yourself and your family, facts about sex offenders, frequently asked questions, and sex offender registration requirements in California.

Se puede encontrar información acerca de los registros de ofensores sexuales en California en el sitio web del Departamento de Justicia de California, <http://meganslaw.ca.gov/>. El sitio web también proporciona información a cómo proteger a si mismo y a su familia, hechos acerca de los ofensores sexuales, fichero de preguntas frecuentes, y los requisitos de registración del ofensor sexual en California.

Morgan Hill Decision – Honorable Kimberly J. Mueller U. S. District Court for the Eastern District of California

The Plaintiffs in this lawsuit, February 1, 2016, Morgan Hill Concerned Parents Association and Concerned Parents Association, are not-for-profit associations comprised of parents and guardians of children with disabilities. Plaintiffs allege that the Defendant, the California Department of Education (CDE), has violated the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (“IDEA”), among other related laws, by failing to monitor, investigate, provide services to, and enforce the rights of children with disabilities consistent with its obligations under the law. The Defendant denies these allegations.

As part of this lawsuit, and in order to prove their claims, Plaintiffs have requested that the California Department of Education (CDE) disclose subject to a Protective Order discussed below, information that it stores on databases and network drives that contain protected personal information of children, including children with disabilities, children who requested an assessment or who were assessed for special education eligibility, and children who are attending, or who have attended, a California school at any time since January 1, 2008. Examples of information that is stored on CDE’s databases and network drives includes name, social security number, home address, demographics, course information, statewide assessment results, teacher demographics, program information, behavior and discipline information, progress reports, special education assessment plans, special education assessments/evaluations, Individualized Education Programs (IEPs), records pertaining to health, mental health and medical information, student statewide identifiers (SSID), attendance statistics, information on suspensions and expulsions, and results on state tests.

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (“FERPA”), 20 U.S.C. § 1232g (b) and 34 C.F.R. §99.31(a)(9)(ii), and the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (“IDEA”), 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400, et seq., are federal laws that protect the privacy of student records. These laws permit the disclosure of these records to comply with a Court order.

On May 5, 2014, the Court issued a Protective Order that prevents any party from disclosing confidential information acquired in the course of the lawsuit, including student records, to anyone other than the parties, their attorneys and consultants, and the Court. None of the information may be used outside the context of this lawsuit, and the parties are required to either return or destroy the confidential records at the conclusion of the lawsuit. No student’s identifying records will be disclosed to the public.

If you do not object to the disclosure of the information described above, you do not have to do anything. If you object to the disclosure of your or your child’s protected personal information and records, you must notify the Court by April 1, 2016, in one of two ways. First, you may print out and complete the “Objection to Disclosure of Student Information and Records Case No. 2:11-CV-03471” form at the CDE’s website www.cde.ca.gov/morganhillcase, and mail your objection to the Court at the address below. Second, you may write a confidential letter to the Judge, including the name of the student on whose behalf you are writing, your name and relationship to the student, the student’s date of birth, county, school district, and school, and, if you wish, the basis of your objection.

In her March 1, 2016, order, U.S. District Court Judge Kimberly J. Mueller noted the large number of objections to the potential release of student data received by the court following the posting of the Notice of Disclosure of Student Records on February 1. In response to the objections, the court

ordered that the CDE maintain custody of the most sensitive of its databases, the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADS), while running searches for information requested by the plaintiffs. The court also reiterated that no student personally identifiable information may be released to the plaintiffs unless and until they demonstrate to the satisfaction of the court that the method to be used to store the sensitive student data is secure. The parties are still litigating the extent of the disclosure of student data.

Parents, guardians and former students over 18 have the opportunity to object to the data release by printing out, completing, and mailing to the court the Objection to Disclosure of Student Information and Records form or sending a confidential letter to the judge. Instructions and the objection forms are available at the [CDE Morgan Hill Case Web Site](#). The forms and letters are due by April 1, 2016.

Judge Mueller's March 1, 2016, order made clear that the objection forms are not a means to "opt-out" of any data release. The court also noted that it "has not and cannot realistically review the objections individually" due to the volume of the objections it has received. Therefore, the court will consider "the objections in bulk as objecting strongly to public disclosure of personal identifying information contained in the CDE's educational records." The court will maintain the objection forms in sealed boxes in a secure room at the federal court building in Sacramento.

<http://www.cde.ca.gov/re/di/ws/documents/morganhillcaseorder.pdf>

<http://www.cde.ca.gov/re/di/ws/documents/order2016jan26.pdf>

Property Damage – EC 48904

Daño a la Propiedad – CE 48904

If the school district has concerns about students damaging or not returning school district property, it may consider notifying parents or guardians of the following provision.

Parents or guardians may be held financially liable if their child willfully damages school property or fails to return school property loaned to the child. The school may further withhold the grades, diploma, and transcript of the pupil until restitution is paid.

Los padres o tutores pueden ser responsables financieramente si su hijo daña cualquier propiedad de la escuela o si falla en regresar propiedad prestada a su hijo. La escuela reserva el derecho de no otorgar calificaciones, diplomas y/o prueba de calificaciones hasta que el cargo sea pagado.

Release Juvenile Information – WIC 831

Divulgar Información Juvenil - CBI 831

Provides that nothing in these provisions authorizes the disclosure of juvenile information to federal officials absent a court order upon filing a petition, as specified. Provides that nothing in these provisions authorizes the dissemination of juvenile information to, or by, federal officials absent a court order upon filing a petition, as specified. Provides that nothing in these provisions authorizes the attachment of juvenile information to other documents given to, or provided by, federal officials absent prior approval of the presiding judge of the juvenile court. Specifies that "juvenile information" includes the juvenile case file and information related to the juvenile, as specified.

Only if a court order is provided, will any student information be disseminated, attached or provided to federal officials. The court order must indicate prior approval of the presiding judge of the juvenile court.

Sólo si se proporciona una orden judicial, se dará a conocer información del estudiante, se añadirá o será recibida por los agentes federales. La orden judicial debe indicar la aprobación previa del juez de la corte juvenil.

Requirement of Parent/Guardian School Attendance – EC 48900.1

Requisito para la Asistencia Escolar del Padre/Tutor – CE 48900.1

A school district may adopt a policy authorizing teachers to require the parent or guardian of a pupil who has been suspended from class by the teacher for an obscene act, profanity or vulgarity, disruption of school activities, or willful defiance of the teacher's authority, to attend a portion of the schoolday in the classroom of his or her child.

Teachers may require the parent or guardian of a student who has been suspended by a teacher to attend a portion of that school day in his or her student's classroom. The attendance of the parent or guardian will be limited to the class from which the student was suspended. A written notice will be sent to the parent or guardian regarding implementation of this requirement. Employers are not allowed to apply sanctions against the parent or guardian for this requirement if the parent or guardian has given reasonable notice to his/her employer.

Los maestros pueden requerir que el padre o tutor del estudiante quien fue suspendido por un maestro asista a una porción de ese día escolar en el salón de su estudiante. La asistencia del padre o tutor será limitado a la clase de la cual fue suspendido el estudiante. Una notificación por escrito será mandada al padre o tutor con respecto a la aplicación de este requisito. A los empresarios no se les permiten aplicar sanciones contra el padre o tutor para este requisito si el padre o tutor ha dado aviso razonable a su empresario.

School Accountability Report Card – EC 35256 and 35258

Requires school districts to develop for each school a school accountability report card. Content of the report card defined by EC 33126, 32286 and 52056. Requires districts to publicize the report cards, and notify parents or guardians that a hard copy will be provided upon request. Commencing with the 2008-09 school year, hard copies to be made available by February 1.

Note: The report card is a required notification but not as part of the annual notification. A standard template for the report card is provided by the California Department of Education at: <http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sa>.

School Safety Plan – EC 32280 et seq.

Plan de Seguridad Escolar – CE 32280 et seq.

The school district may consider the following notification to address school safety plans.

Each _____ School District school site has a Comprehensive School Safety Plan, which includes a disaster preparedness plan and emergency procedures. Copies are available to read at each school office. Fire and emergency drills are held periodically at each school.

Cada plantel escolar del Distrito Escolar de _____ cuenta con un Plan Comprensivo de Seguridad Escolar, el cual incluye un plan de preparación para desastres y procedimientos de emergencia. Se pueden obtener copias del plan en las oficinas de cada escuela. Simulacros de incendio y de emergencia se efectúan regularmente en cada plantel escolar.

School Visiting Procedures – EC 51101(a) (12)

Parents and guardians of students enrolled in public schools have the right and should have the opportunity, as mutually supportive and respectful partners in the education of their children, to be informed in advance about school rules, including procedures for visiting the school.

PC 627.6: Requires schools to post at every entrance a notice setting forth the visitor registration requirements, hours during which registration is required, the registration location, the route to take to that location, and the penalties for violation of registration requirements.

Search of School Lockers

Búsqueda de las Gavetas Escolares con Llave

Although there are no reported cases in California addressing the search of student lockers without reasonable individualized suspicion, cases from other states indicate that it is possible by having a policy in place and providing notification to students as follows.

School lockers remain the property of the _____ School District even when assigned to students. The lockers are subject to search whenever the District finds a need to do so. The use of the school locker for other than school-related purposes is prohibited. Improper use of school lockers will result in [spell out consequences].

Las gavetas escolares con llave siguen siendo la propiedad del Distrito Escolar de _____ aunque están cedidos a los estudiantes. Las gavetas con llave son sujetas a una búsqueda cuando el Distrito encuentre una necesidad de hacerlo. Se prohíbe el uso de las gavetas escolares con llave aparte de los propósitos relacionados a la escuela. El uso indebido de las gavetas escolares con llave resultará en [spell out consequences].

Section 504 – 29 USC 794, 34 CFR 104.32

Sección 504 – 29 CEEUU 794, 34 CFR 104.32

Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 USC 12101 et seq.) prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability. Section 504 requires school districts to identify and evaluate children with disabilities in order to provide them a free, appropriate public education. Individuals with a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, including seeing, hearing, walking, breathing, working, performing manual tasks, learning, eating, sleeping, standing, lifting, bending, reading, concentrating, thinking, speaking, are eligible to receive services and aids designed to meet their needs as adequately as the needs of nondisabled students are met.

Parents or guardians should be informed of the following: the name and contact information of the person designated by the district responsible for implementing Section 504, the screening and evaluation procedures used whenever there is reason to believe that a student has a disability that limits his or her ability to attend or function at school, the right to a written accommodation plan if the student is found to have a disability that requires services under Section 504, the right to be educated with nondisabled students to the maximum extent appropriate to the student's individual needs, and notice of the procedural safeguards guaranteed by law.

Note: The definition of "major life activity" has been expanded due to amendments to the ADA in 2009.

La Sección 504 de la Ley Federal de Rehabilitación de 1973, y los Americanos con Discapacidades (42 CEEUU 12101 et seq.) prohíben la discriminación por motivos de discapacidad. La Sección 504 requiere que los distritos escolares identifiquen y evalúen a los niños con discapacidad con el fin de proporcionarles una educación pública gratuita y apropiada. Las personas con una discapacidad física o mental que limita sustancialmente una o más actividades principales de la vida, incluyendo ver, oír, caminar, respirar, trabajar, realizar tareas manuales, aprender, comer, dormir, estar de pie, levantar, agacharse, leer, concentrarse, pensar, hablar, son elegibles para recibir los servicios y ayudas diseñadas para satisfacer sus necesidades tan adecuadamente como se satisfacen las necesidades de los estudiantes no discapacitados.

Los padres o tutores deben ser informados de lo siguiente: el nombre e información de contacto de la persona designada por el distrito responsable de la implementación de la Sección 504, los procedimientos de selección y evaluación utilizados siempre que haya motivos para creer que un

estudiante tiene una discapacidad que limita su capacidad para asistir o funcionar en la escuela, el derecho a un plan de alojamiento por escrito si al estudiante se le encuentra que tiene una discapacidad que requiere servicios bajo la Sección 504, el derecho a ser educado con estudiantes no discapacitados en la mayor medida posible a las necesidades individuales del estudiante y la notificación de los procedimientos de protección garantizados por la ley.

Nota: La definición de "actividad principal de la vida" se ha ampliado debido a las modificaciones de la ADA en el 2009.

Student Conduct – EC 51100

Conducta del Estudiante – CE 51100

Provides that parents and guardians of students enrolled in public schools have the right and should have the opportunity, as mutually supportive and respectful partners in the education of their children, to be informed in advance about school rules, including disciplinary rules and procedures in accordance with Section 48980, attendance policies, dress codes, and procedures for visiting the school.

Duties of Pupils – 5 CCR 300

Pupils shall conform to school regulations, obey all directions, be diligent in study and respectful to teachers and others in authority, and refrain from the use of profane and vulgar language.

Responsabilidades de los Estudiantes – 5 CRC 300

Los estudiantes se someterán a los reglamentos escolares, obedecerán todas las instrucciones, serán diligente en el estudio y respetuoso a los maestros u otros que tienen autoridad, y se abstendrán de usar lenguaje blasfemo y vulgar.

Jurisdiction – EC 44807

Teaching staff shall hold pupils to strict account for their conduct on the way to and from school, on the playgrounds, or during recess.

Jurisdicción – CE 44807

El profesorado se encargará de que los estudiantes sean responsables en su conducta al ir y venir de la escuela, en el patio de recreo, o durante el descanso.

Mandatory Expulsion Violations – EC 48915

Schools shall immediately suspend and recommend expulsion for students that commit any of the following acts at school or at a school activity off school grounds:

1. Possessing, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm.
2. Brandishing a knife at another person.
3. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance.
4. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault.
5. Possession of an explosive.

The school board shall order the student expelled upon finding that the student committed the act.

Violaciones que Obliga Expulsión – CE 48915

Las escuelas suspenderán inmediatamente y recomendarán la expulsión de los estudiantes que cometen cualquiera de los siguientes actos en la escuela o en una actividad escolar fuera del plantel escolar:

1. Poseer, vender, o de otra manera equipar un arma de fuego.
2. Blandear un cuchillo a otra persona.
3. Vender ilegalmente una sustancia controlada.
4. Cometer o intentar cometer un asalto sexual.
5. Posesión de un explosivo.

La mesa directiva ordenará la expulsión del estudiante al encontrar que el estudiante cometió el acto.

Sunscreen and Sun-protective Clothing – EC 35183.5

Provides that pupils may use sunscreen during the school day without a physician's note or prescription. Requires the school to adopt a policy regarding the type of sun-protective clothing, including but not limited to hats that pupils may wear for outdoor use during the school day.

United States Savings Bonds – EC 48980(d)

The annual notification may advise the parent or guardian of the importance of investing for future college or university education for their children and of considering appropriate investment options including, but not limited to, United States savings bonds.

Walking or Riding a Bike to School – VC 21212***Caminar o Ir en Bicicleta a la Escuela – CV 21212***

Parents of children who walk or ride their bicycles to school are asked to go over a safe route to school with their children. Walkers may not take shortcuts through private property. All children are expected to display good behavior on the way to and from school.

Note: Schools may also consider informing parents or guardians whether the school prohibits skateboards, scooters and related items from being used on school grounds at any time.

No person under 18 years of age may operate a bicycle, non-motorized scooter, skateboard or wear in-line or roller skates, nor ride as a passenger upon a bicycle, non-motorized scooter, or skateboard upon a street, bikeway, or any other public bicycle path or trail unless that person is wearing a properly fitted and fastened bicycle helmet that meets specified standards.

Ninguna persona menor de 18 años de edad puede manejar una bicicleta, escúter no motorizado, monopatín o llevar patines de ruedas, ni puede ir como pasajero en una bicicleta, escúter no motorizado, o monopatín en una calle, un carril de bicicletas, o en cualquier otro camino o pista a menos que la persona lleve un casco para ciclistas que esté entallado y abrochado bien lo cual cumple con las normas especificadas.

CALIFORNIA EDUCATION CODE

RIGHTS OF PARENTS AND GUARDIANS TO INFORMATION

California Education Code 51101 (*in part*)

The parents and guardians of pupils enrolled in public schools have the right and should have the opportunity, as mutually supportive and respectful partners in the education of their children within the public schools, to be informed by the school, and to participate in the education of their children, as follows:

- (1) Within a reasonable period of time after making the request, to observe their child's classroom(s).
- (2) Within a reasonable time of their request, to meet with their child's teacher(s) and the principal.
- (3) To volunteer their time and resources for the improvement of school facilities and school programs under the supervision of district employees, including, but not limited to, providing assistance in the classroom with the approval, and under the direct supervision, of the teacher.
- (4) To be notified on a timely basis if their child is absent from school without permission.
- (5) To receive the results of their child's performance on standardized tests and statewide tests and information on the performance of their child's school on standardized statewide tests.
- (6) To request a particular school for their child, and to receive a response from the school district.
- (7) To have a school environment for their child that is safe and supportive of learning.
- (8) To examine the curriculum materials of their child's class(es).
- (9) To be informed of their child's progress in school and of the appropriate school personnel whom they should contact if problems arise with their child.
- (10) To have access to the school records of their child.
- (11) To receive information concerning the academic performance standards, proficiencies, or skills their child is expected to accomplish.
- (12) To be informed in advance about school rules, including disciplinary rules and procedures, attendance policies, dress codes, and procedures for visiting the school.
- (13) To receive information about any psychological testing the school does involving their child and to deny permission to give the test.
- (14) To participate as a member of a parent advisory committee, schoolsite council, or site-based management leadership team.
- (15) To question anything in their child's record that the parent feels is inaccurate or misleading or is an invasion of privacy and to receive a response from the school.
- (16) To be notified, as early in the school year as practicable, if their child is identified as being at risk of retention and of their right to consult with school personnel responsible for a decision to promote or retain their child and to appeal a decision to retain or promote their child.

Los padres y tutores legales de los estudiantes matriculados en las escuelas públicas tienen el derecho y deben tener la oportunidad, como socios de apoyo mutuo y de respeto en la educación de sus hijos(as) en las escuelas públicas, que serán informados por la escuela, y de participar en la educación de sus hijos(as), de la siguiente manera :

- (1) *Dentro de un plazo de tiempo razonable después de haber hecho la solicitud, para observar la(s) clase(s) de su hijo(a).*
- (2) *Dentro de un tiempo razonable de su solicitud, para reunirse con el(los) maestro(s) de su hijo(a) y el director.*
- (3) *Para ofrecer voluntariamente su tiempo y recursos para la mejora de las instalaciones escolares y los programas de la escuela bajo la supervisión de los empleados del distrito,*

incluyendo, pero no limitado a, la prestación de asistencia en el aula con la aprobación y bajo la supervisión directa, del maestro(a).

- (4) *Para ser notificado de manera oportuna si su hijo(a) falta a la escuela sin permiso.*
- (5) *Para recibir los resultados del desempeño de su hijo(a) en los exámenes estandarizados y exámenes a nivel estatal y de información sobre el desempeño de la escuela de su hijo(a) en los exámenes estandarizados a nivel estatal.*
- (6) *Para solicitar una escuela en particular para su hijo(a), y de recibir una respuesta del distrito escolar.*
- (7) *Para tener un ambiente escolar para su hijo(a) que es seguro y que apoya el aprendizaje.*
- (8) *Para examinar los materiales del plan de estudios de clase(s) de sus hijos(as).*
- (9) *A ser informado del progreso de su hijo(a) en la escuela y del personal apropiado de la escuela a quién deben contactar en caso de problemas con sus hijos(as).*
- (10) *Para tener acceso a los registros escolares de su hijo(a).*
- (11) *Para recibir información acerca de los estándares académicos de desempeño, competencias o habilidades que se espera que su hijo(a) pueda lograr.*
- (12) *Para estar informado de antemano sobre las reglas escolares, incluidas las normas disciplinarias y los procedimientos, políticas de asistencia, códigos de vestimenta, y procedimientos para visitar la escuela.*
- (13) *Para recibir información acerca de cualquier prueba psicológica que la escuela realice que implique a su hijo(a) y para negar el permiso para dar la prueba.*
- (14) *Para participar como miembro de un comité de padres de asesoramiento, consejo escolar, o el equipo de liderazgo de la administración basada en el sitio.*
- (15) *Para cuestionar cualquier información en el expediente de su hijo(a) que el padre sienta es inexacta o engañosa o es una invasión de la privacidad y de recibir una respuesta de la escuela.*
- (16) *Para recibir notificaciones, tan temprano en el año escolar como sea posible, si su hijo(a) es identificado(a) en riesgo de retención y de su derecho a consultar con el personal escolar responsable de la decisión de promover o retener a su hijo(a) y para apelar una decisión de retener o promover a su hijo(a).*

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION LAWS

California Education Codes (EC) 48900 *et seq.*

EC 48900. Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion

A pupil shall not be suspended from school or recommended for expulsion, unless the superintendent or the principal of the school in which the pupil is enrolled determines that the pupil has committed an act as defined pursuant to any of subdivisions (a) to (r), inclusive:

- (a) (1) Caused, attempted to cause, or threatened to cause physical injury to another person; (2) Willfully used force or violence upon the person of another, except in self-defense.
- (b) Possessed, sold, or otherwise furnished a firearm, knife, explosive, or other dangerous object, unless, in the case of possession of an object of this type, the pupil had obtained written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, which is concurred in by the principal or the designee of the principal.
- (c) Unlawfully possessed, used, sold, or otherwise furnished, or been under the influence of, a controlled substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code, an alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind.
- (d) Unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell a controlled substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code, an alcoholic beverage, or an intoxicant of any kind, and either sold, delivered, or otherwise furnished to a person another liquid, substance, or material and represented the liquid, substance, or material as a controlled substance, alcoholic beverage, or intoxicant.
- (e) Committed or attempted to commit robbery or extortion.
- (f) Caused or attempted to cause damage to school property or private property.
- (g) Stolen or attempted to steal school property or private property.
- (h) Possessed or used tobacco, or products containing tobacco or nicotine products, including, but not limited to, cigarettes, cigars, miniature cigars, clove cigarettes, smokeless tobacco, snuff, chew packets, and betel. However, this section does not prohibit use or possession by a pupil of his or her own prescription products.
- (i) Committed an obscene act or engaged in habitual profanity or vulgarity.
- (j) Unlawfully possessed or unlawfully offered, arranged, or negotiated to sell drug paraphernalia, as defined in Section 11014.5 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (k) (1) Disrupted school activities or otherwise willfully defied the valid authority of supervisors, teachers, administrators, school officials, or other school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties.
(2) Except as provided in Section 48910, a pupil enrolled in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 3, inclusive, shall not be suspended for any of the acts enumerated in this subdivision, and this subdivision shall not constitute grounds for a pupil enrolled in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, to be recommended for expulsion. This paragraph shall become inoperative on July 1, 2018, unless a later enacted statute that becomes operative before July 1, 2018, deletes or extends that date.
- (l) Knowingly received stolen school property or private property.
- (m) Possessed an imitation firearm. As used in this section, "imitation firearm" means a replica of a firearm that is so substantially similar in physical properties to an existing firearm as to lead a reasonable person to conclude that the replica is a firearm.
- (n) Committed or attempted to commit a sexual assault as defined in Section 261, 266c, 286, 288, 288a, or 289 of the Penal Code or committed a sexual battery as defined in Section 243.4 of the Penal Code.
- (o) Harassed, threatened, or intimidated a pupil who is a complaining witness or a witness in a school disciplinary proceeding for the purpose of either preventing that pupil from being a

- witness or retaliating against that pupil for being a witness, or both.
- (p) Unlawfully offered, arranged to sell, negotiated to sell, or sold the prescription drug Soma.
- (q) Engaged in, or attempted to engage in, hazing. For purposes of this subdivision, "hazing" means a method of initiation or preinitiation into a pupil organization or body, whether or not the organization or body is officially recognized by an educational institution, which is likely to cause serious bodily injury or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to a former, current, or prospective pupil. For purposes of this subdivision, "hazing" does not include athletic events or school-sanctioned events.
- (r) Engaged in an act of bullying. For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms have the following meanings:
- (1) "Bullying" means any severe or pervasive physical or verbal act or conduct, including communications made in writing or by means of an electronic act, and including one or more acts committed by a pupil or group of pupils as defined in Section 48900.2, 48900.3, or 48900.4, directed toward one or more pupils that has or can be reasonably predicted to have the effect of one or more of the following:
- (A) Placing a reasonable pupil or pupils in fear of harm to that pupil's or those pupils' person or property.
- (B) Causing a reasonable pupil to experience a substantially detrimental effect on his or her physical or mental health.
- (C) Causing a reasonable pupil to experience substantial interference with his or her academic performance.
- (D) Causing a reasonable pupil to experience substantial interference with his or her ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by a school.
- (2) (A) "Electronic act" means the creation **or** transmission originated on or off the school site, by means of an electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, wireless telephone or other wireless communication device, computer, or pager, of a communication, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- (i) A message, text, sound, or image.
- (ii) A post on a social network Internet Web site, including, but not limited to:
- (I) Posting to or creating a burn page. "Burn page" means an Internet Web site created for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in paragraph (1).
- (II) Creating a credible impersonation of another actual pupil for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in paragraph (1). "Credible impersonation" means to knowingly and without consent impersonate a pupil for the purpose of bullying the pupil and such that another pupil would reasonably believe, or has reasonably believed, that the pupil was or is the pupil who was impersonated.
- (III) Creating a false profile for the purpose of having one or more of the effects listed in paragraph (1). "False profile" means a profile of a fictitious pupil or a profile using the likeness or attributes of an actual pupil other than the pupil who created the false profile.
- (B) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) and subparagraph (A), an electronic act shall not constitute pervasive conduct solely on the basis that it has been transmitted on the Internet or is currently posted on the Internet.
- (3) "Reasonable pupil" means a pupil, including, but not limited to, an exceptional needs pupil, who exercises average care, skill, and judgment in conduct for a person of his or her age, or for a person of his or her age with his or her exceptional needs.
- (s) A pupil shall not be suspended or expelled for any of the acts enumerated in this section, unless that act is related to school activity or school attendance occurring within a school under the jurisdiction of the superintendent of the school district or principal or occurring within any other school district. A pupil may be suspended or expelled for acts that are

enumerated in this section and related to school activity or attendance that occur at any time, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

- (1) While on school grounds.
- (2) While going to or coming from school.
- (3) During the lunch period whether on or off the campus.
- (4) During, or while going to or coming from, a school sponsored activity.
- (t) A pupil who aids or abets, as defined in Section 31 of the Penal Code, the infliction or attempted infliction of physical injury to another person may be subject to suspension, but not expulsion, pursuant to this section, except that a pupil who has been adjudged by a juvenile court to have committed, as an aider and abettor, a crime of physical violence in which the victim suffered great bodily injury or serious bodily injury shall be subject to discipline pursuant to subdivision (a).
- (u) As used in this section, "school property" includes, but is not limited to, electronic files and databases.
- (v) For a pupil subject to discipline under this section, a superintendent of the school district or principal may use his or her discretion to provide alternatives to suspension or expulsion that are age appropriate and designed to address and correct the pupil's misbehavior as specified in Section 48900.5.
- (w) It is the intent of the Legislature that alternatives to suspension or expulsion be imposed against a pupil who is truant, tardy, or otherwise absent from school activities.

CE 48900. Razones para la Suspensión y Expulsión

Un alumno no podrá ser suspendido de la escuela o recomendado para la expulsión, a menos que el superintendente o el director de la escuela en la cual el alumno está matriculado determine que el alumno ha cometido un acto tal como se define conforme a cualquier de las subdivisiones (a) a (r), inclusivo:

- (a) (1) Causó, intentó causar, o amenazó causar daño físico a otra persona; (2) Usó fuerza premeditada o violencia a una persona, excepto en defensa propia.
- (b) Poseyó, vendió, o de otra manera equipó un arma de fuego, cuchillo, explosivo, u otro objeto peligroso, a menos que, en el caso de posesión de un objeto de este tipo, el alumno haya obtenido permiso por escrito de poseer el artículo de parte de un empleado escolar certificado, con lo cual haya concordado el director o el designado del director.
- (c) Poseyó ilegalmente, usó, vendió, o de otra manera equipó, o estaba drogado con, una sustancia controlada indicada en el Capítulo 2 (comenzando con la Sección 11053) de la División 10 del Código de Salud y Seguridad, una bebida alcohólica, o un embriagante de cualquier tipo.
- (d) Ofreció ilegalmente, arregló, o negoció vender una sustancia controlada indicada en Capítulo 2 (comenzando con la Sección 11053) de la División 10 del Código de Salud y Seguridad, una bebida alcohólica, o un embriagante de cualquier tipo, y después vendió, entregó, o de otra manera proporcionó a una persona otro líquido, sustancia, o materia y representó el líquido, sustancia, o materia como una sustancia controlada, una bebida alcohólica, o un embriagante.
- (e) Cometió o intentó cometer robo o extorsión.
- (f) Causó o intentó causar daño a propiedad escolar o propiedad privada.
- (g) Robó o intentó robar propiedad escolar o propiedad privada.
- (h) Poseyó o usó tabaco, o productos que contiene productos de tabaco o nicotina, incluyendo, pero no limitándose a, cigarros, puros, cigarrillos miniatura, cigarros de clavo, cigarro sin humo, rapé, paquetes masticables, y betel. Sin embargo, esta sección no prohíbe al alumno del uso o posesión de sus propios productos médicos de receta.
- (i) Cometió un acto obsceno o se involucró en actos habituales de profanidad o vulgaridad.

- (j) Poseyó ilegalmente u ofreció ilegalmente, arregló, o negocio vender bienes parafernales, como se define en la Sección 11014.5 del Código de Salud y Seguridad.
- (k) (1) Interrumpió las actividades escolares o de otra manera desafió tercamente la autoridad válida de supervisores, maestros, administradores, oficiales escolares, u otro personal escolar envuelto en el desempeño de sus responsabilidades.
- (2) Salvo a lo dispuesto en la Sección 48910, un alumno matriculado en kindergarten o en cualquiera de los grados 1 a 3, inclusive, no deberán ser suspendidos por cualquiera de los actos enumerados en esta subdivisión, y esta subdivisión no constituye una justificación para un alumno matriculado en el kinder o cualquiera de los grados 1 a 12, inclusive, a ser recomendado para la expulsión. Este párrafo dejará de tomar efecto el 1 de julio, 2018, a menos que una ley promulgada después de que entre en vigor, antes del 1 de julio, 2018, borre o extienda esa fecha.
- (l) Recibió a sabiendas propiedad escolar o propiedad privada que era robada.
- (m) Poseyó un arma de fuego de imitación. Como se utiliza en esta sección, "arma de fuego de imitación" significa la réplica de un arma de fuego que es tan similar substancialmente en propiedades físicas a un arma de fuego real que da a pensar a una persona razonable que la réplica es un arma de fuego.
- (n) Cometió o intentó cometer un asalto sexual como se define en la Sección 261, 266c, 286, 288, 288a, o 289 del Código Penal o cometió una agresión sexual como se define en la Sección 243.4 del Código Penal.
- (o) Acosó, amenazó, o intimidó a un alumno quien es un testigo denunciante o un testigo en un proceso disciplinario escolar con el fin de o prevenir que el alumno sea testigo o tomar represalias contra ese alumno por ser un testigo, o ambos.
- (p) Ofreció ilegalmente, arregló vender, negoció vender, o vendió la droga prescrita Soma.
- (q) Tomó parte en, o intentó tomar parte en novatadas. Para el propósito de esta subdivisión, "novatada" significa un método de iniciación o preiniciación en una organización o grupo estudiantil, sea reconocido o no sea reconocido oficialmente la organización o grupo por una institución educativa, lo cual es probable que cause daño grave corporal o degradación personal o deshonra que resulta en daño físico o mental a un alumno antiguo, de ahora, o futuro. Para el propósito de esta subdivisión, "novatada" no incluye eventos atléticos o eventos autorizados por la escuela.
- (r) Tomó parte en un acto de acoso. Por el propósito de esta subdivisión, los términos siguientes tienen los significados siguientes:
 - (1) "Acoso" significa cualquier acto o conducta física o verbal grave o dominante, incluyendo comunicaciones hechas por escrito o por medio de un acto electrónico, e incluyendo uno o más actos cometidos por un alumno o un grupo de alumnos según lo definido en la Sección 48900.2, 48900.3, o 48900.4, dirigido hacia uno o más alumnos que tiene o se puede razonablemente predecir el efecto de uno o más de lo siguiente:
 - (A) Poniendo a un alumno o alumnos razonable(s) en miedo de daño a la persona o la propiedad de ése alumno o esos alumnos.
 - (B) Causar un alumno razonable a sufrir un efecto substancialmente prejudicial sobre su salud física o mental.
 - (C) Causar un alumno razonable a sufrir interferencia substancial con su rendimiento académico.
 - (D) Causar un alumno razonable a sufrir interferencia substancial con su capacidad de participar en o beneficiar de los servicios, las actividades, o los privilegios proporcionados por una escuela.
 - (2) (A) "Acto Electrónico" significa la creación o transmisión que se originó dentro o fuera del plantel escolar, por medio de un aparato electrónico, incluyendo, pero no limitado a, un teléfono, un teléfono inalámbrico o comunicación por otro dispositivo inalámbrico,

computadora, o buscapersona, de una comunicación, incluyendo, pero no limitado a, cualquiera de los siguientes:

- (i) *Un mensaje, texto, sonido, o imagen.*
- (ii) *Un envío en una red social del sitio web, incluyendo, pero no limitado a:*
- (I) *Publicando o creando una página de insultos. Una “página de insultos” significa un sitio en el Internet creado con el propósito de tener uno o más de los efectos enumerados en el párrafo (1).*
- (II) *Creando una personificación creíble de otro estudiante actual con el propósito de tener uno o más de los efectos enumerados en el párrafo (1). “Personificación Creíble” significa hacerse pasar por un alumno adrede y sin consentimiento con el propósito de acosar al alumno y del tal manera que otro alumno razonablemente crea, o haya creído razonablemente, que el alumno fue o es el alumno que fue personificado.*
- (III) *Creando un perfil falso con el propósito de tener uno o más de los efectos enumerados en el párrafo (1). “Perfil falso” significa un perfil de un alumno ficticio o un perfil utilizando la semejanza o atributos de un alumno actual que no es el alumno quién creó el perfil falso.*
- (B) *No obstante al párrafo (1) y al subpárrafo (A), un acto electrónico no constituirá conducta penetrante únicamente basada en que se ha sido transmitido a través de Internet o corrientemente está publicada en el Internet.*
- (3) *“Alumno razonable” significa un alumno, incluyendo, pero no limitado, a un alumno con necesidades excepcionales, que ejercita el cuidado, la habilidad, y el juicio medio en la conducta para una persona de su edad o para una persona de su edad con necesidades excepcionales.*
- (s) *Un alumno no podrá ser suspendido ni expulsado por ninguno de los actos enumerados en esta sección, a menos que el acto esté relacionado a la actividad escolar o asistencia escolar que ocurra dentro una escuela bajo la jurisdicción del superintendente del distrito escolar o director o que ocurra dentro de cualquier otro distrito escolar. Un alumno podrá ser suspendido o expulsado por actos que son enumerados en esta sección y que están relacionados a la actividad o asistencia escolar que ocurra en cualquier momento, incluyendo, pero no limitándose a, cualquiera de los siguientes:*
 - (1) *Mientras esté en la propiedad escolar.*
 - (2) *Al ir y venir de la escuela.*
 - (3) *Durante el período de almuerzo sea dentro o sea fuera del plantel.*
 - (4) *Durante, o al ir o venir de, una actividad auspiciada por la escuela.*
- (t) *Un alumno quien ayuda o instiga, como se define en la Sección 31 del Código Penal, el infligir o intentó el infligir de daño físico a otra persona podría ser sujeto a la suspensión, pero no una expulsión, conforme a esta sección, salvo que un alumno quien ha sido adjudicado por una corte de menores que ha cometido, como un ayudador o instigador, un crimen de violencia física en cual la víctima sufrió mucho daño físico o daño grave corporal será sujeto a disciplina conforme a la subdivisión (a).*
- (u) *Tal como se utiliza en esta sección, "propiedad escolar" incluye, pero no limitándose a, expedientes electrónicos y base de datos.*
- (v) *Para un alumno sujeto a disciplina bajo esta sección, el superintendente del distrito escolar o director puede usar su discreción para proveer alternativas a la suspensión o expulsión que son apropiadas para la edad del estudiante y diseñadas para atender y corregir el mal comportamiento del estudiante como se especifica en la Sección 48900.5.*
- (w) *Es la intención de la Legislatura que alternativas a la suspensión o expulsión sea impuesto a un alumno quien está ausente sin justificación, que llega tarde, o de otra manera está ausente de las actividades escolares.*

EC 48900.2. Sexual Harassment

In addition to the reasons specified in Section 48900, a pupil may be suspended from school or recommended for expulsion if the superintendent or the principal of the school in which the pupil is enrolled determines that the pupil has committed sexual harassment as defined in Section 212.5.

For the purposes of this chapter, the conduct described in Section 212.5 must be considered by a reasonable person of the same gender as the victim to be sufficiently severe or pervasive to have a negative impact upon the individual's academic performance or to create an intimidating, hostile, or offensive educational environment. This section shall not apply to pupils enrolled in kindergarten and grades 1 to 3, inclusive.

CE 48900.2. Acoso Sexual

Además de las razones descritas en la Sección 48900, un alumno podría ser suspendido de la escuela o recomendado para la expulsión si el superintendente o el director de la escuela en la cual el alumno está matriculado determina que el alumno ha cometido el acoso sexual como se define en la Sección 212.5.

Para el propósito de este capítulo, la conducta descrita en la Sección 212.5 debe ser considerada por una persona razonable del sexo igual que la víctima lo suficientemente grave o dominante como tener un impacto negativo en el desempeño académico del individuo o para crear un ambiente educativo intimidante, hostil, u ofensivo. Esta sección no debería aplicar a los alumnos matriculados en kindergarten incluyendo los grados 1 al 3.

EC 48900.3. Hate Violence

In addition to the reasons set forth in Sections 48900 and 48900.2, a pupil in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive, may be suspended from school or recommended for expulsion if the superintendent or the principal of the school in which the pupil is enrolled determines that the pupil has caused, attempted to cause, threatened to cause, or participated in an act of, hate violence, as defined in subdivision (e) of Section 233.

CE 48900.3. Violencia por Odio

Además de las razones descritas en las Secciones 48900 y 48900.2, un alumno en cualquier de los grados 4 a 12, inclusivo, podría ser suspendido de la escuela o recomendando para la expulsión si el superintendente o el director de la escuela en la cual el alumno está matriculado determina que el alumno ha causado, o intentado a causar, amenazado a causar, o participado en un acto de, violencia por odio, como se define en la subdivisión (e) de la Sección 233.

EC 48900.4. Harassment, Threats or Intimidation

In addition to the grounds specified in Sections 48900 and 48900.2, a pupil enrolled in any of grades 4 to 12, inclusive, may be suspended from school or recommended for expulsion if the superintendent or the principal of the school in which the pupil is enrolled determines that the pupil has intentionally engaged in harassment, threats, or intimidation, directed against school district personnel or pupils, that is sufficiently severe or pervasive to have the actual and reasonably expected effect of materially disrupting classwork, creating substantial disorder, and invading the rights of either school personnel or pupils by creating an intimidating or hostile educational environment.

CE 489004. Acoso, Amenazas o Intimidación

Además de las razones descritas en las Secciones 48900 y 48900.2, un alumno matriculado en cualquier de los grados 4 a 12, inclusivo, podría ser suspendido de la escuela o recomendado para la expulsión si el superintendente o el director de la escuela en la cual el alumno está matriculado determina que el alumno ha tomado parte adrede en el acoso, amenazas o intimidación, dirigido hacia personal o alumnos del distrito escolar, lo que es suficientemente grave o dominante como tener el efecto razonablemente esperado de interrumpir sustancialmente el trabajo de la clase, crear desorden considerable, y usurpar los derechos o del personal escolar o de los alumnos al crear un ambiente educativo intimidante u hostil.

EC 48900.5. Limitations on Imposing Suspension

Suspension, including supervised suspension as described in Section 48911.1, shall be imposed only when other means of correction fail to bring about proper conduct. A school district may document the other means of correction used and place that documentation in the pupil's record, which may be accessed pursuant to Section 49069. However, a pupil, including an individual with exceptional needs, as defined in Section 56026, may be suspended, subject to Section 1415 of Title 20 of the United States Code, for any of the reasons enumerated in Section 48900 upon a first offense, if the principal or superintendent of schools determines that the pupil violated subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of Section 48900 or that the pupil's presence causes a danger to persons.

CE 48900.5. Limitaciones al Impuesto de la Suspensión

La suspensión, incluyendo suspensión supervisada como se describe en la Sección 48911.1, será impuesta solamente cuando otros medios de corrección fallan producir la conducta apropiada. Un distrito escolar puede documentar los otros medios de corrección usados y colocar la documentación en los archivos escolares del alumno, cuáles pueden ser accedidos en conformidad con la Sección 49069. Sin embargo, un alumno, incluyendo un individuo con necesidades excepcionales, como se define en Sección 56026, podría ser suspendido, sujeto a la Sección 1415 del Título 20 del Código de los Estados Unidos, por cualquiera de las razones enumeradas en la Sección 48900 tras la primera ofensa, si el director o superintendente de las escuelas determina que el alumno violó subdivisión (a), (b), (c), (d), o (e) de la Sección 48900 o que la presencia del alumno causa un peligro a las personas.

EC 48900.7. Terroristic Threats

- (a) In addition to the reasons specified in Sections 48900, 48900.2, 48900.3, and 48900.4, a pupil may be suspended from school or recommended for expulsion if the superintendent or the principal of the school in which the pupil is enrolled determines that the pupil has made terroristic threats against school officials or school property, or both.
- (b) For the purposes of this section, "terroristic threat" shall include any statement, whether written or oral, by a person who willfully threatens to commit a crime which will result in death, great bodily injury to another person, or property damage in excess of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), with the specific intent that the statement is to be taken as a threat, even if there is no intent of actually carrying it out, which, on its face and under the circumstances in which it is made, is so unequivocal, unconditional, immediate, and specific as to convey to the person threatened, a gravity of purpose and an immediate prospect of execution of the threat, and thereby causes that person reasonably to be in sustained fear for his or her own safety or for his or her immediate family's safety, or for the protection of school district property, or the personal property of the person threatened or his or her immediate family.

CE 48900.7. Amenazas Terroristas

- (a) *Además de las razones descritas en las Secciones 48900, 48900.2, 48900.3, y 48900.4, un alumno podría ser suspendido de la escuela o recomendado para la expulsión si el superintendente o el director de la escuela en la cual el alumno está matriculado determina que el alumno ha hecho amenazas terroristas contra los oficiales escolares o la propiedad escolar, o ambos.*
- (b) *Para el propósito de esta sección, “amenaza terrorista” incluirá cualquier declaración, sea escrita o sea oral, por una persona quien amenaza tercamente cometer un crimen que resultará en muerte, daño grave corporal a otra persona, o daño a la propiedad por una cifra superior a los mil dólares (\$1,000), con la intención específica que la declaración será tomada como una amenaza, aunque no hay la intención de realizarla, la cual, en su superficie y dadas las circunstancias en cual fue hecho, sea tan inequívoco, incondicional, inmediata, y específica que comunica a la persona amenazada, una gravedad del propósito y una posibilidad inmediata del ejecución de la amenaza, y de ese modo provoca que la persona razonablemente esté atemorizada constantemente por su propia seguridad o por la seguridad de su familia más cercana, o por la protección de la propiedad del distrito escolar, o la propiedad personal de la persona amenazada o de su familia más cercana.*

EC 48915. Circumstances for Recommending Expulsion

- (a) (1) Except as provided in subdivisions (c) and (e), the principal or the superintendent of schools shall recommend the expulsion of a pupil for any of the following acts committed at school or at a school activity off school grounds, unless the principal or superintendent determines that expulsion should not be recommended under the circumstances or that an alternative means of correction would address the conduct:
- (A) Causing serious physical injury to another person, except in self-defense.
 - (B) Possession of any knife or other dangerous object of no reasonable use to the pupil.
 - (C) Unlawful possession of any controlled substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code, except for either of the following:
 - (i) The first offense for the possession of not more than one avoirdupois ounce of marijuana, other than concentrated cannabis.
 - (ii) The possession of over-the-counter medication for use by the pupil for medical purposes or medication prescribed for the pupil by a physician.
 - (D) Robbery or extortion.
 - (E) Assault or battery, as defined in Sections 240 and 242 of the Penal Code, upon any school employee.
- (2) If the principal or the superintendent of schools makes a determination as described in paragraph (1), he or she is encouraged to do so as quickly as possible to ensure that the pupil does not lose instructional time.
- (b) Upon recommendation by the principal, superintendent of schools, or by a hearing officer or administrative panel appointed pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 48918, the governing board may order a pupil expelled upon finding that the pupil committed an act listed in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) or in subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of Section 48900. A decision to expel shall be based on a finding of one or both of the following:
- (1) Other means of correction are not feasible or have repeatedly failed to bring about proper conduct.
 - (2) Due to the nature of the act, the presence of the pupil causes a continuing danger to the physical safety of the pupil or others.

- (c) The principal or superintendent of schools shall immediately suspend, pursuant to Section 48911, and shall recommend expulsion of a pupil that he or she determines has committed any of the following acts at school or at a school activity off school grounds:
- (1) Possessing, selling, or otherwise furnishing a firearm. This subdivision does not apply to an act of possessing a firearm if the pupil had obtained prior written permission to possess the firearm from a certificated school employee, which is concurred in by the principal or the designee of the principal. This subdivision applies to an act of possessing a firearm only if possessing an imitation firearm, as defined in subdivision (m) of Section 48900, is not an offense for which suspension or expulsion is mandatory pursuant to this subdivision and subdivision (d), but it is an offense for which suspension, or expulsion pursuant to subdivision (e), may be imposed.
 - (2) Brandishing a knife at another person.
 - (3) Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 11053) of Division 10 of the Health and Safety Code.
 - (4) Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault as defined in subdivision (n) of Section 48900 or committing a sexual battery as defined in subdivision (n) of Section 48900.
 - (5) Possession of an explosive.
- (d) The governing board shall order a pupil expelled upon finding that the pupil committed an act listed in subdivision (c), and shall refer that pupil to a program of study that meets all of the following conditions:
- (1) Is appropriately prepared to accommodate pupils who exhibit discipline problems.
 - (2) Is not provided at a comprehensive middle, junior, or senior high school, or at any elementary school.
 - (3) Is not housed at the schoolsite attended by the pupil at the time of suspension.
- (e) Upon recommendation by the principal, superintendent of schools, or by a hearing officer or administrative panel appointed pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 48918, the governing board may order a pupil expelled upon finding that the pupil, at school or at a school activity off of school grounds violated subdivision (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (l), or (m) of Section 48900, or Section 48900.2, 48900.3, or 48900.4, and either of the following:
- (1) That other means of correction are not feasible or have repeatedly failed to bring about proper conduct.
 - (2) That due to the nature of the violation, the presence of the pupil causes a continuing danger to the physical safety of the pupil or others.
- (f) The governing board shall refer a pupil who has been expelled pursuant to subdivision (b) or (e) to a program of study which meets all of the conditions specified in subdivision (d). Notwithstanding this subdivision, with respect to a pupil expelled pursuant to subdivision (e), if the county superintendent of schools certifies that an alternative program of study is not available at a site away from a comprehensive middle, junior, or senior high school, or an elementary school, and that the only option for placement is at another comprehensive middle, junior, or senior high school, or another elementary school, the pupil may be referred to a program of study that is provided at a comprehensive middle, junior, or senior high school, or at an elementary school.
- (g) As used in this section, "knife" means any dirk, dagger, or other weapon with a fixed, sharpened blade fitted primarily for stabbing, a weapon with a blade fitted primarily for stabbing, a weapon with a blade longer than 3½ inches, a folding knife with a blade that locks into place, or a razor with an unguarded blade.
- (h) As used in this section, the term "explosive" means "destructive device" as described in Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code.

EC 48915. Circunstancias para Recomendar la Expulsión

- (a) (1) Excepto como proporcionado en las subdivisiones (c) y (e), el director o el superintendente de escuelas recomendará la expulsión de un alumno por cualesquiera de los siguientes actos cometidos en la escuela o en una actividad escolar fuera del plantel escolar, a menos que el director o el superintendente determina que la expulsión no debería ser recomendada bajo las circunstancias o que un medio alternativo de corrección atendería la conducta:
- (A) Causar herida física grave a otra persona, excepto en defensa propia.
 - (B) Posesión de cualquier cuchillo u otro objeto peligroso que no sirve razonablemente para nada al estudiante.
 - (C) Posesión ilegal de cualquier sustancia controlada descrita en el Capítulo 2 (comenzando con la Sección 11053) de la División 10 del Código de Salud y Seguridad, excepto cualquiera de los siguientes:
 - (i) La primera ofensa por la posesión de no más de una onza avoirdupois de marihuana, aparte de que sea cannabis concentrado.
 - (ii) La posesión de medicamentos de venta libre para uso del alumno con fines médicos o medicamentos prescritos para el alumno por un médico.
 - (D) Robo o extorsión.
 - (E) Asalto o agresión, como se define en las Secciones 240 y 242 del Código Penal, contra cualquier empleado de la escuela.
- (2) Si el director o el superintendente de las escuelas hace una determinación como se describe en el párrafo (1), él o ella es animado a que lo haga lo más pronto posible para asegurase de que el alumno no pierda tiempo de instrucción.
- (b) Al recomendación por el director, superintendente de escuelas, o por un oficial de audiencia o jurado administrativo nombrado conforme a subdivisión (d) de la Sección 48918, la mesa directiva gobernante puede ordenar la expulsión de un alumno al encontrar que el alumno cometió un acto descrita en párrafo (1) de la subdivisión (a) o en subdivisión (a), (b), (c), (d), o (e) de la Sección 48900. Una decisión para expulsar estará basada en un descubrimiento de un o ambos de lo siguiente:
- (1) Otros modos de corrección no son factibles o no han dado resultados repetidamente para producir la conducta apropiada.
 - (2) Debido a la naturaleza de la acción, la presencia del estudiante causa un peligro irresoluto a la seguridad física del estudiante u otros.
- (c) El director o superintendente de escuelas suspenderá inmediatamente, conforme a la Sección 48911, y recomendará la expulsión del alumno que él o ella determine que ha cometido cualquier de los siguientes actos en la escuela o en una actividad escolar fuera del plantel escolar:
- (1) Poseer, vender, o de otra manera equipar un arma de fuego. Esta subdivisión no aplica a un acto de poseer un arma de fuego si el alumno ha obtenido permiso previo por escrito de un empleado certificado de la escuela para poseer el arma de fuego, lo cual ha sido acordado por el director o la persona designado por el director. Esta subdivisión aplica a un acto de poseer un arma de fuego solamente si posesión de un arma de fuego de imitación, tal como se define en la subdivisión (m) de la Sección 48900, no es un delito por cual la suspensión o la expulsión es obligatoria en conformidad a esta subdivisión y subdivisión (d), pero se trata de un delito por el que la suspensión o expulsión conforme a la subdivisión (e), podrá ser impuesta.
 - (2) Blandear un cuchillo a otra persona.
 - (3) Vender ilegalmente una sustancia controlada descrita en Capítulo 2 (comenzando con la Sección 11053) de la División 10 del Código de Salud y Seguridad.

- (4) Cometer o intentar cometer un asalto sexual como se define en la subdivisión (n) de la Sección 48900 o cometer una agresión sexual como se define en la subdivisión (n) de la Sección 48900.
- (5) Posesión de un explosivo.
- (d) La mesa directiva gobernante ordenará la expulsión de un alumno al encontrar que el alumno cometió un acto descrito en subdivisión (c), y mandará ese alumno a un programa de estudio que cumple con las siguientes condiciones:
- (1) Está preparado adecuadamente para acomodar alumnos que muestran problemas disciplinarios.
 - (2) No está proveído en una escuela de enseñanza intermedia, secundaria, o preparatoria, o en ninguna escuela primaria.
 - (3) No está albergado en la escuela a la que asistió el alumno en el momento de suspensión.
- (e) Al recomendación por el director, superintendente de escuelas, o por un oficial de audiencia o jurado administrativo nombrado conforme a subdivisión (d) de la Sección 48918, la mesa directiva gobernante puede ordenar la expulsión de un alumno al encontrar que el alumno, en la escuela o en una actividad escolar fuera del plantel escolar violó la subdivisión (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (l), o (m) de la Sección 48900, o Sección 48900.2, 48900.3, o 48900.4, y uno u otro de los siguientes::
- (1) Otros modos de corrección no son factibles o no han dado resultados repetidamente para provocar conducta apropiada.
 - (2) Debido a la naturaleza de la acción, la presencia del estudiante causa un peligro irresoluto a la seguridad física del estudiante u otros.
- (f) La mesa directiva gobernante mandará un alumno que ha sido expulsado conforme a la subdivisión (b) o (e) a un programa de estudio que cumple con todas las condiciones especificadas en subdivisión (d). A pesar de esta subdivisión, con respecto al alumno expulsado conforme a la subdivisión (e), si el superintendente de escuelas del condado certifica que un programa de estudio alternativo no está disponible en un sitio lejos de una escuela de enseñanza intermedia, secundaria, o preparatoria, o una escuela primaria, y que la única opción para el emplazamiento es en otra escuela de enseñanza intermedia, secundaria, o preparatoria, o una escuela primaria, le mandará el alumno a un programa de estudio que está proveído en una escuela de enseñanza intermedia, secundaria, o preparatoria, o una escuela primaria.
- (g) Tal como se utiliza en esta sección, "cuchillo" significa cualquier puñal, daga, u otra arma con un filo inamovible, afilado para estar capacitado ante todo para apuñalar, un arma capacitado ante todo para apuñalar, un arma que tiene un filo más de 3½ pulgadas, un cuchillo plegable con un filo que traba en lugar, o una navaja con un filo sin protección.
- (h) Tal como se utiliza en esta sección, el término "explosivo" significa "artefacto destructivo" como descrito en la Sección 921 del Título 18 del Código de los Estados Unidos.

CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE SEXUAL HEALTH AND HIV/AIDS PREVENTION EDUCATION ACT

EC 51930. Short title; purposes.

- (a) This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the California Comprehensive Sexual Health and HIV/AIDS Prevention Education Act.
- (b) The purposes of this chapter are as follows:
 - (1) To provide a pupil with the knowledge and skills necessary to protect his or her sexual and reproductive health from unintended pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (2) To encourage a pupil to develop healthy attitudes concerning adolescent growth and development, body image, gender roles, sexual orientation, dating, marriage, and family.

EC 51931. Definitions

For the purposes of this chapter, the following definitions apply:

- (a) "Age appropriate" refers to topics, messages, and teaching methods suitable to particular ages or age groups of children and adolescents, based on developing cognitive, emotional, and behavioral capacity typical for the age or age group.
- (b) "Comprehensive sexual health education" means education regarding human development and sexuality, including education on pregnancy, family planning, and sexually transmitted diseases.
- (c) "English learner" means a pupil as described in subdivision (a) of Section 306.
- (d) "HIV/AIDS prevention education" means instruction on the nature of HIV/AIDS, methods of transmission, strategies to reduce the risk of human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection, and social and public health issues related to HIV/AIDS. For the purposes of this chapter, "HIV/AIDS prevention education" is not comprehensive sexual health education.
- (e) "Instructors trained in the appropriate courses" means instructors with knowledge of the most recent medically accurate research on human sexuality, pregnancy, and sexually transmitted diseases.
- (f) "Medically accurate" means verified or supported by research conducted in compliance with scientific methods and published in peer-reviewed journals, where appropriate, and recognized as accurate and objective by professional organizations and agencies with expertise in the relevant field, such as the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the American Public Health Association, the American Academy of Pediatrics, and the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists.
- (g) "School district" includes county boards of education, county superintendents of schools, the California School for the Deaf, and the California School for the Blind.

EC 51932. Exclusions from application of chapter

- (a) This chapter does not apply to description or illustration of human reproductive organs that may appear in a textbook, adopted pursuant to law, on physiology, biology, zoology, general science, personal hygiene, or health.
- (b) This chapter does not apply to instruction or materials that discuss gender, sexual orientation, or family life and do not discuss human reproductive organs and their functions.

EC 51933. Authority of school districts; course offerings criteria; instructional and material requirements

- (a) School districts may provide comprehensive sexual health education, consisting of age-appropriate instruction, in any kindergarten to grade 12, inclusive, using instructors trained in the appropriate courses.
- (b) A school district that elects to offer comprehensive sexual health education pursuant to subdivision (a), whether taught by school district personnel or outside consultants, shall satisfy all of the following criteria:
 - (1) Instruction and materials shall be age appropriate.
 - (2) All factual information presented shall be medically accurate and objective.
 - (3) Instruction shall be made available on an equal basis to a pupil who is an English learner, consistent with the existing curriculum and alternative options for an English learner pupil as otherwise provided in this code.
 - (4) Instruction and materials shall be appropriate for use with pupils of all races, genders, sexual orientations, ethnic and cultural backgrounds, and pupils with disabilities.
 - (5) Instruction and materials shall be accessible to pupils with disabilities, including, but not limited to, the provision of a modified curriculum, materials and instruction in alternative formats, and auxiliary aids.
 - (6) Instruction and materials shall encourage a pupil to communicate with his or her parents or guardians about human sexuality.
 - (7) Instruction and materials shall teach respect for marriage and committed relationships.
 - (8) Commencing in grade 7, instruction and materials shall teach that abstinence from sexual intercourse is the only certain way to prevent unintended pregnancy, teach that abstinence from sexual activity is the only certain way to prevent sexually transmitted diseases, and provide information about the value of abstinence while also providing medically accurate information on other methods of preventing pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (9) Commencing in grade 7, instruction and materials shall provide information about sexually transmitted diseases. This instruction shall include how sexually transmitted diseases are and are not transmitted, the effectiveness and safety of all federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved methods of reducing the risk of contracting sexually transmitted diseases, and information on local resources for testing and medical care for sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (10) Commencing in grade 7, instruction and materials shall provide information about the effectiveness and safety of all FDA-approved contraceptive methods in preventing pregnancy, including, but not limited to, emergency contraception.
 - (11) Commencing in grade 7, instruction and materials shall provide pupils with skills for making and implementing responsible decisions about sexuality.
 - (12) Commencing in grade 7, instruction and materials shall provide pupils with information on the law on surrendering physical custody of a minor child 72 hours or younger, pursuant to Section 1255.7 of the Health and Safety Code and Section 271.5 of the Penal Code.
- (c) A school district that elects to offer comprehensive sexual health education pursuant to subdivision (a) earlier than grade 7 may provide age appropriate and medically accurate information on any of the general topics contained in paragraphs (8) to (12), inclusive, of subdivision (b).
- (d) If a school district elects to offer comprehensive sexual health education pursuant to subdivision (a), whether taught by school district personnel or outside consultants, the school district shall comply with the following:

- (1) Instruction and materials may not teach or promote religious doctrine.
- (2) Instruction and materials may not reflect or promote bias against any person on the basis of any category protected by Section 220.

EC 51934. Pupils in grades 7 through 12; required courses in HIV/AIDS prevention

- (a) A school district shall ensure that all pupils in grades 7 to 12, inclusive, receive HIV/AIDS prevention education from instructors trained in the appropriate courses. Each pupil shall receive this instruction at least once in junior high or middle school and at least once in high school.
- (b) HIV/AIDS prevention education, whether taught by school district personnel or outside consultants, shall satisfy all of the criteria set forth in paragraphs (1) to (6), inclusive, of subdivision (b) and paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (d) of Section 51933, shall accurately reflect the latest information and recommendations from the United States Surgeon General, the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and the National Academy of Sciences, and shall include the following:
 - (1) Information on the nature of HIV/AIDS and its effects on the human body.
 - (2) Information on the manner in which HIV is and is not transmitted, including information on activities that present the highest risk of HIV infection.
 - (3) Discussion of methods to reduce the risk of HIV infection. This instruction shall emphasize that sexual abstinence, monogamy, the avoidance of multiple sexual partners, and abstinence from intravenous drug use are the most effective means for HIV/AIDS prevention, but shall also include statistics based upon the latest medical information citing the success and failure rates of condoms and other contraceptives in preventing sexually transmitted HIV infection, as well as information on other methods that may reduce the risk of HIV transmission from intravenous drug use.
 - (4) Discussion of the public health issues associated with HIV/AIDS.
 - (5) Information on local resources for HIV testing and medical care.
 - (6) Development of refusal skills to assist pupils in overcoming peer pressure and using effective decision making skills to avoid high-risk activities.
 - (7) Discussion about societal views on HIV/AIDS, including stereotypes and myths regarding persons with HIV/AIDS. This instruction shall emphasize compassion for persons living with HIV/AIDS.

EC 51935. HIV/AIDS prevention education; development through regional planning, joint powers agreements or contract services

- (a) A school district shall cooperatively plan and conduct in-service training for all school district personnel that provide HIV/AIDS prevention education, through regional planning, joint powers agreements, or contract services.
- (b) In developing and providing in-service training, a school district shall cooperate and collaborate with the teachers of the district who provide HIV/AIDS prevention education and with the State Department of Education.
- (c) In-service training shall be conducted periodically to enable school district personnel to learn new developments in the scientific understanding of HIV/AIDS. In-service training shall be voluntary for school district personnel who have demonstrated expertise or received in-service training from the State Department of Education or federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
- (d) A school district may expand HIV/AIDS in-service training to cover the topic of comprehensive sexual health education in order for school district personnel who provide comprehensive sexual health education to learn new developments in the scientific understanding of sexual health.

EC 51936. Outside consultants; contracts for services

School districts may contract with outside consultants with expertise in comprehensive sexual health education or HIV/AIDS prevention education, or both, including those who have developed multilingual curricula or curricula accessible to persons with disabilities, to deliver the instruction or to provide training for school district personnel.

EC 51937. Legislative intent

It is the intent of the Legislature to encourage pupils to communicate with their parents or guardians about human sexuality and HIV/AIDS and to respect the rights of parents or guardians to supervise their children's education on these subjects. The Legislature intends to create a streamlined process to make it easier for parents and guardians to review materials and evaluation tools related to comprehensive sexual health education and HIV/AIDS prevention education, and, if they wish, to excuse their children from participation in all or part of that instruction or evaluation. The Legislature recognizes that while parents and guardians overwhelmingly support medically accurate, comprehensive sex education, parents and guardians have the ultimate responsibility for imparting values regarding human sexuality to their children.

EC 51938. Right of parent or guardian; time to exercise right; notification of course content and materials; tools to measure pupil's health behavior and risks; outside consultants or guest speakers

A parent or guardian of a pupil has the right to excuse their child from all or part of comprehensive sexual health education, HIV/AIDS prevention education, and assessments related to that education, as follows:

- (a) At the beginning of each school year, or, for a pupil who enrolls in a school after the beginning of the school year, at the time of that pupil's enrollment, each school district shall notify the parent or guardian of each pupil about instruction in comprehensive sexual health education and HIV/AIDS prevention education and research on pupil health behaviors and risks planned for the coming year. The notice shall do all of the following:
 - (1) Advise the parent or guardian that written and audiovisual educational materials used in comprehensive sexual health education and HIV/AIDS prevention education are available for inspection.
 - (2) Advise the parent or guardian whether the comprehensive sexual health education or HIV/AIDS prevention education will be taught by school district personnel or by outside consultants. A school district may provide comprehensive sexual health education or HIV/AIDS prevention education, to be taught by outside consultants, and may hold an assembly to deliver comprehensive sexual health education or HIV/AIDS prevention education by guest speakers, but if it elects to provide comprehensive sexual health education or HIV/AIDS prevention education in either of these manners, the notice shall include the date of the instruction, the name of the organization or affiliation of each guest speaker, and information stating the right of the parent or guardian to request a copy of this section, Section 51933, and Section 51934. If arrangements for this instruction are made after the beginning of the school year, notice shall be made by mail or another commonly used method of notification, no fewer than 14 days before the instruction is delivered.
 - (3) Include information explaining the parent's or guardian's right to request a copy of this chapter.
 - (4) Advise the parent or guardian that the parent or guardian may request in writing that his or her child not receive comprehensive sexual health education or HIV/AIDS prevention education.

- (b) Notwithstanding Section 51513, anonymous, voluntary, and confidential research and evaluation tools to measure pupils' health behaviors and risks, including tests, questionnaires, and surveys containing age-appropriate questions about the pupil's attitudes concerning or practices relating to sex may be administered to any pupil in grades 7 to 12, inclusive, if the parent or guardian is notified in writing that this test, questionnaire, or survey is to be administered and the pupil's parent or guardian is given the opportunity to review the test, questionnaire, or survey and to request in writing that his or her child not participate.
- (c) The use of outside consultants or guest speakers as described in paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) is within the discretion of the school district.

EC 51939. Written request to excuse; effect upon receipt by school; alternative educational activities

- (a) A pupil may not attend any class in comprehensive sexual education or HIV/AIDS prevention education, or participate in any anonymous, voluntary, and confidential test, questionnaire, or survey on pupil health behaviors and risks, if the school has received a written request from the pupil's parent or guardian excusing the pupil from participation.
- (b) A pupil may not be subject to disciplinary action, academic penalty, or other sanction if the pupil's parent or guardian declines to permit the pupil to receive comprehensive sexual health education or HIV/AIDS prevention education or to participate in anonymous, voluntary, and confidential tests, questionnaires, or surveys on pupil health behaviors and risks.
- (c) While comprehensive sexual health education, HIV/AIDS prevention education, or anonymous, voluntary, and confidential test, questionnaire, or survey on pupil health behaviors and risks is being administered, an alternative educational activity shall be made available to pupils whose parents or guardians have requested that they not receive the instruction or participate in the test, questionnaire, or survey.

SAMPLE FORMS AND NOTICES

**SCHOOL DISTRICT
2016-2017 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF RECEIPT AND REVIEW**

Dear Parent/Guardian:

The _____ School District is required to annually notify parents and guardians of rights and responsibilities in accordance with Education Code 48980.

If you have any questions, or if you would like to review specific documents mentioned in the notice, please contact an administrator at your child's school. He or she will be able to give you more detailed information and assist you in obtaining copies of any materials you wish to review.

Please complete the "Acknowledgement of Receipt and Review" form below, and return it to your child's school.

Acknowledgement of Receipt and Review

Pursuant to Education Code 48982, the parent/guardian shall sign this notice and return it to the school. Signature on the notice is an acknowledgment by the parent or guardian that he or she has been informed of his or her rights but does not necessarily indicate that consent to participate in any particular program or activity has been given or withheld.

Student Name: _____

School: _____ Grade: _____

Parent/Guardian Name: _____

Address: _____

Home Telephone Number: _____

Signature of Parent/Guardian (if student is under 18)

Signature of Student (if student is 18 or older)

DISTRITO ESCOLAR DE _____
2016-2017 RECONOCIMIENTO DE RECIBIDO Y REPASO

Estimado Padre/Tutor:

El Distrito Escolar de _____ está requerido a notificar anualmente a los padres y tutores de los derechos y responsabilidades conforme al Código de Educación 48980.

Si tiene alguna pregunta, o si le gustaría repasar los documentos específicos mencionados en esta notificación, por favor comuníquese con un administrador de la escuela de su hijo. Él/Ella le podrá dar información más detallada y ayudarle a obtener copias de cualquier material que usted desee repasar.

Por favor complete el formulario de “Reconocimiento de Recibido y Repaso” de abajo, y devuélvalo a la escuela de su hijo.

Reconocimiento de Recibido y Repaso

Conforme al Código de Educación 48982, el padre/tutor firmará este documento y lo devolverá a la escuela. La firma proporcionada en este documento es un reconocimiento por parte del padre o tutor que se le ha informado a él o ella de sus derechos pero no necesariamente indica que se ha dado o retenido consentimiento para participar en un programa o actividad particular.

Nombre del Estudiante:_____

Escuela:_____ Grado:_____

Nombre del Padre/Tutor:_____

Dirección:_____

Número de Teléfono del Hogar:_____

Firma del Padre/Tutor
(Si el estudiante es menor de 18 años)

Firma del Estudiante
(Si el estudiante tiene o es mayor de 18 años)

SCHOOL DISTRICT
2016-2017 RELEASE FORM FOR DIRECTORY INFORMATION
(Applicable Only for the Current School Year)

PARENTS: PLEASE READ AND COMPLETE THE INFORMATION BELOW AND RETURN IT TO YOUR SCHOOL PRINCIPAL

Student Name: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ Zip Code: _____

Telephone No.: _____ Grade: _____

School: _____

The primary purpose of directory information is to allow the _____ School District to include this type of information from your child's education records in certain school publications. Directory information includes names, addresses and telephone listings, information that is generally not considered harmful or an invasion of privacy if released.

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and Education Code 49073 permits _____ School District to disclose appropriately designated "directory information" without written consent, unless you have advised the District that you do not want your student's directory information disclosed without your prior written consent.

Student Directory Information

- I do not wish to have any directory information released to any individual or organization.
- I do not wish to release the name, address and telephone number of the student named above to the agency or agencies I check below:
 - PTA (if applicable)
 - Health Department
 - Elected Officials
 - United States Armed Forces*
 - Universities or Other Institutions of Higher Education*

Media Release

- The student may be interviewed, photographed, or filmed by members of the media.
- The student may NOT be interviewed, photographed, or filmed by members of the media.

Signature of Parent/Guardian (if student is under 18)

Signature of Student (if student is 18 or older)

* For 11th or 12th grade students only

DISTRITO ESCOLAR DE _____
2016-2017 AUTORIZACIÓN PARA DIVULGAR EL DIRECTORIO DE INFORMACIÓN
(Aplicable Solo para el Año Escolar En Curso)

PADRES: POR FAVOR LEA Y COMPLETE LA INFORMACIÓN DE ABAJO Y DEVUÉLVALO AL DIRECTOR DE LA ESCUELA

Nombre del Alumno: _____ Fecha de Nacimiento: _____

Dirección: _____

Ciudad: _____ Zona Postal: _____

Número de Teléfono: _____ Grado: _____

Escuela: _____

El propósito principal del directorio de información es para permitir al Distrito Escolar de _____ incluir este tipo de información de los registros escolares de su hijo en ciertas publicaciones escolares. El directorio de información incluye nombres, direcciones y números de teléfono, información que generalmente no se considera perjudicial o una invasión de la intimidad si la divulga.

La Ley de Derechos Educativos de la Familia y la Confidencialidad (conocida en inglés como FERPA) y el Código de Educación 49073 permite al Distrito Escolar de _____ divulgar el “directorío de información” designado apropiadamente sin consentimiento escrito, a menos que usted le haya avisado al Distrito que no quiere que la información contenida en el directorio sobre su hijo sea divulgada sin previo aviso y por escrito.

Directorio de Información del Estudiante

- No doy mi consentimiento para divulgar ninguna parte del directorio de información a ningún individuo u organización.
- No doy mi consentimiento para divulgar el nombre, dirección y número de teléfono del estudiante nombrado arriba a la agencia o agencias indicadas abajo:
 - PTA (si es aplicable)
 - Departamento de Salud
 - Oficiales Elegidos
 - Las Fuerzas Armadas de los Estados Unidos *
 - Universidades u Otras Instituciones de Educación Superior*

Comunicado en los Medios de Comunicación

- Los miembros de los medios de comunicación pueden entrevistar, fotografiar o filmar a mi hijo.
- Los miembros de los medios de comunicación NO PUEDEN entrevistar, fotografiar o filmar a mi hijo.

Firma del Padre/Tutor
(Si el estudiante es menor de 18 años)

* For 11th or 12th grade students only

Firma del Estudiante
(Si el estudiante tiene o es mayor de 18 años)

SCHOOL DISTRICT
2016-2017 CAL GRANT PROGRAM OPTION FOR GRADE 12 STUDENTS
(Applicable Only for the Current School Year)

PLEASE READ AND COMPLETE THE INFORMATION BELOW AND RETURN IT TO
YOUR SCHOOL BY _____ (date)

Student Name: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ Zip Code: _____

Telephone No.: _____ Grade: _____

School: _____

A Cal Grant is money for college that does not have to be paid back. To qualify, a student must meet the eligibility and financial requirements as well as any minimum grade point average (GPA) requirements. Cal Grants can be used at any University of California, California State University or California Community College. Some independent and career colleges or technical schools in California also take Cal Grants.

In order to assist students apply for financial aid, all students in grade 12 are automatically considered a Cal Grant applicant and each grade 12 student's GPA will be submitted to the California Student Aid Commission (CASC) electronically by a school or school district official. All grade 12 students' GPA will be sent to CASC on (date).

Please indicate below whether or not you would like the school to electronically send CASC the student's GPA. Until a student turns 18 years of age, only the parent/guardian may opt out the student. Once a student turns 18 years of age, only the student may opt himself/herself out, and can opt in if the parent/guardian had previously decided to opt out the student.

- I do not want my/my student's GPA to be sent to CASC.
- I grant consent for my/my student's GPA to be sent to CASC.

Signature of Parent/Guardian (if student is under 18)

Signature of Student (if student is 18 or older)

DISTRITO ESCOLAR DE_____
2016-2017 OPCION DEL PROGRAMA DE BECAS CAL GRANT
PARA ESTUDIANTES DE GRADO 12
(Aplicable Solamente para el Año Escolar En Curso)

POR FAVOR LEA Y COMPLETE LA INFORMACIÓN DE ABAJO Y DEVUÉVALO A SU
ESCUELA ANTES DE _____ (date)

Nombre del Alumno: _____ Fecha de Nacimiento: _____

Dirección: _____

Ciudad: _____ Zona Postal: _____

Número de Teléfono: _____ Grado: _____

Escuela: _____

Las becas Cal Grant es dinero para la Universidad que no tiene que ser devuelto. Para calificar, el estudiante tiene que cumplir con los requisitos financieros y de elegibilidad como también con el requisito de promedio mínimo (GPA). Las becas Cal Grant pueden ser utilizadas en cualquier Universidad de California, la Universidad Estatal de California o Colegio Comunitario de California. Algunas universidades independientes o escuelas técnicas en California también aceptan las becas Cal Grant.

Con el fin de ayudar a los estudiantes a aplicar para ayuda financiera, todos los estudiantes en el grado 12 automáticamente se consideran como un solicitante Cal Grant y el GPA de cada estudiante en el grado 12 será sometido a la Comisión de Ayuda Estudiantil de California (CASC) electrónicamente por un funcionario del distrito escolar o la escuela. Un estudiante o el padre/tutor legal de un estudiante menor de 18 años de edad, pueden completar un formulario para indicar que él/ella no desea que su GPA sea enviado al CASC. Una vez que el estudiante cumpla los 18 años de edad, solo el estudiante puede optar a sí mismo/a, y puede optar si el padre/tutor legal había decidido previamente de optar por el estudiante. Todos los GPAs de los estudiantes del grado 12 serán enviados a CASC el día (date).

Por favor indique a continuación si desea o no desea que la escuela envíe el GPA de su estudiante electrónicamente a CASC.

- No deseo** que el GPA de mi estudiante sea enviado al CASC.
- Doy mi consentimiento para que el GPA de mi estudiante sea enviado a CASC.

Firma del Padre/Tutor
(Si el estudiante es menor de 18 años)

Firma del Estudiante
(Si el estudiante tiene o es mayor de 18 años)

SCHOOL DISTRICT
2016-2017 PARENTAL OPTIONS
(Applicable Only for the Current School Year)

PARENTS: PLEASE READ AND COMPLETE THE INFORMATION BELOW AND RETURN IT TO YOUR SCHOOL

Student Name: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ Zip Code: _____

Telephone No.: _____ Grade: _____

School: _____

Physical Examination

School District may require physical examinations of students enrolled in District programs or activities. Any physical examination required by the District shall be kept confidential. A parent or guardian having control or charge of any child enrolled in public schools may file annually with the principal of the school in which s/he is enrolled a statement in writing, signed by the parent or guardian, stating that s/he will not consent to a physical examination of the child.

- I do not want my child to undergo a physical exam for District programs or activities.
- I grant consent for my child to undergo a physical examination for District programs or activities.

Sexual Health and HIV/AIDS Prevention Education

Students enrolled in District programs or activities may receive instruction in health education, which may include sexually transmitted disease prevention and alcohol/drug abuse prevention. Parents or guardians may submit a written request to excuse their child from participation in any class involving comprehensive sexual education or HIV/AIDS prevention education, or from participation in any anonymous, voluntary, and confidential test, questionnaire, or survey on pupil health behaviors and risks.

I would like my child excused from:

- Participation in any class involving comprehensive sexual education or HIV/AIDS prevention education.
- Participation in any anonymous, voluntary, and confidential test, questionnaire, or survey on pupil health behaviors and risks.

My child may:

- Participate in any class involving comprehensive sexual education or HIV/AIDS prevention education.
- Participate in any anonymous, voluntary, and confidential test, questionnaire, or survey on pupil health behaviors and risks.

Right to Refrain from Harmful or Destructive Use of Animals

Pursuant to Education Code 32255 *et seq.*, any student with a moral objection to dissecting or otherwise harming or destroying animals, or any parts thereof, shall notify his or her teacher regarding this objection. The student must obtain a note from his or her parent or guardian requesting exemption from participation in an education project involving the harmful or destructive use of animals.

- I would like my child **excused** from participation in an education project involving the harmful or destructive use of animals.
- My child **may** participate in an education project involving the harmful or destructive use of animals.

Sexual Abuse and Sexual Assault Awareness and Prevention

School districts, county offices of education and charter schools may provide age-appropriate instruction for students in kindergarten through grade 12, in sexual abuse and sexual assault awareness and prevention. Parents or guardians may submit a written request to excuse their child from participation in any class involving sexual abuse and sexual assault awareness and prevention.

- I would like my child **excused** from participation in any class involving sexual abuse and sexual assault awareness and prevention.
- My child **may** participate in any class involving sexual abuse and sexual assault awareness and prevention.

Sexual Abuse and Sex Trafficking Prevention

School districts may provide sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education which includes instruction on the frequency and nature of sexual abuse and sex trafficking, strategies to reduce their risk, techniques to set healthy boundaries, and how to safely report an incident. Parents or guardians may submit a written request to excuse their child from participation in any class involving sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education, and assessments related to that education.

- I would like my child **excused** from participation in any class involving sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education, and assessments related to that education.
- My child **may** participate in any class involving sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention education, and assessments related to that education.

Signature of Parent/Guardian (if student is under 18)

Signature of Student (if student is 18 or older)

DISTRITO ESCOLAR DE _____
2016-2017 OPCIONES DEL PADRE
(Aplicable Solamente para el Año Escolar En Curso)

PADRES: POR FAVOR LEA Y COMPLETE LA INFORMACIÓN DE ABAJO Y DEVUÉVALO A SU ESCUELA

Nombre del Alumno: _____ Fecha de Nacimiento: _____

Dirección: _____

Ciudad: _____ Zona Postal: _____

Número de Teléfono: _____ Grado: _____

Escuela: _____

Examen Físico

El Distrito Escolar de _____ podrá requerir los exámenes físicos de los estudiantes inscritos en los programas y actividades del Distrito. Cualquier examen físico requerido por el Distrito será guardado confidencialmente. Un parent o tutor que tiene control o está encargado de algún niño inscrito en las escuelas públicas puede presentar anualmente una declaración por escrito con el director de la escuela a la cual asista, firmado por parte del parent o tutor, declarando que él/ella no consentirá que su hijo reciba un examen físico.

- No doy** consentimiento que mi hijo/a se someta a un examen físico para los programas o actividades del Distrito.
- Doy permiso que mi hijo/a se someta a un examen físico para los programas o actividades del Distrito.

Educación de la Salud Sexual y de la Prevención de VIH/SIDA

Los estudiantes inscritos en programas o actividades del Distrito podrán recibir instrucción sobre la salud, que podrá incluir prevención de las enfermedades de transmisión sexual y la prevención de abuso de alcohol/droga. Los padres o tutores podrán presentar una solicitud escrita para excluir a sus hijos de la participación en cualquier clase que consista en instrucción sexual integral o instrucción de prevención de VIH/SIDA, o de la participación en cualquier examen anónimo, voluntario, confidencial, cuestionario, encuesta sobre los hábitos y riesgos de salud de los alumnos.

Quisiera que mi hijo/a sea **excusado** de:

- Participación en cualquier clase que consiste en instrucción sexual integral o instrucción de prevención de VIH/SIDA.
- Participación en cualquier examen anónimo, voluntario y confidencial, cuestionario, o encuesta sobre los hábitos y riesgos de salud de los alumnos.

Mi hijo/a **podrá**:

- Participar en cualquier clase que consiste en instrucción sexual integral o instrucción de prevención de VIH/SIDA.
- Participar en cualquier examen anónimo, voluntario y confidencial, cuestionario, o encuesta sobre los hábitos y riesgos de salud de los alumnos.

El Derecho de Abstenerse del Uso Dañino y Destructivo de los Animales

Conforme al Código de Educación 32255 *et seq.*, cualquier estudiante con objeción moral para desmembrar o de otra manera dañar o destruir a los animales, o cualquier parte del mismo, deberá notificar a su maestro de la objeción. El estudiante debe obtener una nota escrita por su padre o tutor pidiendo exención de participación en un proyecto educacional que consiste en el uso dañino o destructivo de los animales.

- Quisiera que mi hijo sea **excusado** de participar en un proyecto educacional que consiste en el uso dañino o destructivo de los animales.
- Mi hijo podrá participar en un proyecto educacional que consiste el uso dañino o destructivo de los animales.

Prevención y Conciencia del Abuso Sexual o Asalto Sexual

Los distritos escolares, las oficinas de educación del condado y las escuelas charter pueden proporcionar la instrucción de edad apropiada para los estudiantes de kindergarten hasta el grado 12, en la prevención y conciencia del abuso sexual y asalto sexual. Los padres o tutores legales pueden presentar una solicitud por escrito para excusar a su hijo/a de participar en cualquier clase que involucre la prevención y conciencia del abuso sexual y asalto sexual.

- Me gustaría que a mi hijo/a se le **excuse** de participar en cualquier clase que involucre la prevención y conciencia del abuso sexual y asalto sexual.
- Mi hijo/a puede participar en cualquier clase que involucre la prevención y conciencia del abuso sexual y asalto sexual.

Prevención para el Tráfico de Sexo y Abuso Sexual

Los distritos escolares pueden proporcionar la educación sobre la prevención del tráfico de sexo y abuso sexual, que incluye la instrucción sobre la frecuencia y el origen del tráfico de sexo y el abuso sexual, las estrategias para reducir el riesgo, técnicas para establecer límites saludables, y cómo reportar un incidente de manera segura. Los padres o tutores legales pueden presentar una solicitud por escrito para excusar a su hijo de participar en cualquier clase que involucre la educación sobre la prevención del tráfico de sexo y abuso sexual, y las evaluaciones relacionadas a esta educación.

- Me gustaría que a mi hijo/a se le **excuse** de participar en cualquier clase que involucre la educación sobre la prevención del tráfico de sexo y abuso sexual, y las evaluaciones relacionadas con esa educación.
- Mi hijo/a puede participar en cualquier clase que involucre la prevención del tráfico de sexo y abuso sexual, y las evaluaciones relacionadas con esa educación.

Firma del Padre/Tutor
(Si el estudiante es menor de 18 años)

Firma del Estudiante
(Si el estudiante tiene o es mayor de 18 años)

SCHOOL DISTRICT

2016-2017 ANNUAL PESTICIDE NOTIFICATION REQUEST

(Applicable Only for the Current School Year)

PARENTS: PLEASE READ AND COMPLETE THE INFORMATION BELOW AND RETURN IT TO YOUR SCHOOL

Parents/guardians can register with the school to receive notification of individual pesticide applications. Persons who register for this notification shall be notified at least seventy-two (72) hours prior to the application, except in emergencies, and will be provided the name and active ingredient(s) of the pesticide as well as the intended date of application.

Parents/guardians seeking access to information on pesticides and pesticide use reduction developed by the Department of Pesticide Regulation pursuant to California Food and Agricultural Code 13184, can do so by accessing the Department's web-site at www.cdpr.ca.gov.

If the schoolsite does not have an integrated pest management plan posted delete this box completely. If a plan is posted, include the following paragraph and remove the box and the instructions in italics:

To access the school's integrated pest management plan, please visit: (provide Internet address).

Student Name: _____ Date of Birth: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ Zip Code: _____

Telephone No.: _____ Grade: _____

School: _____

- I would like to be pre-notified every time a pesticide application is to take place at the school. I understand that the notification will be provided at least 72 hours before the application.
- I do not need to be notified every time a pesticide application is to take place at the school. I understand that the notification will be posted at least 24 hours before the application.

Signature of Parent/Guardian (if student is under 18)

Signature of Student (if student is 18 or older)

DISTRITO ESCOLAR DE_____
2016-2017 SOLICITUD ANNUAL PARA NOTIFICACIÓN DE PESTICIDA
(Aplicable Solo para el Año Escolar En Curso)

PADRES: POR FAVOR LEA Y COMPLETE LA INFORMACIÓN DE ABAJO Y DEVUÉLVALO A SU ESCUELA

Los padres/tutores podrán registrarse con la escuela para recibir notificación de aplicaciones de cada pesticida individual. Las personas quienes se registren para esta notificación serán informadas en menos de setenta y dos (72) horas antes de la aplicación, excepto en emergencias, y serán proporcionadas con el nombre y componente(s) activo(s) del pesticida y también con la fecha de aplicación deseada.

Los padres/tutores solicitando acceso a información sobre pesticidas y reducción del uso de pesticida elaborado por el Departamento de Regulador de Pesticida conforme al Código de Alimento y Agricultura de California 13184, pueden encontrarla en el sitio-web del Departamento www.cdpr.ca.gov.

If the schoolsite does not have an integrated pest management plan posted delete this box completely. If a plan is posted, include the following paragraph and remove the box and the instructions in italics:

Para tener acceso al plan de manejo de las plagas, por favor visite : (provide Internet address).

Nombre del Estudiante: _____ Fecha de Nacimiento: _____

Dirección: _____

Ciudad: _____ Código Postal: _____

Número de Teléfono: _____ Grado: _____

Escuela: _____

- Quisiera estar pre-notificado cada vez que aplique un pesticida en la escuela. Entiendo que me proporcionará la notificación en menos de 72 horas antes de que sea aplicado.
- No necesito estar notificado cada vez que se aplique un pesticida en la escuela. Entiendo que harán pública la notificación en menos de 24 horas antes de que sea aplicado.

Firma del Padre/Tutor
(Si el estudiante es menor de 18 años)

Firma del Estudiante
(Si el estudiante tiene o es mayor de 18 años)

SCHOOL
2016-2017 CONCUSSION INFORMATION SHEET
(Applicable Only for the Current School Year)

A concussion is a type of brain injury and all brain injuries are serious. A concussion can be caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head, or by a blow to another part of the body with the force transmitted to the head. It can range from mild to severe and can disrupt the way the brain normally works. Even though most concussions are mild, **all concussions are potentially serious and may result in complications including prolonged brain damage and death if not recognized and managed properly.** In other words, even a “ding” or a bump on the head can be serious. You can’t see a concussion and most sports concussions occur without loss of consciousness.

WHAT ARE THE SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF CONCUSSION?

Signs and symptoms of concussion may show up right after the injury or may not appear or be noticed until days or weeks after the injury. If your child reports any symptoms of concussion listed below, or if you notice the symptoms or signs of concussion yourself, your child should be kept out of play the day of the injury and until a health care professional, experienced in evaluating for concussion, determines that your child is symptom-free and able to return to play.

<i>Signs observed by coaching staff...</i>	<i>Symptoms reported by athletes ...</i>
Appears dazed or stunned	Headache or “pressure” in head
Is confused about assignment or position	Nausea or vomiting
Forgets an instruction	Balance problems or dizziness
Is unsure of game, score, or opponent	Double or blurry vision
Moves clumsily	Sensitivity to light
Answers questions slowly	Sensitivity to noise
Loses consciousness (even briefly)	Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy
Shows mood, behavior, or personality changes	Concentration or memory problems
Can't recall events <i>prior</i> to hit or fall	Confusion
Can't recall events <i>after</i> hit or fall	Just not “feeling right” or “feeling down”

Concussions affect people differently. While most athletes with concussion recover quickly and fully, some will have symptoms that last for days, or even weeks. A more serious concussion can last for months or longer. In rare cases, a dangerous blood clot may form on the brain and crowd the brain against the skull. An athlete should receive immediate medical attention if after a bump, blow, or jolt to the head or body she/he exhibits any of the following danger signs:

One pupil is larger than the other	Convulsions or seizures
Is drowsy or cannot be awakened	Cannot recognize people or places
Weakness, numbness, or decreased coordination	Repeated vomiting or nausea
Slurred speech	Has unusual behavior
A headache that not only does not diminish, but gets worse	Becomes increasingly confused, restless, or agitated
Loses consciousness	

WHY MUST AN ATHLETE BE REMOVED FROM PLAY AFTER A CONCUSSION?

If an athlete has a concussion, his/her brain needs time to heal. Continuing to play while the brain is still healing leaves the young athlete especially vulnerable to greater injury. There is an increased risk of significant damage from a concussion for a period of time after that concussion occurs, particularly if the athlete suffers another concussion before completely recovering from the first one. This can lead to prolonged recovery, or even to severe brain swelling (second impact syndrome) with devastating and even fatal consequences. It is well known that young athletes will often under report symptoms of injuries. And concussions are no different. As a result, education of administrators, coaches, parents and students is the key for student-athlete's safety.

IF YOU THINK YOUR CHILD HAS SUFFERED A CONCUSSION

If you suspect that your child has a concussion, remove him/her from the game or practice immediately. No athlete may return to activity after an apparent head injury or concussion, regardless of how mild it seems or how quickly symptoms clear, without written medical clearance. Do not try to judge the severity of the injury yourself. Close observation of the athlete should continue for several hours. Rest is key to helping an athlete recover from a concussion. Exercising or activities that involve a lot of concentration, such as studying, working on the computer, or playing video games, may cause concussion symptoms to reappear or get worse.

California Education Code 49475 and the California Interscholastic Federation (CIF) Bylaw 313 require implementation of long and well-established return to play concussion guidelines that help ensure and protect the health of student athletes:

Any athlete who is suspected of sustaining a concussion or head injury in an athletic activity shall be immediately removed from the athletic activity for the remainder of the day, and shall not be permitted to return to the athletic activity until he or she is evaluated by a licensed health care provider who is trained in the management of concussions and is acting within the scope of his or her practice. The athlete shall not be permitted to return to the athletic activity until he or she receives written clearance to return to the athletic activity from that licensed health care provider. If the licensed health care provider determines the athlete has a concussion or head injury, the athlete shall also complete a graduated return-to-play protocol of no less than 7 days in duration under the supervision of a licensed health care provider.

It's better to miss one game than miss the whole season.

For more information, visit: <http://www.cdc.gov/headsup/youthsports/index.html> (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention) or http://www.cifstate.org/sports-medicine/concussions/student_parents (CIF)

Student-athlete Name Printed

Student-athlete Signature

Date

Parent or Legal Guardian Printed

Parent or Legal Guardian Signature

Date

DISTRITO ESCOLAR DE
2016-2017 INFORMACIÓN SOBRE LA CONMOCIÓN CEREBRAL
(Aplicable Solo para el Año Escolar En Curso)

Una conmoción cerebral es una herida cerebral y todas las heridas cerebrales son graves. Dichas heridas son causadas por un golpe ligero, un golpe fuerte, o un movimiento repentino de la cabeza, o por un golpe fuerte a otra parte del cuerpo con fuerza que se trasmite a la cabeza. Las heridas varían entre ligeras o graves y pueden interrumpir la manera en la que el cerebro funciona. Aunque la mayoría de las conmociones cerebrales son ligeras, **todas las conmociones cerebrales tienen el potencial de ser graves y si no se reconocen y tratan correctamente podrían tener como resultado complicaciones incluyendo daño cerebral prolongado o la muerte.** Eso quiere decir que cualquier “golpecito” a la cabeza podría ser grave. Las conmociones cerebrales no son visibles y en su mayoría las conmociones cerebrales que ocurren durante los deportes no ocasionan la pérdida de conocimiento.

¿CUALES SON LAS SEÑALES Y SÍNTOMAS DE UNA CONMOCIÓN CEREBRAL?

Las señales y síntomas de una conmoción cerebral podrían aparecer inmediatamente después de una herida o podrían no aparecer o ser notables hasta días o semanas después de la herida. Si su hijo(a) reporta cualquier síntoma de una conmoción cerebral mencionados a continuación, o si usted mismo se da cuenta de los síntomas de una conmoción cerebral, por favor abstenga a su hijo(a) de participar en el juego el día de la herida y hasta que un profesional de la salud, con experiencia en la evaluación de conmociones cerebrales determine que su hijo(a) no presenta ningún síntoma y puede regresar al juego.

Señales observadas por los entrenadores...	Síntomas reportados por los deportistas ...
Parece desorientado	Dolor de cabeza o “presión” en la cabeza
Esta confundido sobre la asignación o posición	Nausea o vómito
Se le olvida la instrucción	Problemas de equilibrio o mareo
Está confundido sobre el juego, los puntos o el oponente	Visión doble o borrosa
Se mueve torpemente	Sensibilidad a la luz
Contesta las preguntas lentamente	Sensibilidad al ruido
Pérdida de conocimiento (aun brevemente)	Decaído, confundido, o mareado
Muestra cambios de humor, de comportamiento, o personalidad	Problemas con concentración o memoria
No puede recordar los eventos que sucedieron antes de la colisión o caída	Confundido
No puede recordar los eventos que sucedieron después de la colisión o caída	“No se siente bien” o “Se siente decaído”

Las conmociones cerebrales afectan a las personas de diferente manera. A veces algunos deportistas se recuperan con rapidez y por completo, mientras que a otros los síntomas les pueden durar por días o semanas. Una conmoción más seria puede durar por meses o más tiempo. En ciertos casos, un peligroso coágulo de sangre se puede formar en el cerebro y presionar sobre el cráneo. Un deportista debería de recibir atención médica de inmediato después de recibir un golpe ligero, un golpe fuerte, o un movimiento repentino de la cabeza o el cuerpo si él/ella muestra cualquiera de las siguientes señales de peligro:

Una pupila es más grande que la otra	Convulsiones o ataques
Esta adormilado o no se puede despertar	No reconoce a las personas o lugares
Debilidad, entumecimiento o disminución en la coordinación	Vómito o nausea constante
Arrastra las palabras	Tiene un comportamiento inusual
Dolor de cabeza que no solo no disminuye sino que empeora	Está muy confundido, inquieto o agitado
Pierde el conocimiento	

¿POR QUÉ SE DEBE RETIRAR A UN DEPORTISTA DEL JUEGO DESPUÉS DE UNA CONMOCIÓN CEREBRAL?

Si un deportista tiene una conmoción cerebral, su cerebro necesita tiempo para recuperarse. Continuar jugando con las señales o síntomas de una conmoción cerebral pone al deportista en riesgo de sufrir una herida más grave. La probabilidad de que se sufra daño significativo de una conmoción aumenta cuando ha pasado un periodo de tiempo largo después de que sucedió la conmoción cerebral, sobre todo si el deportista sufre otra conmoción cerebral antes de recuperarse completamente de la primera. Eso puede traer como consecuencia una recuperación más prolongada o incluso una hinchazón cerebral (síndrome de segundo impacto) con consecuencias devastadoras o fatales. Es bien conocido que los deportistas jóvenes frecuentemente no reportan los síntomas de sus heridas. Eso es el caso también con las conmociones cerebrales. Por lo mismo es importante que los administradores, entrenadores, padres y estudiantes estén bien informados, lo cual es la clave para la seguridad de los estudiantes deportistas.

SI CREE QUE SU HIJO(A) HA SUFRIDO UNA CONMOCIÓN CEREBRAL

Si usted sospecha que su hijo(a) tiene una conmoción cerebral, retire a este estudiante del juego o entrenamiento inmediatamente. Ningún deportista puede volver a participar en la actividad después de sufrir una herida de cabeza o conmoción cerebral sin el permiso médico, no importa si la herida parece ser ligera o los síntomas desaparecen rápidamente. No trate de evaluar la gravedad de la herida por usted mismo. Se debe observar el mejoramiento del deportista por varias horas. El reposo es la clave para la recuperación de una conmoción cerebral. Los ejercicios o actividades que requieren de mucha concentración, tales como el estudiar, trabajar en la computadora, o jugar video juegos, podrían ocasionar que los síntomas reaparezcan o empeoren.

El Código de Educación de California 49475 y el estatuto 313 de la Federación Interescolar de California (CIF por sus siglas en inglés) requiere la implementación de las siguientes normas para regresar a jugar un deporte después de sufrir una conmoción cerebral, las cuales se han recomendado por muchos años:

Cuando se sospeche que un deportista ha sufrido una conmoción cerebral o herida a la cabeza en una actividad deportiva, a este estudiante deportista se le debe retirar de la actividad deportiva en ese momento y por el resto del día, y no podrá volver a la actividad deportiva hasta que le evalué un proveedor autorizado de cuidado de la salud con capacitación en la evaluación y manejo de las conmociones cerebrales y esté actuando dentro del ámbito de su práctica. El deportista no podrá regresar a la actividad deportiva hasta que reciba un permiso por escrito para volver a participar en esta actividad deportiva de dicho proveedor autorizado de cuidado de la salud. Si un proveedor autorizado de cuidado de la salud determina que el deportista ha sufrido una conmoción cerebral o una herida a la cabeza, el deportista deberá completar un protocolo gradual de regreso al juego de no menos de 7 días de duración bajo la supervisión de un proveedor autorizado de cuidado de la salud.

Es preferible faltar a un partido que faltar toda la temporada.

Para más información por favor visite el sitio en Internet:

<http://www.cdc.gov/headsup/youthsports/index.html> (Centros para el Control y Prevención de Enfermedades) o http://www.cifstate.org/sports-medicine/concussions/student_parents (CIF)

Nombre del estudiante deportista

Firma del estudiante deportista

Fecha

Nombre del padre o tutor legal

Firma del padre o tutor legal

Fecha

SAMPLE NOTICE REGARDING HOMELESS EDUCATION

Notification of these rights must be posted in places such as school enrollment areas, parent centers, shelters, food banks, laundromat, community agencies, and other places that parents and students may utilize.

The McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act for Homeless Children and Youth entitles all homeless school-aged children to the same free and appropriate public education that is provided to non-homeless students. Every school district must appoint a liaison to assist these students.

A homeless student is defined as a person between the ages of birth (Early Head Start and Head Start Programs) and twenty-two (special education students) who lacks a *fixed, regular, and adequate* nighttime residence and may temporarily:

- Live in an emergency or transitional shelter; abandoned building, parked car, or other facility not designed as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings;
- Live “doubled-up” with another family, due to loss of housing stemming from financial problems (e.g., loss of job, eviction or natural disaster);
- Live in a hotel or motel;
- Live in a trailer park or campsite with their family;
- Have been abandoned at a hospital;
- Be awaiting foster placement in limited circumstances;
- Reside in a home for school-aged, unwed mothers or mothers-to-be if there are no other available living accommodations; or
- Be abandoned, runaway, or pushed out youth or migrant youth that qualifies as homeless because he/she is living in circumstances described above.

A homeless student has the right to attend either the *school of origin, defined as the school that the student was last enrolled or attended when last housed or any school attended in the past fifteen (15) months*; or the *current school of residence*. If a dispute arises over school selection or enrollment, the parent/guardian has the right to dispute the school’s decision by contacting the district’s homeless liaison at _____ and following the district’s dispute resolution policy.

The law requires the immediate enrollment of homeless students, which is defined as “attending class and participating fully in school activities”. Schools cannot delay or prevent the enrollment of a student due to the lack of school or immunization records **or other documentation usually required for enrollment**. It is the responsibility of the district homeless liaison to refer parents to all programs and services for which the student is eligible. Referrals may include, but is not limited to: free nutrition, special education services, tutoring, English Language Learners programs, Gifted and Talented Education program, preschool, before and after school services or any other program offered by the school or district. The district shall ensure that transportation is provided, at the request of the parent/guardian/unaccompanied homeless youth, to and from the school of origin, if feasible.

Unaccompanied youth; such as teen parents not living with their parent or guardian or students that have runaway or have been pushed out of their homes, have access to these same rights.

A homeless student that transfers schools after the second year of high school, and is greatly deficient in credits may be able to graduate within four years with reduced state requirements. School districts are required to issue and accept partial credit for courses that have been satisfactorily completed.

SAMPLE NOTICE REGARDING HOMELESS EDUCATION (SPANISH)

La notificación de estos derechos deben ser expuestos en lugares como en las zonas escolares de inscripción, los centros de padres, refugios, bancos de alimentos, lavandería, agencias de la comunidad, y otros lugares que los padres y los estudiantes puedan utilizar.

La Ley de Asistencia para “Personas sin un Hogar” de McKinney-Vento para Niños y Jóvenes sin un hogar da derecho a todos los niños de edad escolar sin un hogar a la misma educación pública gratuita y apropiada que se proporciona a los estudiantes con un hogar. Cada distrito escolar tiene que nombrar un coordinador para las personas sin un hogar para ayudar a estos estudiantes.

Un estudiante sin un hogar se define como una persona entre las edades de nacimiento (programas de Early Head Start y Head Start) a veintidós años de edad (para estudiantes de educación especial), que carecen de una residencia nocturna regular, adecuada, fija y podría temporalmente:

- Vivir en un refugio de emergencia o de transición; edificio abandonado, coche estacionado, u otra instalación que no está diseñada como lugar regular para dormir para los seres humanos;
- Vivir “junto” con otra familia, debido a la pérdida de vivienda derivada de problemas financieros (por ejemplo, pérdida de trabajo, desalojo o desastre natural);
- Vivir en un hotel o motel ;
- Vivir en un parque de casas rodantes o en un campamento con su familia ;
- Haber sido abandonado/a en un hospital ;
- Estar en espera de un refugio adoptivo en circunstancias limitadas ;
- Vivir en un hogar para madres solteras o futuras madres, de edad escolar, si no hay otra vivienda disponible; o
- Estar abandonado/a, haber huido del hogar o ser expulsado o ser un joven migrante que califica como sin hogar porque él/ella está viviendo en circunstancias descritas anteriormente.

Un estudiante sin un hogar tiene el derecho de asistir a la escuela, ya sea de origen, ***se define como la última escuela de inscripción o la última a la que asistió cuando tenía un hogar o cualquier otra escuela que haya asistido en los últimos quince (15) meses***; o la escuela actual de residencia. Si surge una disputa sobre la selección o la inscripción escolar, el parent/tutor legal tiene el derecho de disputar la decisión de la escuela contactando al coordinador del distrito para las personas sin un hogar al _____ y de acuerdo con la política disolución de disputas del distrito.

La ley exige la inscripción inmediata de los estudiantes sin un hogar, que se define como “asistir a clase y participar plenamente en las actividades escolares”. Las escuelas no pueden demorar o impedir la inscripción de un estudiante debido a la falta de registros de la escuela o de inmunización ***o cualquier otro documento usualmente requerido para la inscripción***. Es responsabilidad del coordinador del distrito para las personas sin un hogar de referir a los padres a todos los programas y servicios para los cuales el estudiante califica. Las referencias pueden incluir, pero no se limitan a: la nutrición gratuita, servicios de educación especial, tutoría, programas para el aprendizaje del inglés, el programa de Educación para Dotados y Talentosos, preescolar, servicios para antes y después de la escuela o cualquier otro programa ofrecido por la escuela o el distrito. El distrito debe asegurar la transportación, a petición de los padres/tutores legales/joven solo sin un hogar, hacia y desde la escuela de origen, si es posible.

Los jóvenes no acompañados, tales como los padres adolescentes que no viven con sus padres o tutores legales o los estudiantes que han huido del hogar o los han expulsado fuera de sus hogares, tendrán acceso a los mismos derechos.

**CDE SAMPLE NOTIFICATION LETTER TO PARENTS
REGARDING INTERNET SAFETY FOR STUDENTS**

District Superintendent to Parents

Subject: INTERNET SAFETY

Dear Parents and Guardians:

The _____ School District prides itself on providing a safe learning environment for its students. An emerging national concern is the inappropriate use of the Internet by students. This problem has the potential to be harmful, and we ask your support in assisting us with this challenge.

Across the nation, schools have seen an increase in negative student behavior as a result of messages written using electronic technology, posted to popular social networking Web sites. Many sites contain instant messaging components that allow students to chat with other students and to post statements that ordinarily would not be said in a face-to-face conversation.

The popularity of these Web sites seems to be growing. Myspace.com, for example, is said to have over 57 million members and has become one of the most popular “message exchange” sites among students nationwide.

Unfortunately, some of these Web sites are being used by child predators, “cyber bullies,” and con artists. To our knowledge, there are no adults officially responsible for monitoring the content on such Web sites, and some students use the sites to participate in online bullying or to threaten harm to other students. The so-called “cyber bullies,” mostly children between the ages of 9 and 14, use the anonymity of the Web to hurt others without witnessing the consequences. Students who are bullied online sometimes do not report these occurrences for fear that they will be barred from using the Internet.

Outside of our schools, there have been instances of adults posing as youths and gaining access to student chat rooms. In some cases, these contacts have led to tragedy. Some unsuspecting students post enough personal information that predators are able to locate students’ home or school addresses, thereby becoming easy targets for predators.

The _____ School District has blocked the use of these social networking Web sites from our school computers. We will continue to block objectionable material as we deem appropriate.

Parents should be aware of what their children are writing on the Internet and what others are posting in reply. These Web sites are public domain, and anything posted there can be seen by anyone who has Internet access. Although most of what is written is not immoral, offensive, or illegal, some of it is. If you choose to do so, you may investigate this site by personally logging on to the site. The services are free, and users may register using an e-mail address. Once you have registered, you can search by name and e-mail address to see if your child is registered. You can narrow the search results by entering the name of your city. You will be able to view the kinds of personal information, messages, diaries, and photographs that students post to this Web site.

Helpful Tips and Resources

We encourage you to talk with your son or daughter about the potential danger of the Internet. Ask if they have an account with Facebook, Instagram, Snapchat, or similar Web sites. If your child is using such a site with your permission, you may want to review his or her profile to ensure that no personal and identifiable information has been posted.

We also encourage you to establish rules and guidelines to ensure the safety of your child while on the Internet. Some Web sites offer parental or family guidance for Internet safety; for example, SafeKids.com, located online at <http://www.safekids.com>, and Web Wise Kids, located online at <http://www.webwisekids.org>, by telephone at 866-WEB-WISE, or by e-mail at webwisekids2@aol.com.

The _____ School District will continue to provide Internet security within our schools. It is important that parents also monitor Internet use at home.

Thank you for your support and cooperation in keeping our students safe. If you have questions or would like more information, please feel free to contact (*district contact information to be added here*).

Sincerely,

NAME OF SUPERINTENDENT
NAME OF SCHOOL DISTRICT

**CDE SAMPLE NOTIFICATION LETTER TO PARENTS
REGARDING INTERNET SAFETY FOR STUDENTS - (SPANISH)**

Del Superintendente de Distrito para los Padres

Asunto: SEGURIDAD EN EL INTERNET

Estimados padres y tutores:

El distrito escolar de _____ se enorgullece en proporcionar un ambiente seguro para sus estudiantes. Está surgiendo la preocupación en el ámbito nacional sobre el uso impropio del “Internet” por parte de los estudiantes. Este problema puede ser muy perjudicial, y por eso les pido que nos ayuden a enfrentarnos a este nuevo reto.

En todo el país, las escuelas han notado un aumento en el comportamiento negativo de los estudiantes como resultado de los mensajes escritos usando tecnología electrónica, colocados en los sitios Web de las redes sociales más populares. Muchos sitios tienen funciones de intercambio instantáneo de mensajes, lo que permite a los estudiantes charlar con otros estudiantes y también colocar mensajes que comúnmente no se dirían en una conversación cara a cara.

La popularidad de estos sitios Web parece estar en aumento. Se dice que el sitio *Myspace.com*, por ejemplo, tiene más de 57 millones de miembros y se ha convertido en el sitio más popular de intercambio de mensajes entre los estudiantes de todo el país.

Desafortunadamente, algunos de estos sitios Web son también utilizados por personas sin escrúpulos cuyas víctimas son niños, “ciberfanfarrones” y estafadores. Que sepamos, no hay ningún adulto oficialmente responsable de supervisar el contenido de estos sitios Web, y algunos estudiantes usan estos sitios para intimidar o amenazar a otros estudiantes. Los llamados “ciberfanfarrones” (*cyber-bullies*), la mayoría niños entre 9 y 14 años, usan el anonimato del Internet para lastimar a otros sin presenciar las consecuencias. Los estudiantes que son intimidados en Internet a veces no informan de estos sucesos por temor a que se les prohíba usar el Internet.

Han habido casos, fuera de nuestras escuelas, en que adultos se hacen pasar por niños y obtienen acceso a los cuartos de charla de los estudiantes. En algunas ocasiones, estos contactos han terminado en tragedia. Algunos estudiantes ingenuos exponen suficiente información personal y con estos datos algunas personas sin escrúpulos pueden localizar la dirección de su casa o la de la escuela, y de esta forma se convierten en víctimas fáciles.

El distrito escolar de _____ ha obstruido el acceso a los sitios Web de las redes sociales en las computadoras de las escuelas. Vamos a continuar prohibiendo materiales ofensivos que consideremos no apropiados.

Los padres deberían de estar al tanto de lo que sus hijos escriben en el Internet y lo que otros les responden. Estos sitios Web son de acceso público, y todo lo que se escribe puede ser visto por cualquier persona en Internet. A pesar de que la mayor parte de lo que se escribe puede no ser inmoral, ofensivo o ilegal, hay parte que sí lo es. Puede usted investigar este sitio Web, si así lo desea, entrando en ese sitio. Los servicios son gratuitos, y el usuario se puede registrar utilizando una dirección de correo electrónico. Una vez que usted se registre, puede hacer una búsqueda por nombre y correo electrónico para ver si su hijo/a está registrado/a. También puede limitar la búsqueda escribiendo el nombre de su ciudad. Así podrá ver el tipo de información personal, mensajes, diarios y fotografías que los estudiantes colocan en este sitio Web.

Información y Recursos Útiles

Esperamos que usted hable con su hijo/a sobre el posible peligro del Internet. Pregúntele si tiene una cuenta con Facebook, Instagram, Snapchat, y otros sitios Web similares. Si su hijo/a está usando un sitio de este tipo con su permiso, tal vez quiera usted revisar la información expuesta para asegurarse que no haya datos personales ni que permitan la identificación.

También queremos animarle a establecer reglas y pautas para garantizar la seguridad de su niño/a en Internet. Algunos sitios Web ofrecen guía a los padres y a las familias sobre seguridad en el Internet; por ejemplo: *Safekids.com*, cuya dirección es <http://www.safekids.com>, y *Web Wise Kids*, cuya dirección es <http://www.webwisekids.org> y su teléfono: 866-WEB-WISE, o su dirección de correo electrónico: webwisekids2@aol.com.

El distrito escolar de _____ continuará ofreciendo seguridad en el Internet en nuestras escuelas. También es importante que los padres supervisen el uso de Internet en la casa.

Gracias por su apoyo y cooperación para proteger a nuestros estudiantes. Si tiene alguna pregunta o le gustaría obtener más información, por favor póngase en contacto con nosotros: (***district contact information to be added here***).

Atentamente,

NAME OF SUPERINTENDENT
NAME OF SCHOOL DISTRICT

COLLEGE ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS AND HIGHER EDUCATION INFORMATION

The State of California offers community colleges, California State Universities (CSU), and Universities of California (UC) for students who wish to continue their education after high school.

In order to attend a community college you need only be a high school graduate or 18 years of age. In order to attend a CSU you have to take specific high school courses, have the appropriate grades and test scores, and have graduated from high school. Test scores are not required if your GPA is 3.0 or above. In order to attend a UC you must meet requirements for coursework, GPA, and test scores, or rank in the top four percent at a participating high school, or qualify by examination alone. You may also transfer to a CSU or UC after attending a community college. For more information on college admission requirements, please refer to the following webpages:

www.cccco.edu – This is the official website of the California Community College system. It offers links to all of the California Community Colleges.

www.assist.org – This interactive site provides course transfer information for students planning to transfer from a California Community College to a CSU or UC.

www.csumentor.edu – This extensive online site offers assistance to students and their families on the CSU system, including the ability to apply online, and links to all CSU campuses.

www.universityofcalifornia.edu – This massive website offers information regarding admissions, online application, and links to all UC campuses.

Students may also explore career options through career technical education. These are programs and classes offered by a school that are specifically focused on career preparation and/or preparation for work. The programs and classes are integrated with academic courses and support academic achievement. Students can learn more about career technical education by referring to the following webpage: www.cde.ca.gov/ds/si/rp.

You may meet with a school counselor to choose courses at your school that will meet college admission requirements or enroll in career technical education courses, or both. [Add contact information].

REQUISITOS PARA EL INGRESO AL COLEGIO E INFORMACIÓN ACERCA DE LA ENSEÑANZA SUPERIOR

El Estado de California ofrece, colegios comunitarios, Universidades del Estado de California (CSU), y Universidades de California (UC), a los estudiantes que desean continuar sus estudios después de completar la escuela secundaria

Para asistir a un colegio comunitario sólo necesitan ser graduados de la escuela secundaria o tener los 18 años de edad. Para asistir a una universidad bajo el sistema CSU, necesitan tomar cursos de estudio específicos en la escuela secundaria, tener las calificaciones y puntuaciones en los exámenes apropiadas, y haberse graduado de la escuela secundaria. No se requieren las puntuaciones de los exámenes si el promedio de calificaciones es el 3.0 o más alto. Para asistir a una universidad bajo el sistema UC, deben cumplir con los requisitos tocante a los cursos de estudio, promedio de calificaciones y puntuaciones de los exámenes o calificar en el cuatro por ciento más alto en una escuela participante, o calificar únicamente por medio de exámenes. Pueden también transferirse a una universidad CSU o UC después de asistir a un colegio comunitario. Para más información tocante a los requisitos para ingresar a un colegio por favor refiéranse a las siguientes páginas web en el Internet:

www.cccco.edu – Este es el sitio oficial del sistema de Colegios del Estado de California. Ofrece vínculos a todos los colegios comunitarios de California.

www.assist.org – Este sitio interactivo provee información sobre los cursos transferibles para los estudiantes al planear un traslado del colegio comunitario a una universidad CSU O CU.

www.csumentor.edu – Este sitio extensivo provee ayuda a los estudiantes y sus familias en cuanto al sistema de universidades CSU, incluyendo la habilidad de solicitar por Internet, y vínculos a todas las universidades CSU.

www.universityofcalifornia.edu – Este enorme sitio ofrece información tocante el ingreso, solicitudes por Internet y vínculos a todas las universidades UC.

Los estudiantes pueden también explorar sus opciones tocante a sus perspectivas profesionales por medio de una educación vocacional. Estos son programas y clases ofrecidos por una escuela que se enfoca específicamente en la preparación para una vocación o preparación de empleo. Los programas y clases son integradas en los cursos de estudio y apoyan los logros académicos. Los estudiantes pueden obtener más información acerca de la educación/profesión técnica en la siguiente página web: www.cde.ca.gov/ds/si/rp.

Se pueden reunir con los consejeros escolares para seleccionar los cursos en sus escuelas que cumplirán con los requisitos para el ingreso al colegio o para inscribirse en una escuela de educación técnica, o ambos. Para más información, comuníquense con la oficina de consejeros en las escuelas de sus hijos.

AB 1101 Residency Investigation: XXX District Board Policy
Checklist of Requirements
(ENGLISH ONLY: FOR DISTRICT USE)

- The circumstances upon which **XXX** district may initiate an investigation will be evident in cases in which there is articulable facts and supporting evidence that the parent or legal guardian has provided false residency information.
- The investigatory methods to be used by **XXX** district in the conduct of the investigation will employ the services of (**private investigator, school police officer, administrator, school counselor, etc.**)
- All reasonable efforts to determine whether a pupil resides in **XXX** district will be exhausted before utilizing the investigator, including but not limited to (**verification of residency documentation provided, conference with parent or guardian and site administrator, certified mailing receipts, XXX**)
- Covert collection of photographic and video graphic images of the person or places subject to an investigation is strictly prohibited by **XXX** district. Any photography or technology must be used in an open and public view.
- The investigators for **XXX** district must identify themselves truthfully as such to individuals contacted or interviewed during the course of the investigation, whether in person, by phone, or by other means of technology.
- The basis for determination of residency must be made by **XXX** district, such as but not limited to (**documents, services, utilities, mailings, XXX**)
- The process in which the determination of **XXX** district as to whether a pupil meets the residency requirements for school attendance within **XXX** district may be appealed.
Describe **XXX** district appeal process **in detail**. The burden shall be on the appealing party to show why the decision of the school district should be overruled.
- This residency investigation policy is adopted at a public meeting on **XXX date** of the governing board of the **XXX** school district.

FILED UNDER SEAL

OBJECTION TO DISCLOSURE OF STUDENT INFORMATION AND RECORDS

I, the undersigned, being a parent/guardian, or an adult student who is eighteen (18) years of age or older, object to the disclosure by the California Department of Education of protected personal information contained in records of my/my child's student records in the lawsuit entitled, Morgan Hill Concerned Parents Association, et al. v. California Department of Education, USDC-Eastern District of California, Case No. 2:11-cv-03471-KJM-AC:

Name of Parent/Guardian: _____

Name of Student: _____

Date of Birth: _____

County: _____

School District: _____

School: _____

Comments (optional)

Signature of Parent/Guardian or Adult Student/Former Student

Date: _____

This form (or the information contained in this form) must be sent via regular mail to:

United States District Judge Kimberly J. Mueller
c/o Clerk of the Court
Robert T. Matsui United States Courthouse
501 I Street, Room 4-200
Sacramento, CA 95814

Attn: Document Filed Under Seal

This objection form must be submitted to the Court by April 1, 2016 [Posted to the California Department of Education Web site February 1, 2016]

FILED UNDER SEAL
(para archivo bajo sello)
**OBJECIÓN A LA PUBLICACIÓN DE INFORMACIÓN
Y REGISTROS ESTUDIANTILES**

Yo, el suscrito, siendo padre o guardián (tutor), o un estudiante adulto de dieciocho (18) años de edad o mayor, objeto a la publicación por el Departamento de Educación de California de mi información personal protegida contenida en registros y documentos estudiantiles de mi hijo en el juicio titulado, Morgan Hill Concerned Parents Association, et al. v California Department of Education, USDC-Eastern District of California, Case 2:11-cv-03471-KJM-AC (Asociación de Padres Preocupados de Morgan Hill, y otros v. el Departamento de Educación, Corte del Distrito de los Estados Unidos de América del Este de California):

Nombre de los Padres: _____

Nombre del Estudiante: _____

Fecha de Nacimiento: _____

Condado: _____

Distrito Escolar: _____

Nombre de Escuela: _____

Comentarios (Opcional):

Firma de Padre o Tutor Alumno / Adulto Ex-Alumno

Fecha _____

Esta forma (o la información contenida en esta forma) debe ser enviada por correo regular a:

United States District Judge Kimberly J. Mueller
c/o Clerk of the Court
Robert T. Matsui United States Courthouse
501 I Street, Room 4-200
Sacramento, CA 95814

Attention: DOCUMENT FILED UNDER SEAL

Esta objeción/forma debe ser enviada a la corte antes del 1 de abril 1 de 2016